THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

AN INTERNATIONAL DAILY NEWSPAPER

COPYRIGHT 1932 BY THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE PUBLISHING SOCIETY

BOSTON, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 15, 1932—VOL. XXIV, NO. 170

**ATLANTIC EDITION—FIVE CENTS A COPY

The MARCH of the NATIONS

During the vacation of Rufus Steele this column is being written by members of the Monitor staff.

Dry-Wet Debate Grows Sane

Geneva Archers Clear Brush

Gold Rush Goes Franceward

Manchuria Between a See-Saw

Chile Out of Comic Opera

Storm Troops Marking Time

CHICAGO rubs its eyes on a second day of Republican conventioning and discovers that, behold! the prohibition question can be discussed without harsh names or fisticuffs. Wet and dry leaders confronted each other across the table of the resolutions committee and tried to squeeze into one hour's debate a subject that has been stirring dissension for more than a century. Listeners grasped the significance that this was more than a mere battle of wits, and turned their ears to issues. No one heckled. Arguments shot over the home plate amidst applause from the bleachers. The outcome, while no decision is made, appears to indicate a resubmission plank. But sentiment grows that the wets should be expected to be as sportsmanly as were the drys and, accepting conditions as they are, play the game according to the rules. Turning to Bertrand H. Snell's address as permanent chairman, it is gratifying to trace the old familiar convention conviction connection, and Chicago smiles over well-remembered phrases: "Outside the Republican Party all is chaos and disaster!" The Democrats have revealed "colossal incapacity, hopeless divisions and disintegrations." The Democratic Party machine is due for a "complete collapse." But the Republican Party—ah! Wonderful!

¶ Geneva again picks up disarmament. The three chief protagonists, America, Britain, and France, have put forth plans. So have Germany, Italy, and Soviet Russia. The United States would limit men under arms to the levels allowed the defeated powers, with contingents for national and colonial defense. The British seem to favor an armaments truce for, say, 10 or 15 years, plus a political truce during which no European power would resort to war in any circumstances. The French propose budget cuts, perhaps 10 per cent. The stage is set for the archers in different positions of the field aiming at the same bull's-eye, namely, disarmament. Sometimes the gallery cannot see what the target is on account of the verbal underbrush. The present discussions may clear the field.

¶ The United States takes in another notch in its gold belt, and paradoxical as it may seem, draws a breath of relief, as the last of the French gold in this country is earmarked for the Bank of France. It is the final chapter in one of the greatest gold movements in history. Since 1929 this country has repaid $2,300,000,000 of short-term funds lodged here by foreign interests, $1,100,000,000 of it pouring into France since last September. The dollar has emerged unscathed from the severest pressure any currency has ever experienced. It still stands as the chief guardian at the gate of the gold standard.

¶ Manchuria sounds a note of promise. Above the noise of guerrilla warfare rises word from the League of Nations' commission that a definite basis is being laid for a settlement of the Sino-Japanese dispute. On the proposed settlement the commission remains silent. To do otherwise might, perhaps, endanger the prospects of a peaceful solution, since the commission is desirous first of satisfying both China and Japan before making its recommendations. Next September the commission will report to the League Assembly. Its endeavors to remain balanced on the Manchurian log on which rests the seesaw of China and Japan are watched by an anxious-eyed world in the meantime.

¶ Germany lifts the ban on Hitler's storm troops. Dissolved more than two months ago on the ground that they were a "menace" to the state, the "Brown Shirts" are again legalized by decree. Apparently they are not a "menace" in the eyes of the von Papen Government. But in the eyes of the Center Party? . . . Protests are forthcoming. Will the tread of the "Brown Shirts"?

¶ Chile's experiment with a socialized Government progresses up a step-ladder of new Presidents. The latest successor to Señor Davila is Rolando Merino, who was exalted to the Presidency by those who objected to the moderation of the Davila policies. However, encouragement is found in the announcement by the Finance Minister of the revolutionary junta that nothing detrimental to any foreign interest will be done. When hundreds of millions of dollars are at stake, Latin-American revolutions no longer have the appearance of opéra bouffe to international financiers—the price of tickets may be too high.

'Public Opinion' Booths Aid China

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

Nanking

"PUBLIC OPINION" bureaus will be established in Nanking, Shanghai, Peiping, Tientsin, Canton, and Hankow, to receive proposals and criticisms from the people regarding government policies and affairs.

These will be experiment stations, and as they prove satisfactory, additional bureaus will be established in other cities.

A committee and a counselor will be stationed in each of these cities to study the proposals and criticisms as they are received and make recommendations to the central authorities.

Greece Found Neglected In Relief Plans

Financial Help Fails to Follow Overtures to Neighbors

By SISLEY HUDDLESTON
Special European Correspondence

In its financial difficulties it would seem that Greece might properly expect assistance. But so far it has failed to obtain sufficient help to enable it to avoid a default and to retain the gold standard. It is not for want of trying. Mr. Eleutherios Venizelos made every possible appeal.

The International Financial Commission of Athens, the financial section of the League of Nations, various financial authorities, were called into consultation and negotiations were engaged in. The plans that resulted were judged inadequate. Credits were demanded on the principal money markets, but the moment was considered inopportune.

Greece has need of loans. In its program it has put the reduction of budgetary expenditure, the restriction of importations, the suspension of amortization of debts. It has done all that could fairly be demanded.

The situation in Greece is not, of course, unique. Bulgaria, Austria, Hungary, Yugoslavia, Roumania and other countries have experienced adverse conditions, and it is generally recognized that in central Europe and in the Balkans immediate steps should be taken. The project of a Danubian confederation was designed to ameliorate the state of affairs, but the project was criticized and was, at least momentarily, abandoned. One of the criticisms, indeed, was that it did not include Greece and Bulgaria.

Could Not Foresee Events

Although the relations of France and Greece have not always been as good as could be desired, it is curious to find that there is a feeling in France that Greece has been improperly neglected. Pertinax, noted political observer, for example, makes himself the spokesman of those who contrast the assistance which has been given to other nations with the apathy displayed toward Greece. Without pronouncing a word against the financial management of those countries which have obtained credits, it is possible to admit that Greece has been treated somewhat unfortunately. The Athens Government could not foresee the events which have placed it in its present position; it cannot be reproached for extravagance; it has endeavored to put itself on friendly terms with its neighbors and with the great powers. But it has scarcely received the encouragement which it was entitled to expect.

Formerly its commercial balance was adjusted by the profits of its merchant shipping and by sums sent into Greece by emigrants. The immigration laws of the United States prevented the exodus of those who could not obtain their livelihood on Greek soil, and the transfer of Greeks from Asia Minor and Thrace added considerably to the population.

Public Works Started

The Government began big public works, notably the drainage of various territories, which would eventually add to its resources. Pertinax agrees that these works were logical and were courageously executed. But now come economic difficulties, such as the fall of prices, and the consequence is that the merchant marine, the banks, the insurance companies, and so forth have been affected.

The abandonment of the gold standard by Great Britain which touched its reserves not only directly dealt a serious blow to Greece but diminished its confidence. Greece had not sought to accumulate gold but relied on the gold exchange standard and the guarantee of stable foreign moneys.

It is obvious that when the case of the Danubian countries is considered the case of Greece must also come seriously under consideration. A nation which has shown itself capable of overcoming the political complications which were inevitable after the imbroglio of the World War, of setting resolutely to work to reconstruct itself, of making such a brave beginning, cannot now be left to its fate. Immediate help should be forthcoming, and any scheme for the consolidation of central and eastern Europe should certainly be comprehensive enough to bring in Greece.

TEXANS TO VOTE ON REPEAL

AUSTIN, Texas, June 15 (AP)—The Texas state Democratic executive committee decided Monday to submit the question of repeal of the Eighteenth Amendment to a referendum of voters participating in the July party primaries. The vote was 16 to 13.

SENATE AWAITS HOOVER'S PLAN ON ECONOMIES

White House Silent on Request for Cabinet Program of Savings

Special from Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, June 15 — The White House was silent today on the Senate's demand that the President supply through his Cabinet officers specific recommendations for further economy.

The Senate yesterday without a record vote called upon President Hoover for suggestions as to where further governmental economies necessary to balance the budget can be made.

The resolution introduced the day before by the Democratic leader Senator Joseph T. Robinson of Arkansas, was approved today without debate. Yesterday he deleted its preamble to which Senator David A. Reed (R.) of Pennsylvania had raised objection. In it Senator Robinson stated that the President had "announced" that between $150,000,000 and $200,000,000 more would be needed to balance the budget. The statement did not come officially from the White House but was given to newspaper men by members of Congress who talked with the President.

Senate and House conferees on the economy bill started the third day of their secret parleys. Little authoritative information has come from behind the closed doors.

Senator Robinson's resolution, passed by the Senate, follows:

"Whereas, the President, with the assistance of the members of his Cabinet and the heads of the independent offices and commissions are in the better position within the short time before Congress adjourns to ascertain in what departments, bureaus, commissions and independent offices such reduction can be brought about and how it may be done;

"Now therefore, be it resolved, that the President is requested to confer with the members of his Cabinet and the heads of all bureaus, commissions and independent offices, upon the best way to bring about said reduction in appropriations and to submit to Congress for its consideration specific suggestions covering each item that the President recommends as a suitable way and place to accomplish reduction of $200,000,000 in the appropriations for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1932."

League Board To Offer Plan For Manchuria

By Cable to The Christian Science Monitor

PEIPING, China, June 15—The League of Nations' commission of inquiry which is to proceed soon to Tokyo to confer with the new Saito Government hopes in the forthcoming report to furnish a plan which will provide a genuine basis for settling Sino-Japanese disputes.

Lord Lytton during a press interview declared it would be useless for his commission to make recommendations which were not acceptable either to China or Japan.

Therefore, following current discussions with Chinese officials in Peiping, efforts will be made in Tokyo to reach a preliminary agreement on a formula providing a mutually satisfactory plan for the future status of Manchuria.

Lord Lytton was unable to reveal the nature of the proposals which the commission will make in its report to the September session of the Geneva Assembly but indicated he hopes the report will make a definite contribution to world peace.

OPPOSITION GAINS IN NEWFOUNDLAND

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., June 15 (AP)—Two more seats were added today to the Opposition total in Saturday's general election.

The additions gave to the party headed by Mr. F. C. Alderdice a total of 23 seats. The Government party, headed by Premier Sir Richard Squires had only two seats, the Independents one, and one, White Bay, remained to be heard from.

Mr. Alderdice, leader of the United Newfoundland Party, will have a busy program ahead of him when he assumes office as Premier. In addition to carrying out his promise of an immediate reorganization of the Administration, he will have to send a delegation to the Imperial Economic Conference opening at Ottawa July 21. It was said that Alderdice may decide to head the delegation.

READJUSTMENT URGED IN MOTION PICTURES

HOLLYWOOD, Calif., June 15 (AP)—Financial disaster awaits the motion picture industry unless it "conforms solidly and completely to present economic conditions," Mr. M. H. Aylesworth, newly elected head of Radio-Keith-Orpheum, told directors of the Academy of Motion Picture Arts and Sciences Monday.

The industry is too interdependent for one company to fail and for the others to stand, he said. He declared the industry was suffering from "too many theaters, too many pictures—many of them quite poor—too much overhead and too little real coöperation between companies."

Disarmament and Reparations Linked at Lausanne Sessions

Statesmen Confer Privately in Effort to Define Aggressive Weapons—Four Plans Face Delegates Who Seek Common Ground of Action

By ERWIN D. CANHAM
Staff Correspondent
By Cable from The Christian Science Monitor Bureau

GENEVA, June 15—Having opened the way for private agreements which are hoped to lead the Disarmament Conference from its impasse, Prime Ministers and Foreign Secretaries today sped to Lausanne and held preliminary meetings of the Reparations Conference.

Decision of the Disarmament Conference's bureau yesterday to suspend formal activities until agreement had been reached between the leaders means in effect that two vital negotiations will be proceeding at once for the next few days, mostly at Lausanne.

Fruitless efforts of the expert committees for two months were frankly acknowledged by the chief delegates. Mr. Arthur Henderson of Britain, chairman of the conference, announced to the bureau that since no agreement exists on the prime problem of the treatment to be applied to aggressive armaments, leaders must talk privately until they work out a decision.

Mr. Ramsay MacDonald, British Prime Minister, and M. Edouard Herriot, French Prime Minister, were joined yesterday by Mr. Hugh S. Gibson of the American delegation, and they have already begun to explore the ground of the agreement. The Germans added their share to the debate by reintroducing the proposal that arms banned by the Treaty of Versailles be those tackled by the present conference. Russia immediately supported Herr Rudolf Nadolny's move.

The conference therefore is confronted by four chief suggestions. First comes that of the Germans, Italians and Russians, with its drastic proposals. The second is that of Mr. Ramsay MacDonald, who still favors qualitative disarmament, applied chiefly on land, and who would interpret it by means of an armaments truce, which particularly checks aggressive weapons.

Third comes the proposal of M. Herriot, who now leans toward a budgetary cut, and yesterday for the first time France advanced the necessity of controlling, perhaps suppressing, the private manufac-

(Continued on Page 2, Column 6)

TIME WASTED ON TRIVIALITIES, DENNETT SAYS

Business Leader Calls for United Front on Major Problem

Declaring that "we are muddling along, wasting precious time over trivialities, sectional differences and politics in a period when the whole country should be united upon the one major problem of taking the quickest necessary steps to insure a return of prosperity," Mr. Carl P. Dennett, Boston business man, addressed the first session of the annual economic forum of the Boston Trade Association Executives today at the Copley-Plaza Hotel.

"What is needed," said Mr. Dennett, who was only yesterday chosen to head a committee of Boston business men and financiers in a country-wide move to put idle dollars to work, "is a united war-time front, regardless of politics or sectionalism, against the common enemy—this unnatural and unnecessary economic setback. Neither the public nor business cares whether a measure is a Republican or a Democratic measure, so long as it is constructive and helpful. All the fencing and bickering in Congress is a waste of valuable time."

Mr. Dennett urged a more careful selection of those who are to represent the people in government, pointing out that too frequently men are chosen whom "we would not employ in any position of trust or importance in private life to expend millions of the public money and to assess us to pay for their inefficiency."

Mr. Warner S. Hays, who presided, spoke on "Applying the Rule of Reason to Our Economy Complex." He called the spirit of the Pilgrims a fine example of what is needed to restore good times.

"The Pilgrims were not timorous and they possessed the necessary fighting spirit to overcome apathy and indifference," Mr. Hays said. "And so we must have that spirit. We must change from the economy complex to a concerted recover complex. It is now up to us individually and collectively to do our part."

The guideposts marking the road back to prosperity are quality, value and confidence, Mr. P. A. O'Connell, president of the E. T. Slattery Company and the National Retail Dry Goods Association, told the executives in an address preceding the luncheon.

Other speakers were Mr. Alfred Reeves, vice-president and general manager of the National Automobile Chamber of Commerce, and Mr. A. W. Clark, managing secretary, dealer division, of the American Oil Burner Association.

THE MONITOR INDEX

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 15, 1932

General News—Pages 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 11
Financial News—Pages 8 and 9
News of Sports—Page 10

FEATURES

Events Tonight 2
Fashions and Dressmaking 6
The Home Forum 7
Law
[With Spanish Translation]
Weekly Aviation Column 11
Radio Programs 11
Daily Features 13
Editorials 14

THINGS PRESENT

Whatever else you may be obliged to miss, don't fail to read "Mozart's Greatest Letter" on the Home Forum. The great master tells us plainly of his inspiration, and gives us an insight into his ability to compose with people playing games and talking on every side of him.

More prohibition ammunition in the editorial, "The Drink Problem Faces Britain."

Unless milady has completed her vacation wardrobe, a perusal of "Sports Modes for the Vacation" on the Fashions and Dressmaking page is recommended.

"Rime-O-Grams" are with us again today—on the Daily Features page. Are they too hard?

AND THINGS TO COME

Thursday is another big day for the youngsters, the Monitor bringing them—among other things—the regular Young Folks' page and the weekly installment of the "Scouting the World Around" series—tomorrow's dealing with European Boy Scouts.

Surely you'll never plot against our little friend the garter snake after reading tomorrow's "All Nature."

ART FESTIVAL AWARDS MADE BY CLUB WOMEN

Arkansas Town of Seven Families Leads in National Contest

By MARJORIE SHULER
Staff Correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

SEATTLE, June 15—A little town of seven white families at the convergence of three plantations in the Arkansas delta has won the prize offered by the General Federation of Women's Clubs for the best community art festival in the United States this year.

More than 30 states and several hundred communities were in competition for the prize which the judges at the biennial convention of the federation now in session here have decided should go to Chatfield, Crittenden County, Ark. The deciding factor with the judges was the proportion of persons in each festival who were lastingly benefited and the obstacles which the women had overcome in having the event.

There are just 21 members in the club which won the $50 award and the 200 persons who attended the festival were entertained with original poems, stories and music. Copies of famous paintings borrowed from the homes of the community were explained. Indian pottery dug at the spot was displayed, together with pieces sent by the State University. There was an original playlet by children, showing "the art of dining."

Other features were flower arrangement, a style revue with special attention to art in dress for the home, etchings from the General Federation's loan exhibit, original paintings, drawings, cartoons, bookbinding, hand-painted china, quilts and Chinese art from Chinese homes in the community.

Craftsmen Shown at Work

The second prize of $25 has been given to Arlington, Mass., where of a population of 30,000 there was an attendance of 5000 at the festival. Craftsmen were shown at various types of work including Oriental rug weaving and soap carving, and there was a marionette show put on by a young boy who wrote the play, built the stage, arranged the lighting, and had full charge of the performance. The only cost of the show was $8, all other service being donated.

Honorable mention was given to the third district of Illinois for a festival where the women decorated a four-room house in early American style, and set out a garden display with flowers, furniture, shadow boxes, and dish gardens. Afterward the flowers and shrubs were planted in public places. Indians were included among the exhibitors and in addition 51 local artists showed their work.

Some talented individuals were discovered in this way and encouraged to enter larger shows where several have won awards. The club arranging this show has 50 members. The Woman's Club of St. John, Wash., with 43 members won honorable mention for a festival including contests in music, original stories and original poems, modeling handmade rugs, quilts, lace, embroidery, cartoons and painting.

Among Honorable Mentions

Red Lodge, Mont., with a population of 2000, three-fourths of whom are foreign-born, and Welch, McDowell County, West Va., also won honorable mention.

A special prize of an etching offered by the art committee went to Missouri. The literature committee's prize of $25 was divided between Harvey, N. D., and Kohler Village, Wis.

The report of the contest was made to the convention by Mrs. William N. Harder of Marion, Ohio, national chairman of fine arts, who said, "The nation-wide response to our request to conduct festivals has resulted in a great contribution to maintaining morale. We have given impetus to the movement to encourage latent talent in the United States and to make opportunities for those with few advantages to have their ability brought to the attention of their neighbors."

DRAFT OF G. O. P. LIQUOR PLANK HAS PROPOSITION TO AMEND CONSTITUTION

Reported to Allow Wet States to Formulate Control System

HEARING IS HELD ON LIQUOR ISSUE

Prohibition Leaders Attack Both Resubmission and Repeal Projects

By RICHARD L. STROUT
Staff Correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

CHICAGO, June 15—Administration forces appeared to be in full control of the Republican national convention today following all-night sessions of important committees.

The resolutions subcommittee which is dealing with the prohibition plank did not adjourn till 7:15 this morning and at 11 presented its proposed platform to the full resolutions committee.

In the meantime the prohibition plank, which had been drafted in the early hours this morning, was shown to leaders of the larger state delegations in an effort to secure agreement which would prevent a fight on the floor. On the one hand leaders of the organized drys were given a chance to consider the draft proposal, which follows the lines of the Hoover resubmission, as against the wet repeal proposal while on the other, the insurgent wet group under Senator Hiram Bingham of Connecticut was given a last opportunity to come into line on the new draft.

As details of the latest draft of the troublesome prohibition plank became available, it was learned that it differed only in details from that originally advanced by the Hoover forces. It was reported to open with a declaration for law enforcement. It goes on to propose the submission of a new, twenty-first amendment to the Constitution to the states, designed to retain all the benefits of the Eighteenth Amendment in the dry states, but allowing wet states to formulate their own liquor control

(Continued on Page 5, Column 2)

Reich to Take Larger Portion Of Small Wage

By Press Wireless from Monitor Bureau

BERLIN, June 15—To balance the budget in the face of the rising costs of unemployment and declining revenue the Reich has decreed new taxes reaching deeper into the pockets of the small wage earners and business men. Meantime the nation's unemployed have to exist on lighter doles.

The emergency decree last night seeks to raise 605,000,000 marks, about $143,264,000, from new sources. This will enable the Reich to balance its budget at 8,002,000,000 marks which is 1,002,000,000 less than the last fiscal year.

Everyone who earns money in Germany will have to pay a 1½ per cent tax. This wipes out the previous exemption in the lowest classification.

This impost is also levied upon small wage earners, many of whom are already paying 10 to 15 per cent in taxes and fees. On incomes of 1500 marks annually the tax is 2½ per cent. On incomes over 3600 marks the impost is 3¼ to about 5¾ per cent.

Housewives through revival of the salt tax of 12 pfennigs per kilogram, will contribute some 40,000,000 marks.

To keep the annual dole outlay within 3,000,000,000 marks, insurance benefits are reduced 23 per cent. The period of benefit is cut from 20 weeks to as little as 13 weeks in some cases. "The proof of need" examination is made severer.

CHAIRMAN

The Christian Science Monitor—© Harris & Ewing

REPRESENTATIVE BERTRAND H. SNELL

Snell Lauds Hoover And His Record

Permanent Chairman of the G. O. P. Convention Takes Up Gavel

Special from Monitor Bureau

CHICAGO, June 15—Representative Bertrand H. Snell of New York took the gavel as permanent chairman of the Republican national convention today with a ringing appeal to the party to stand firmly on Mr. Hoover's presidential records as the sure foundation for victory at the polls.

Denouncing the "colossal incapacity" of the Democrats, as evidenced by the behavior of their majority in the House during the past session of Congress, the party's leader in the House termed the Republicans the only party fitted by experience and sense of responsibility to govern the country during a crisis, and Mr. Hoover the greatest leader who has arisen in any nation of the world during this period of economic disturbance.

The great auditorium resounded to hearty cheers as Mr. Snell enumerated in terse phrases the President's record, giving him credit for balancing the budget, ending extravagance in Government, preserving the integrity of the gold standard, warding off panic, mobilizing the nation's financial resources, protecting the railroads, agriculture, banks and public securities, rescuing drought victims, avoiding the dole, and solidifying labor and capital against a common enemy.

More Gleeful Cheers

And there were perhaps less hearty but more gleeful cheers as he indulged in broad denunciations of the Democratic Party, asserting that their only constructive accomplishments during the last Administration occurred when they followed the leadership of Mr. Hoover.

He added that when they set out in Congress to carry forward their own program, "they exhibited colossal incapacity, hopeless divisions and disintegration, with the result that there was a complete collapse of their party machinery."

Urging, then, that the American people need a party in control that "knows what constructive legislation is and has the ability to enact it into law," Mr. Snell declared that "the solidarity of the Republican Party in this crisis means the salvation of the United States."

"With indomitable courage and confidence," he concluded, "with

(Continued on Page 4, Column 3)

Future Rural Leaders in Capital For Annual 4-H Club Gathering

Special from The Christian Science Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, June 15—Clad in fresh, crisp green-and-white uniforms, 150 farm boys and girls emerged from their tents in the Department of Agriculture grounds this morning to open officially their sixth annual national 4-H camp.

Boys and girls from 40 states have arrived for a week's encampment as a reward for outstanding club work in farm and home activities. The camp is held each year to help young rural leaders become better acquainted with the Department of Agriculture, to see the Government at first hand and to meet 4-H members from other states. The campers represent nearly 900,000 4-H Club members. Two boys and two girls are present from each of 38 states this year, while New Mexico and Nevada sent one delegate each.

Coming the farthest were the boys and girls from Washington State. They are typical of the other members in their achievements. Clifford Bailey of Yakima, Wash., has built up a large herd of registered Duroc Jersey swine and has a fine nucleus for a dairy herd. His animals have won many first prizes, the premiums totaling more than $528.

Mark Mantik, Thurston County, Wash., specialized in gardening, showing 479 garden exhibits at community, county and district fairs, and winning 333 first places. Helen Jordan, of King County, Wash., last summer canned 40 quarts of fruits, vegetables, jelly and jam, exhibiting her goods at the Western Washington Fair and winning three first prizes. Lorena Young, Lewis County, Washington, who organized a sewing club for girls and a room improvement club for junior boys, attributes her success in working her way through school to her 4-H Club work.

A feature of the camp this year will be the observance of the George Washington bicentennial. A visit to Mount Vernon and attendance at a special Washington program on the monument grounds are on the program.

The schedule also includes a visit to the White House, educational tours, trips to agriculture experimental farms, lectures by speakers from various fields, and conferences with club leaders. Mr. C. W. Warburton, director of extension work at the Department of Agriculture, and Dr. C. B. Smith, assistant director, delivered addresses of welcome at the first assembly today.

The term 4-H signifies the four things which club members are taught they must train to insure success in club undertakings; head, heart, health and hands.

Second Day's Session Is Marked by Big Demonstration for Hoover

VICE-PRESIDENCY TALK CONTINUES

Dawes Rejection Declared Only Thing to Prevent His Nomination

By WILLIS J. ABBOT
Special to The Christian Science Monitor

CHICAGO, June 15—We gather expecting a dull morning's session. The authorities at the chairman's desk evidently share this expectation, for though called for 11 o'clock, the convention is not called to order until half an hour after that time.

The galleries are better filled than yesterday and report has it that the Chicago committee has stopped trying to sell tickets at $8 each. Awaiting the call of the convention, we newshounds grasp eagerly at rumors. One of these, apparently only too well founded, is that Dawes has definitely taken himself out of the running for the Vice-Presidency. A letter to that effect is in evidence.

Had it not been for this his nomination would have been assured, and those of us who were at Kansas City recall that exactly the same situation arose there. Dawes was the favorite of the Hoover forces there as here and his nomination was thought assured when suddenly discussion of it ceased. It was not at that time due to any confirmation from him and the story was current that a mild protest from someone close to Calvin Coolidge caused his obliteration.

Not Surprised

I am not surprised, although much disappointed, by the General's decision today. The financial situation in Chicago is such that I would have been astonished had the banking community of which he is so influential a member consented to his removal to Washington. He is also the line-driving force of the pending World Fair, and in general occupies such a position in the community that he could with difficulty be spared. All of which does not, to my mind, make it certain that an effort will not be made to force the nomination upon him against his will.

The feeling that Vice-President Curtis can add no fighting strength to the ticket is so widespread that the presentation of Dawes' name would probably lead to a nomination by acclamation. Should his declination be accepted as final, I look for a revival of the effort to nominate Secretary Hurley, who has wide popularity and is recognized as a forceful campaigner. Hurley is not the type of man who seeks, or would particularly prize that office, but he is devotedly loyal to Hoover and would undoubtedly accept if the nomination were tendered.

Prohibition Plank

Next to the Vice-President, the prohibition plank, which the resolutions committee hammered out in a 14-hour session last night, is the subject of discussion. When ready it will find place elsewhere in the Monitor. Enough to say here that it meets the approval of all save the most extreme representatives of the two factions.

Not all bitterness will be eliminated by this compromise resolution. Senator Bingham and the cohorts of the Association Against the Prohibition Amendment are already bitterly complaining that the cards were stacked against them. Their pet word "repeal" will appear nowhere favorably in the resolution, while the idea which it connotes is definitely repudiated.

Fundamentally it accepts as incontrovertible the proposition that the Congress has a right to propose constitutional amendments when a sufficient public sentiment appears in their behalf. It does not prescribe the convention method of ratification of such amendments and it does leave to Congress the formulation of any amendment to be proposed.

A new field of useful activity will be opened now for the prohibition organizations and the dry press. The work of education, which since enactment of the Eighteenth Amendment has fallen into abeyance, must now be taken up with new vigor if the good of prohibition is to be salvaged.

Cheer of Approval

We have now listened to an invocation and the reading of committee reports and have raised a mighty cheer of approval when the temporary chairman introduces Representative Bertrand Snell, permanent chairman as one "whose Republicanism has never been questioned." Mr. Snell plunges into a speech which seems to justify this euconium. He finds the Democrats suffering from a minority complex, compliments on their ability as a party in opposition, but excoriates in broad generalities their accomplishments as a governing party.

It is a fine, old fashioned partisan speech, delivered in a voice which seeks out the farthest corners of the great hall and teeming with the sort of pet party dogmatism which is rapidly passing into disuse. He brings in the name of Hoover in in early phrase and starts a demonstration which bids fair to seem like old times. As a reformed Democrat I am compelled to complain that the

(Continued on Page 4, Column 4)

ROOSEVELT ASKS AID OF CITIZENS IN BUDGET CUTS

Open Invitation Extended to Civic and Trade Organizations

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

ALBANY, N. Y., June 15—Heads of civic and commercial organizations today have an open invitation from Gov. Franklin D. Roosevelt to coöperate in the move to pare down the budget of the state that had its inception when the last Legislature set up a joint committee to study and recommend retrenchment in governmental costs. These have trebled since 1918.

The Governor's call went to chambers of commerce, realtors, bankers, farmers and all other organization groups, asking each one to study the facts regarding the cost of state government and give him, in time for use in preparing the next state budget, the benefit of their advice and suggestions.

The Governor praised the action of the New York City organization in setting up a citizens' budget commission to supervise the preparation of the city's cost sheet, and in a letter to Mr. J. Barstow Smull, one-time president of the Chamber of Commerce of the State of New York and a sponsor of the commission, he agreed with the conclusion reached by the down-state retrenchment organization that "a solution can be reached only by continuous, persistent, sustained and informed effort."

"It is undeniably true," the Governor said, "that government—federal, state and local—is costing more than the taxpayers can afford to pay under present economic conditions. If we are to lower taxes, expenditures must be reduced. To reduce expenditures means curtailing existing services or abolishing them altogether. It necessitates the repealing or the amending of many laws. It is not a job which any one official or individual can accomplish. It requires the best thought of all our people."

Faced with an unprecedented tax load, the drafting of a program of retrenchment that shall embrace federal, state and local government, already has been undertaken by the New York State Economic Council, which is made up of business and professional men. This group, while realizing that the detailed analysis of appropriation schedules must be left to the legislative committee, is proceeding on the conviction that the work of the latter can be greatly furthered with the backing and coöperation of citizens.

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

Founded 1908 by Mary Baker Eddy

AN INTERNATIONAL DAILY NEWSPAPER

Published daily except Sundays and holidays at The Christian Science Publishing Society, 107 Falmouth Street, Boston, Mass. Subscription price, payable in advance, postpaid to all countries: One Year, $9.00; six months, $4.50; three months, $2.25; one month, 75c. Single copies, 5 cents. (Printed in U. S. A.)

Entered at second-class rates at the Post Office at Boston, Mass., U. S. A. Acceptance for mailing at a special rate of postage provided for in section 1103, Act of Oct. 3 1917 authorized on July 11, 1918.

Boston to Athens Flight Proposed

A proposed Boston to Athens transatlantic airplane flight has just been announced. According to a statement from the flight headquarters in the Hotel Bradford, the plane will depart on Aug. 20. Mr. D. J. Karadimos of Malden and Lieut. Harry Wheeler, Boston Airport flying instructor, will be the pilots.

The proposed flight is indorsed by the American Legion, Y-D Post of Boston and the Athens Post, Athens, Greece. The Atlantic Aviation Company is sponsoring the proposed undertaking. The plane will bear the name of George Dilboy, Greek-American World War soldier, posthumously decorated with the Congressional Medal of Honor.

The purpose of the flight, according to a statement from headquarters, is to establish "the safest, most direct, and most practical air route between the two nations; to convey the good will of ex-service men of the United States to those of Greece, and to stimulate the interest of the Greek youth in aviation."

WORLD COLLEGE CONFERS DEGREES

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., June 15—Honorary degrees of Doctor of Laws were conferred on Mrs. Edith Scott Magna, president-general of the Daughters of the American Revolution, Dr. Laurence L. Doggett, president of Springfield College, Mrs. Emily Frances Hurd, state regent of the D. A. R., and the Rev. Allan Knight Chambers, pastor of the Broadway Tabernacle, at the American International College commencement exercises last night.

Col. Walter Scott, father of Mrs. Magna, received the honorary degree of Doctor of Letters and Humanities in behalf of the trustees of the college. President Chester S. McGown conferred two educational degrees, nine bachelor of arts degrees and one bachelor of science degree on graduates.

MOTORSHIP GEORGIC COMPLETES TRIALS

Trial trips of the new 27,900-ton motor vessel Georgic, second such craft to be built for the White Star Line, have been successfully terminated and the liner has been delivered to the owners at Liverpool, according to cables received at the local office of the line.

The Georgic, a sister ship of the Britannic, shares with that vessel the honor of being the largest British-built motor ships, and the world's largest cabin liners. It is to be operated in the New York-Boston-Liverpool service, starting June 25 from Liverpool. The first eastbound sailing is scheduled from New York July 9.

OIL AS SHIPS' FUEL SHOWS STEADY GAIN

Steady increase in the use of fuel oil for vessels engaged in the foreign trade is indicated by figures made public today by Mr. W. W. Lufkin, collector of customs at Boston. Bunker fuel supplied to such vessels at Boston in May included 58,308 barrels of fuel oil, valued at $44,173. A year ago, in May, the figures were 50,875 barrels, valued at $56,079, showing not only an increase in the use of bunker fuel oil but a decrease in the cost.

Coal as fuel, on shipboard, has materially decreased, with 135 tons used in May this year, worth $970, against 435 tons valued at $3142 a year ago and 910 tons valued at $6290 two years ago.

TARIFF FINDINGS APPROVED

WASHINGTON, June 15 (AP) — President Hoover yesterday approved the finding of the tariff commission specifying no change in the 40 per cent ad valorem rate of import duty on furniture made of wood. The 40 per cent ad valorem rate on umbrellas and the 60 per cent ad valorem rate on umbrella parts also were left unchanged.

France's Permanent Delegate at Geneva Sees Necessity of Disarmament Pact

Paul-Boncour Refuses to Accept Failure for Geneva Parley

By SISLEY HUDDLESTON

Special European Correspondence

M. Joseph-Paul-Boncour, the Permanent Delegate of France to the League of Nations, was so nominated by M. André Tardieu. He is doubtless acceptable to M. Edouard Herriot and the Radicals in that capacity. He has long been associated with Geneva, and perhaps more than any man was responsible for the presentation of the French case in the preliminary deliberations on disarmament, insisting as he did on the consideration of elements which might otherwise have been overlooked, such as the famous "potentiel de guerre."

For the greater part of his political career, M. Paul-Boncour was a member of the Socialist Party. But he laid particular stress on his patriotism, and frequently found himself in an equivocal position. Time after time the Socialist Party was ready to "examine the case of Paul-Boncour." But nobody desired to lose the services of a man of real distinction and the matter was dropped.

For years M. Paul-Boncour has been looked upon as "ministrable," and doubtless his own ambition was to enter the Government as a minister. What barred his way was the repeated decision of the Socialist Party to refuse to allow its members to accept portfolios in any government except a Socialist government.

But last year, when he surrendered his seat of deputy for a seat in the Senate, he refrained from joining the Socialist group in that house. To all intents and purposes he may therefore be held to have separated himself from the Socialist Party and to have regained his freedom. Now he is Minister of War in the Herriot Radical Cabinet.

It is to be observed that, as the Permanent Delegate at Geneva, he sat side by side with M. Tardieu when the latter proposed the formation of an international army. With M. Tardieu he worked out the French policy in the Disarmament Conference.

Now that the French Government has changed, it becomes particularly interesting to ascertain the opinion of the Permanent Delegate. M. Paul-Boncour, speaking deliberately, declares: "The Disarmament Conference imposes strict duties—we must rest firmly on our position, which is not that of a government or of a majority, but that of France and of all its governments since 1924. The plan submitted is merely the application of the protocol which the majority now elected is rightly proud of having incorporated in our foreign policy. It is not necessary to repeat the necessary lien between disarmament and security, but it is necessary to make it respected."

Yet he declined to admit that, if the need of organising international security by mutual assistance and international force, as the condition of national disarmement, is not accepted, France should thereupon retire and wash its hands of the failure of the conference. For the failure of the conference would mean that Germany would re-arm, and that would mean the definite loss of the clauses of the peace treaty to which those who have fought, and who would not fight again, are most attached.

The statement is not clear. It may appear contradictory. On the one hand he holds to the French plan of security; but on the other hand he will not contemplate, even in the event of its rejection, the failure of the conference. The latter part of the statement can only be interpreted to mean that, in the opinion of M. Paul-Boncour, France's Permanent Delegate, some concession to world opinion may be necessary in order to obtain practical results.

DALLINGER ENTERS DISTRICT CONTEST

The action of Representative Frederick W. Dallinger (R.) of Massachusetts in taking out papers yesterday for the Republican nomination in the newly formed Ninth Congressional District is the signal that an interesting contest will be conducted in that district. Some time ago Representative Robert Luce (R.) entered his name for the nomination.

Both representatives were placed in the same district under the redistricting plan which was adopted by the Massachusetts Legislature when the Bay State representation in the House was reduced from 16 to 15. Previously it was thought that one or the other would drop out. This yet may be the case, for Massachusetts Republican representatives have suggested Mr. Dallinger to President Hoover for appointment to the United States Customs Court in New York. If appointed, Mr. Dallinger probably will withdraw from the nomination contest.

PARIS SPOKESMAN

By Permission of Henri Manuel to The Christian Science Monitor

JOSEPH PAUL-BONCOUR

Boston Art Notes

Vose Galleries

An exhibition which will familiarize the visitor with American painters of nature may be seen at the Vose Galleries in Copley Square. The artists lived for the most part in the nineteenth century during an era when interest in the outdoors was keen. The American painters leaned pretty heavily upon European masters and schooling. Yet their work has spontaneity and an indigenous character.

The visit to Italy invariably influenced the manner of the young artist, for he was impressed by the splendor of the works of the old masters. At Vose's we may see an early Homer Martin, clear, luminous, far spreading in perspective. After the artist returned to America and became accustomed to its less formal, more capricious scenic character he modified his style. Similarly George Inness, of whose works there are four interesting examples here, lent himself to the grand manner. (It is curious that after a whirling cycle the modern André Derain should have reached a similar stylization). The later Inness discovered in those romantic scenes with amber afterglow is less fashionable today, curiously.

The impressionists of pallid tonalities and sheer atmospheric effects are well represented in a "Midsummer Moonrise," by Dwight W. Tryon, and "November Haze," by J. H. Twachtman. The sensibility of these artists reveals a natural gift which could never have been transmitted by teaching alone. It is akin to the skill and taste of Turner and Constable in England.

Several others are represented: J. Francis Murphy, with a delicate depiction of autumn, Thomas Doughty with a gleaming, finely detailed vista; William Keith with two lush scenes; Abbott Thayer with a portrayal of Jeanne d'Arc, and William Morris Hunt with his "Greek Girl." The fantastic note of Albert P. Ryder adds character to the exhibition. Other names on the list are Willard L. Metcalf and Arthur B. Davies.

D. A.

LOON CAMP EXPECTS 2000 BOSTON SCOUTS

Loon Camp, Lakeville, once more will be a popular vacation spot for troops of Boy Scouts in the Boston Council. According to Mr. O. A. Kitterman, Scout executive, who has announced the summer plans for the council, more than 2000 Scouts will go to the camp this season. The camp opens June 26 and it will close on Labor Day.

Another 2000 Scouts will gain camping experience in other camps in New England and by overnight week-end trips, Mr. Kitterman said. He also announced that Sea Scout trips are being scheduled along the Massachusetts coast. Also eight outstanding Sea Scouts will take a four to six weeks' cruise on coastwise ships. Several others will make trips on the Dorothy Bradford and the King Philip.

RAY MEYERS SPEAKS AT ADVERTISING CLUB

Members of the Advertising Club of Boston at their final meeting of the season held yesterday in the Hotel Statler, heard Ray Meyers, one of the crew of Sir Hubert Wilkin's polar expedition under the arctic seas in the submarine Nautilus, tell of the many thrilling experiences encountered during the hazardous journey.

It was announced that a large delegation of the Boston club are planning to attend the annual convention of the Advertising Federation of America, which will open at the Waldorf-Astoria in New York on June 19. The group will leave Saturday night on the Eastern Steamship Lines steamer Boston.

D Street Property Sale Is Approved

Approval of the sale of state-owned property on D Street, South Boston, to a Boston business concern was voted yesterday by the Executive Council, although sharp protest was voiced by Lieut.-Gov. William S. Youngman and Mr. Samuel Silverman, corporation counsel of Boston.

After the council meeting Mr. Youngman gave out a statement in which he said that the sale was arrived at through private hearing, "not the way the people's business should be conducted." Mr. Silverman, who appeared before the Executive Council at the order of the Boston City Council, opposed the sale in that the city would lose $1400 in taxes yearly under provisions of the sale.

Gov. Joseph B. Ely's appointment of Mr. Frank P. Neelon of Chelsea to succeed Mr. Samuel H. Robie as a member of the Chelsea Excise Board was rejected by the council, while Governor Ely's nomination of Mr. Daniel J. Sullivan of Lawrence as a member of the State Industrial Accident Board was affirmed.

DEPARTMENT STORES GO ON FIVE-DAY WEEK

Boston department and specialty stores generally will go on the summer five-day week, without loss of pay to the employees, it is announced today by Mr. Daniel Bloomfield, manager of the Retail Trade Board of the Boston Chamber of Commerce.

Beginning today, stores in the membership of the Retail Trade Board will observe business hours from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. daily. This schedule will be followed to Sept. 15, he said. These stores will close all day Saturdays, beginning July 9, and continue through Aug. 31, with all employees receiving their regular weekly pay.

Boston retail stores generally will be open all day June 17 despite local recognition of the day as a holiday, Mr. Bloomfield said today. Railroads and the Boston Elevated system have made special arrangements to handle traffic on that day, he said.

WESLEYAN PLANS SUMMER SESSIONS

MIDDLETOWN, Conn., June 15 (AP)—The possibility of a six-weeks summer session at Wesleyan University after this year was disclosed by Dr. James L. McConaughy, president, in his annual report.

"The year has been a successful and serene one," the president said. "The college's income has shown very little decrease; the enrollment has been larger than before; very few men have had to drop out because of finances."

EVENTS TONIGHT

Annual meeting, dinner and election of officers, Military Intelligence Association, First Corps Area; speakers, Dr. Tehyi Hsieh, manager, Chinese Trade Bureau of Boston; Mr. N. Addington Bruce and Count Guisto Costrelle, Italian flyer; Hotel Somerset, 7:30.

Annual June ball, Canadian Club of Boston, Brae-Burn Country Club, 8.

Theaters

Fine Arts—"A Nous la Liberté," French film. Continuous from 1 to 11.

EVENTS TOMORROW

Children's Museum of Boston: Lecture, "Bird Songs"; Olmstead Park, Jamaica Plain, 9:30. Open daily, 9 to 5; Sundays, 1:30 to 5.

Boston Museum of Fine Arts: Free guidances to American Rooms by Miss Maginnis, 11.

Exhibitions

Museum of Fine Arts, Huntington Avenue—Admission free. Open week days, except Monday, from 9 to 6; Sundays, 1 to 5. Free guidance in the galleries every week day except Monday at 11 o'clock. Exhibitions: Exposition of Indian tribal arts; woodcuts of the Far East; silver by John Coney; British etchings, 1680-1890; engravings by Jean Duvet; Daumier lithographs; prints by Goya.

Casson Galleries, 573 Boylston Street—"Interiors of Tomorrow," an exhibition of models in miniature of modern rooms arranged as an unemployment benefit exhibition by the Boston Society of Architects. Through June 18. (Admission charged.)

Goodspeed's Book Shop, 7 Ashburton Place—Exhibition of prints and lithographs.

Grace Horne's Galleries, Stuart Street at Dartmouth—General exhibition.

Doll & Richards, 126 Newbury Street—Summer exhibitions.

Scharvee Studio, 683 Boylston Street—General print show.

Holman's Print Shop, 5A Park Street—Original sketches of early nineteenth century English actors and audiences, by J. W. Gear.

Twentieth Century Club, 2 Joy Street—Paintings by J. Elliot Enneking. Continuing through summer months.

Vose Galleries, 559 Boylston Street—Exhibition of Century American Paintings from Daughty to Twachtman.

For other exhibitions, see Monday's Monitor

Tonight at the Pops

"Marche Militaire" ..... Schubert
Overture to Goethe's "Egmont" ..... Beethoven
"Arabesques" ..... Witek
"Hajre Katt," Scène de la Csárdás ..... Hubay
"Rosenkavalier" Waltzes ..... R. Strauss
"Londonderry Air" ..... Arranged by Sir Hamilton Harty
First Hungarian Rhapsody ..... Liszt
"Sweethearts," Selection ..... Herbert
"Praeludium" ..... Jaernefelt
"Entrance of the Gladiators" ..... Fucik

Arms and Reparations Linked at Lausanne

(Continued from Page 1)

ture of arms. Finally, the recommendation of the American delegation, although favoring qualitative disarmament, now places greatest importance upon the limitation of effectives by the peace treaty method—which, however, means nothing so drastic as the German proposals.

With sufficient leadership among the statesmen, observers agree that there is no reason why mutual ground between these proposals cannot be reached if each nation makes concessions.

But private talks alone can work out an agreement, and settlement of the reparations question obviously will have a direct bearing upon the disarmament solution.

The good impression produced by the Franco-British talks still continues. The Germans, although instinctively apprehensive of too close a revival of the entente cordiale, felt better after once more pushing the peace treaty method and receiving Italian support.

At Lausanne, Mr. MacDonald and M. Herriot will be able to talk directly with the Berlin Chancellor, Capt. Franz von Papen, and Baron Constantin von Neurath, Minister of Foreign Affairs, and thus get as close as possible to Germany's official judgment. Altogether, therefore, the prospects of the next few days are well regarded here despite vast obstacles which still persist.

Never before have so many vital international subjects been under discussion at once, and these days are recognized by all as being the most momentous perhaps in the present generation.

Starting in utter realism and without illusion, it is hoped the conferences will progress better than some of the 37 such meetings which have succeeded one another in a monotonous chain since the World War.

The imperious demands of the peoples of the world ring louder in the leaders' ears than ever before and they penetrate even through national boundaries to leaders who place national self-interest properly first, but who today must interpret it in broader terms.

PRICES REDUCED ON WORSTED YARNS

Textile manufacturers have made sharp cuts in the price of worsted yarns, in efforts to get down to rock bottom and restore business activity. Manufacturers of sports coats, sweaters, hosiery and jersey cloth have placed many sample orders for knitting yarn.

Men's wear trade has been more active than in months. One order alone for worsted weaving yarns involved 100,000 pounds. This is yarn used in producing men's heavyweight clothing that usually goes on sale in the retail stores in September. Many retailers now are entering the market and ordering clothing for fall, and the producer of the clothing is turning to mills for cloth.

ELY TO RADIOCAST FROM BUNKER HILL

A radiocast from the top of Bunker Hill Monument tomorrow night will open Charlestown's celebration of the 157th anniversary of the Battle of Bunker Hill.

Gov. Joseph B. Ely will deliver a patriotic message from the shaft and it will be radiocast over an NBC-WEAF coast-to-coast network, with WEEI as the originating station. Governor Ely will speak from 7:15 to 7:30 eastern standard time. Banquets and a huge parade will mark the Charlestown celebration on June 17.

BOYD PLANS FLIGHT AROUND WORLD SOON

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

TORONTO, June 14—Using the famous old airplane, the Columbia, now renamed the Maple Leaf, Capt. J. Erroll Boyd, who flew across the Atlantic in 1930, hopes to take off on a solo flight around the world about June 18.

His monoplane is now being made ready in New Castle, Del., and, although it is seven years old, it is said to be in excellent condition for the flight. The plane has already a creditable record, having twice crossed the Atlantic. It has been altered in some slight degree for this flight. It can now carry almost 500 gallons of gas. He will probably follow the route taken by Post and Gatty.

Canadians Protest Banana Monopoly

HALIFAX, N. S., June 15 (AP)—The council of the Halifax Board of Trade announced today that it intended to take up with the Dominion Government complaints from local fruit importers that the Canadian market has been discriminated against in an arrangement between the Canadian National Steamships and the United Fruit Company.

The local importers complain that by virtue of this agreement all the banana-carrying space in the Canadian vessels is monopolized by the United States company. The result, it is contended, is that Jamaica bananas are laid down in Boston at a price of $1.50 to $2 a bunch, whereas the price landed in Halifax is $3.50 to $4 a 100 pounds.

B. A. Blakeney, local importing firm which is a leader in the complaint, stated that local dealers could secure Jamaica bananas from Boston, pay all duties and carrying charges, and deliver them in Halifax much below the cost of bringing them direct from Jamaica by Canada-West Indies boat.

WEATHER

U. S. Weather Bureau Report

Boston and Vicinity: Partly cloudy tonight and Thursday; not much change in temperature; gentle variable winds.

Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut: Partly cloudy tonight; Thursday cloudy; not much change in temperature.

Maine: Fair, somewhat cooler except on east coast tonight; Thursday partly cloudy and cooler.

New Hampshire and Vermont: Fair; slightly cooler tonight and Thursday.

Atlantic coast, Eastport to Sandy Hook: Moderate and cooler tonight; fresh west shifting to northwest winds; weather fair over north and somewhat overcast over south portion tonight and Thursday.

Official Temperatures

	A	B		A	B
Atlantic City	64	86	Montreal	68	72
Bismarck	62	84	Nantucket	58	80
Boston	70	70	New Orleans	76	90
Buffalo	66	86	New York	64	70
Calgary	48	78	Norfolk, Va.	74	86
Charleston	76	94	North Platte	60	82
Chicago	66	72	Philadelphia	70	74
Cincinnati	64	84	Phoenix, Ariz.	72	106
Denver	56	80	Pittsburgh	68	82
Eastport, Me.	62	62	Portland, Me.	68	68
Hatteras	78	80	Raleigh	76	86
Honolulu, T.H.		80	St. Louis	68	84
7 p.m. June 14	76		St. Paul	70	84
Helena, Mont.	62	82	Salt Lake City	68	90
Huron, S. D.	64	82	San Francisco	56	62
Jacksonville	76	78	Santa Fe, N.M.	64	82
Kansas City	66	76	Seattle	52	72
Key West	82	90	Tampa	76	86
Los Angeles	56	70	Washington	72	82
Memphis	66	84	Wichita, Kan.	66	84
Miami, Fla.	82	88	Williston, N.D.	66	86

A—9 a. m. eastern daylight saving time June 15.
B—Maximum June 14.

High Tides at Boston

(Eastern Daylight Saving Time)
Wednesday 9:14 p. m., Thursday 9:51 a. m.
Height of tides 11.1 feet, 9.6 feet.

Light all vehicles at 8:51 p. m.

CHILE REPRESENTS PERU

SANTIAGO, Chile, June 15 (By U. P.)—Chile has agreed to represent Peruvian interests in Mexico while Peruvian-Mexican diplomatic relations are severed, it was announced officially yesterday. The Chilean legation at Mexico City already has taken over the archives of the Peruvian office.

Reserve System Planned to Care For Unemployed

A better way than public or private charity can be found to care for the unemployed. This is the opinion of Mr. Edwin S. Smith, Massachusetts Commissioner of Labor and Industries, who issued a statement today pointing out that the Massachusetts special commission on stabilization of employment is studying possible means of doing it better.

"One way," says Mr. Smith, "is through a system of unemployment reserves whereby an employer lays aside money during good times to care for his own unemployed. The cost thus is carried when it may be borne more readily. This would seem preferable to 'soaking' the employer in taxes for relief of the unemployed when times of distress are hard upon him."

Another step in the stabilization of business and consequently employment was outlined in a recent letter which Mr. Smith addressed to Mayor Daniel F. Sullivan of Fall River, recommending that the city encourage the starting of new industries paying fair wages. He declared the diversity of new industries in Fall River is an encouraging sign.

In discussing the question of public welfare, Mr. Smith said today that the "setting up of reserves to take care of the unemployed has not gone far as yet." He pointed out that the plan has been left entirely to the initiative of the individual employer, but added "If the idea is good, then compulsory action seems the only way to make it effective." The commissioner said that one of the most promising angles to the whole question is that experience has shown that the employer finds it profitable to stabilize employment within his own business to the greatest possible extent.

"Say it with Flowers"
Flowers Telegraphed Promptly to All Parts of United States and Canada
Penn The Florist
124 Tremont St. LIBerty 4317
BOSTON, MASS.

Nu-Bone
Regardless of how stout your figure, we can give you graceful lines emphasizing the waistlines and becoming curves that are so desirable today.
The garment featuring diaphragm control is excellent as an all in one garment.
Nu-Bone Corset Shop
Suite 750, Little Building
BOSTON
Telephone HANcock 1613
Custom Corsets and Belts—boned with the famous NU-BONE woven wire stay.

The National Rockland Bank of Boston
Capital $1,500,000
Surplus ... $3,000,000
BOSTON OFFICE
50 Congress Street
ROXBURY OFFICE
2343 Washington Street

AUTOMOBILE REPAIRING
Official Brake and Headlight Station, No. 280
Motor Overhauling and Rebuilding—Body Repairs—Painting
TRICO VISIONAL WIPERS
We are equipped to handle any job regardless of size.
H. W. Johnson & Co.
INCORPORATED
796 Huntington Avenue, Boston
Regent 3005—3006

Hemstitching
Special Rates
7c a Yard
DONE WHILE YOU WAIT
PLEATING
One-Day Service
Buttons Covered to Order
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO MAIL ORDERS
ELITE We Supply Silk
Hemstitching & Pleating Co.
59 TEMPLE PLACE 10TH FLOOR
BOSTON

Rugs
Oriental and Domestic
Cleaned and Repaired by Hand
AMERICAN ORIENTAL RUG CO.
321 Harvard St., Brookline
Museum and Collectors References
ASPinwall 1225

Corsets, Girdles, Combinations
Excellent Values in Pure Silk Slips
$2.95 and up
Naturaline
"SHOPS OF PERSONAL SERVICE"
26 West Street, Boston, Room 206
Han. 4369
Coolidge Corner Arcade Shop 6, Brookline. Asp. 7799

Get the Thrill of a Famous Flavor
Drink MOXIE
100%
In a Class by Itself

BAILEY'S
Cleansers and Dyers
WHY NOT MOTHPROOF your Rugs, Blankets, Furs, Furniture and Drapes

WATERTOWN	30 Washburn Street	Mid. 4361-2-3
BOSTON	26 West Street	Han. 8136
BOSTON	668 Boylston Street	Ken. 3830
WINCHESTER	17 Church Street	Win. 0328
LEXINGTON	1711 Mass. Avenue	Lex. 0441
CONCORD	Main Store!	Con. 0764-W
AYER	408 Main Street	Ayer 63

Enter the Enna Jettick Word Contest!

• Come in! Get your free entry blank and full explanation of the contest. What's the greatest number of words you can make from the letters contained in the slogan:
WEAR ENNA JETTICK SHOES
• Entries must be left at our store before closing June 25th, or postmarked not later than midnight June 25th, 1932. There is no obligation on your part.
• Enna Jettick Shoes, made in 177 sizes and widths, AAAAA to EEE, sizes 1 to 12, are smart shoes for all occasions. Priced at $5.00 and $6.00. "You need no longer be told that you have an expensive foot."
SNOW'S
188 Massachusetts Avenue, Boston
Conveniently Located Open Evenings

Reserve System Planned to Care For Unemployed
A better way than public or private charity can be found to care for the unemployed. This is the opinion of Mr. Edwin S. Smith, Massachusetts Commissioner of Labor and Industries, who issued a statement today pointing out that the Massachusetts special commission on stabilization of employment is studying possible means of doing it better.
"One way," says Mr. Smith, "is through a system of unemployment reserves whereby an employer lays aside money during good times to care for his own unemployed. The cost thus is carried when it may be borne more readily. This would seem preferable to 'soaking' the employer in taxes for relief of the unemployed when times of distress are hard upon him."
Another step in the stabilization of business and consequently employment was outlined in a recent letter which Mr. Smith addressed to Mayor Daniel F. Sullivan of Fall River, recommending that the city encourage the starting of new industries paying fair wages. He declared the diversity of new industries in Fall River is an encouraging sign.
In discussing the question of public welfare, Mr. Smith said today that the "setting up of reserves to take care of the unemployed has not gone far as yet." He pointed out that the plan has been left entirely to the initiative of the individual employer, but added "If the idea is good, then compulsory action seems the only way to make it effective." The commissioner said that one of the most promising angles to the whole question is that experience has shown that the employer finds it profitable to stabilize employment within his own business to the greatest possible extent.

VACATION CLUB
Save for next Summer's trip
HOME SAVINGS BANK
75 TREMONT ST., BOSTON, MASS.

TYPEWRITERS

We are Headquarters for Corona, Royal, Underwood, Remington and Noiseless Portables. All Standard machines in stock. Lowest Rental Rates. Sold on Terms of $5.50 Per Month.
Liberal allowance on your old machine
E. A. RAPHAEL CO.
49 Bromfield Street, Boston
Han. 8585

LANGROCK FINE CLOTHES
Cash Clearance SALE
FINAL REDUCTIONS
Our entire stock of suits grouped into two lots and reduced to prices that demand your attention. A visit to our store will convince you that these prices are lowest that have been quoted for merchandise of this quality for years.
$34.50 and $44.50
Formerly $50, $55, $60, $65
These suits were all made in our own shops by high class tailors, under our own supervision and with the usual high standard of quality always found in Langrock Clothes.
The Woolens are the best that are produced by Domestic and Foreign looms. The colors and patterns are this season's latest offerings. Plenty of worsteds either hard or soft finish, cheviots, and homespuns. Some with extra knickers.
Topcoats
Made from Genuine Hand Loomed Harris Tweed, Langrock Tailoring
$42.50
Polo Coats
Half Belt or Full Belt Single or Double Breasted
$42.50
LANGROCK
HARVARD SQUARE
1436 MASS. AVE. CAMBRIDGE
Stores at:
Yale, Princeton, Williams, Brown, Exeter, Andover, 49 Broadway, New York City

STANDARD OIL TO ADOPT 5-DAY WEEK ON JULY 1

Reduction Entails Cut in Salaries Above $100 a Month

Special from Monitor Bureau

NEW YORK, June 15—To increase employment opportunities, effect further economies in operation and assure its present staff of continued work, the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey will adopt a 5-day working week throughout its domestic organization beginning July 1, according to announcement by Mr. Walter C. Teagle, president of the organization, today, in the current issue of The Lamp, official organ of the company.

The five-day week of 40 hours will apply to both salaried and wage-earning employees now on full time or working more than five days a week. Hourly wage earners will continue to be paid on the basis of time actually worked. Salaried employees who are now on a five and one-half-day schedule will sustain a reduction in pay of one-eleventh. Executives and others of the management will receive reductions of one-eleventh in their salaries even though their responsibilities make an actual five-day week impossible for them.

The reduction will not affect salaries of $100 a month, or less, nor result in reducing below $100 employees now receiving more than that amount.

Employees in departments where sufficient work is no longer available, even under the five-day schedule, will be transferred to other departments in which the number of working hours has not yet been reduced.

"We are confident that the employees throughout the entire organization appreciate that the company cannot carry on as though business were not undergoing a serious downward revision and that they will prefer this part time and part pay schedule to a horizontal salary reduction," Mr. Teagle said.

"It is expected that this program will result in giving work to a substantial number of those now out of employment and thus be a real contribution by the company and its present employees toward the solution of one of the most serious problems now confronting the country."

WET FAILS TO WIN COMMITTEE PLACE

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

LOUISVILLE, Ky., June 15—Mr. Urey Woodson, formerly secretary of the Democratic National Committee, was elected Kentucky member of the resolutions committee of the Democratic committee yesterday over Mr. Despa Breckenridge, Lexington publisher, who stood unequivocally for repeal of prohibition. Mr. Woodson announced he would follow the wishes of the majority of the resolutions committee. He is a Roosevelt supporter.

At the same time the Kentucky Committee of One Thousand Supporting the Eighteenth Amendment telegraphed Dr. Ernest H. Cherrington, chairman of the dry strategy board at Chicago, to the effect that Kentucky drys favor a platform supporting the present status of prohibition and agreeing only to such changes in the law as might be brought about in orderly fashion as outlined in the Constitution. The committee intimated that if both parties adopted platforms of a wetter degree Kentucky drys would support independent dry candidates.

Southern Retail Credit Men Told 1932 Outlook Up

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

ATLANTA, Ga.—Credit conditions of 1932 will not be worse than 1931 and "there is a distinct probability that they will be better," Mr. William Nelson Taft, of Philadelphia, editor of the Retail Ledger, said in addressing the Southern Conference of the National Retail Credit Men's Association here. Nine southeastern states are included in the southern conference with a membership of 2000.

Mr. Taft gave two reasons for asserting that credit conditions of 1932 will not be worse, but probably better than last year. "In the first place," he said, "credit managers, like all other executives of the business world, have learned to make better use of the tools with which they work. Adversity has forced them to get along with what they have—which is considerably less than they used to have—to plan their work in advance and then to follow this plan through to a successful conclusion.

"The second reason why credit conditions will probably be distinctly better in 1932 than they were last year is that the public is also getting on a firmer foundation, so far as its viewpoint of retail credit is concerned.

Mr. Terrell T. Tuten, of Savannah, Ga., was elected president of the Southern Council for the ensuing year to succeed Mr. J. J. Doran of Atlanta. Other officers elected are: Mr. L. S. Gilber, Atlanta, vice-president; Mr. M. B. Weldon of Savannah, secretary and treasurer. Directors elected are Mr. W. O. Durham, Jackson, Miss.; Mr. W. H. Perry, Montgomery, Ala.; Mr. A. E. Maurin, New Orleans, La., and Mr. Max Helburg, Pensacola, Fla. Savannah, Ga. was chosen as the meeting place for 1933.

Cares of State Bear Lightly in Midst of Family

The Christian Science Monitor-Wide World

VISCOUNT MAKOTO SAITO, PREMIER OF JAPAN, AND HIS FAMILY
The Premier Is Seated. Standing on Either Side Are His Son and Daughter-in-Law and Seated Beside Him Is Viscountess Saito. They Are Shown in Their Home in Tokyo.

Tax Act Rectified To Free Purchases On Installments

WASHINGTON, June 15 (AP)—An error in the new tax law was rectified yesterday when President Hoover signed an amendment designed to collect $40,000,000 to $50,000,000 in excise levies.

The tax bill, as it passed the House, provided that when contracts not specifying who should pay the tax had been made before May 1, 1932, for taxable goods not actually delivered before June 21, 1932, the buyer should pay the levy.

The Senate inserted an amendment, to which the House agreed, which would have exempted from the tax things bought by persons other than dealers—radios, automobiles, refrigerators and the like purchased on the installment plan—provided the contracts were made before May 1.

It was found the phrase "any person other than a dealer" would have let large companies, such as automobile manufacturers which had long-term contracts for tires and gasoline, for instance, escape the levy until the contracts expire. So both the House and Senate approved an amendment which would let the installment purchases continue to remain free of the excise taxes but apply them to the other buyers on long-term contracts.

DANISH EXPLORERS TO VISIT GREENLAND

COPENHAGEN, Den., June 15 (AP)—Dr. Lauge Koch, one of Denmark's most daring explorers, sailed today with the first of several expeditions which will continue this country's scientific work in Greenland this summer.

With him is a large staff of natural scientists and veteran Greenland explorers. Their two ships are 40 years old, the Gustav Holm, 217 tons, and the Godthaab, 162 tons, both heavily built to withstand the ice-pressure.

In a few days the Danish cruiser Hvidbjornen will follow with airplanes for the expedition. Prince Knud, younger son of the King, is second in command of the cruiser. Very soon two other Danish expeditions are to leave for East Greenland. One is headed by Dr. Knud Rasmussen and the other by Capt. Ejnar Mikkelsen. Both are widely known explorers.

Nature School To Be Opened In Franconia Notch

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

CONCORD, N. H., June 15—Sponsored by Mrs. Laurence J. Webster of Holderness, acting for the New England Wild Flower Society, the Garden Club of America, and cooperating with the University of New Hampshire and the Society for the Protection of New Hampshire Forests, a "nature school" is to be opened at the Lost River reservation in the Franconia Notch near Woodstock, N. H., June 20. The course is open to schools and members of the New Hampshire Federation of Women's Clubs.

Among the instructors will be Mr. Laurence M. Gould, formerly geologist with the Byrd antarctic expedition; Mr. Charles J. Lyon, professor of botany at Dartmouth College; Mr. L. Raymond Talbot, educational field agent of the Massachusetts Audubon Society; Miss Violet L. Findlay, supervisor of nature study in the schools of Wilmington, Del.; Miss Jennie F. Narkiewich of the State Normal School in Lowell, Mass., and Miss Natalie M. Stansfield, councilor of the Girl Scout camp.

The Lost River reservation was selected for this school because of the unusual opportunities it offers for nature study. Among these are the gardens containing more than 300 plants all native to the White Mountain region. Lost River, which has been visited by thousands of tourists and nature enthusiasts within the last few years, is a mountain stream flowing underground through a series of glacial caverns and pot-holes for nearly a mile. Winding descents lead to a series of these underground caverns through which ice-cold water continually runs. The largest one is 25 feet in diameter and 35 feet in depth.

Debt Moratorium For Retailers Is Declared in Chile

SANTIAGO, Chile, June 15 (AP)—Chile's new Socialist Government extended a helping hand to retail merchants yesterday by decreeing a 30-day moratorium on all their debts and by extending their loans at the national savings banks.

The problem of dealing with the American-controlled $375,000,000 Cosach nitrate combine continued to occupy the attention of the junta.

On the heels of an announcement by the Finance Minister that nothing would be done immediately that was detrimental to foreign investors, the Government appointed Señor Aurelio Nunez Morgado to the post of superintendent of nitrate mines. He is an active opponent of foreign interests, notably those in Cosach.

Señor Carlos Davila, former Chilean Ambassador to Washington, whose place in the junta was taken Monday by Señor Rolando Merino, sent his former colleagues an open letter in which he declared his withdrawal would aid the Socialist revolution. Señor Javier Angel Figueroa, Chief Justice of the Chilean Supreme Court, resigned last night.

Tax Holiday Declared In Georgia Town

FAIRBURN, Ga., June 15 (AP)—This little central Georgia town has declared a tax holiday for a year.

Mayor Guy Hearn explained the treasury contained $5000 in cash, enough to run the municipality for 12 months, and that the councilmen had decided to order a general tax exemption for that period.

The town has a population of slightly more than 2000.

COMMANDER BOOTH TO GIVE INVOCATION

WASHINGTON, June 13 (AP)—The invocation opening the Democratic National Convention at Chicago, June 27, is to be delivered by Commander Evangeline Booth of the Salvation Army.

The suggestion came from Elisabeth Marbury, Democratic National Committeewoman for New York State, and a petition signed by every woman of the National Committee indorsing it.

Richmond, Va., Postal Museum To Portray Progress of Mails

Nucleus of Exhibits Will Be Plates Which Printed Stamps of Confederacy

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

RICHMOND, Va.—Richmond will have the first postal museum in the United States, Mr. Berkeley Williams, postmaster, has announced.

The museum will be established gradually, the nucleus being the fireproof Herring safe in which were preserved the steel and copper plates from which Confederate States' money and stamps were printed.

An addition to the museum may be the only discovered electrotype plate of 400 Confederate stamps, now in the possession of Mr. August Dietz Sr., prominent Richmond printer, but owned by another.

Miniature stagecoaches in which mail was transported during the colonial era; pouches, mail bags, stamps and post-office documents relating to the Richmond post office eventually will be added to the exhibit, Mr. Williams stated, adding that he hoped historically minded Virginians and others would contribute articles to the museum.

The museum will be housed in the east-west corridor of the second floor of the post office building here.

Mr. Williams was in a quandary as to what disposition to make of the large Herring safe. He consulted Mr. August Dietz Sr., author of a volume entitled "The Postal Service of the Confederate States of America," and asked his opinion as to establishing a postal museum here.

Mr. Dietz was enthusiastic. He said he would contribute to the museum, out of his large collection of Confederate documents, several important pieces pertaining to the post office department of the Confederacy.

Mr. Williams and Mr. Dietz are convinced that the Herring safe, built in 1852 and containing basrelefs done in brass, was never moved from the post office building, which was utilized by the Confederate States as their postal headquarters during the war.

The electrotype plate of 400 Confederate stamps, in Mr. Dietz's possession, was made by Thomas Del La Due & Co., of London, which this year celebrated its 100th anniversary. The plate was sent to Virginia by blockade runners in 1862. Earlier Confederate stamps were lithographed.

OAK BEACH STATION TO BE ERECTED SOON

BABYLON, L. I., N. Y., June 15—A contract for the construction of the new Oak Beach Coast Guard station, to cost $40,000, has been let by the Government, it was announced yesterday. Fifteen miles of beach will be under the watch of the station, which is located here. The station will be one of the most important lookouts on Long Island.

CONSTRUCTION SHOWS GAIN

Special from Monitor Bureau

SAN FRANCISCO—Building construction industries in California, hard hit by business inactivity, are now showing a decided expansion, according to a report made last week by Mr. Charles W. Huntington, state director of business and vocational standards.

VOTE--Candidates on Prohibition

IN THE PRESIDENTIAL CONVENTIONS

Crosses marked opposite names on November ballots by drys and wets will write history in the long struggle to eliminate the evils of the liquor traffic. Noisy voices are raised against the Eighteenth Amendment in an effort to swing both conventions onto a platform plank calling for resubmission at the least, and outright repeal at the most.

In this situation the figures who emerge from Republican and Democratic conventions as presidential and vice-presidential candidates will necessarily be made rallying points on the prohibition issue during the campaign. State and local candidates, as well as those seeking seats in Congress, will in many instances take their final stand on this question after the conventions.

Chief interest centers around the Republican decision, as embodied in the platform on which President Hoover will seek reëlection. In 1928 drys gave full support to him. It is generally conceded that he will remain their candidate unless the convention departs from a policy acceptable to them.

Among those most prominently mentioned as Democratic standard bearers, the majority express themselves as in favor of some modification of prohibition. Gov. Franklin D. Roosevelt of New York, viewed as the strongest contender on the basis of delegations pledged to him, advocates return of the control of liquor sale to the states.

It is recognized, however, that almost anything may come out of the convention. It may swing to a "dark horse" if the required two-thirds is withheld from Mr. Roosevelt on the first few ballots. For this reason it is necessary to consider a long list of possible second choices.

Among active contenders Speaker John N. Garner opposed the amendment during its passage, but has supported enforcement legislation. Mr. Alfred E. Smith, who opposed Mr. Hoover in 1928, is on record for adoption by the convention of a home rule prohibition control plank.

Mr. Newton D. Baker is for outright repeal. Gov. William H. Murray of Oklahoma opposes making prohibition an issue in the campaign, and is classed as a dry with reservations. Mr. Harry F. Byrd, former Governor of Virginia, is personally a dry and has consistently supported all prohibition legislation.

Gov. Albert C. Ritchie of Maryland is forcefully on record for repeal and return of liquor supervision to the states. He is joined in the latter policy by Mr. James A. Reed, former Senator from Missouri.

This series of articles, under the headings: Have You Registered? Balloting by Mail, Offices to be Filled, Issues Before Electorate, Vote—How Many Women Do? and Candidates on Prohibition, is running each Monday, Wednesday and Friday of publication, up to Nov. 2. The topics are handled separately or grouped in each article. Geographical division is made by states, singly or together, so their names may appear more than once.

SEMI-ANNUAL
SALE
of Maxon's Entire Stock!
One-of-a-Kind, Original-Model
FROCKS · GOWNS
COATS · WRAPS
AT COST & BELOW!
Exclusive Styles . . . Rich Fabrics
MAXON
11 East 36th Street, New York
(THIRD FLOOR)

Glens Falls, N.Y.
Sporting Headquarters for the Summer Vacationist

VISIT the lovely city of Glens Falls this summer. Tucked away in the Adirondack foothills, it is a vacation spot which you will long remember.

Glens Falls is a city of scenic beauty, of fine shops, of modern hotels, of parks and boulevards.

It is a *family* vacation place in the center of a territory historically famous and sportfully attractive.

Our Outing Club will plan your days. Every facility for outdoor sport will bring you new things to do with each new day. Write, *today*, for attractive illustrated booklet describing Glens Falls and the surrounding territory.

GOLF
The Glens Falls Country Club Course, scene of the Glens Falls Open, each autumn, is considered one of the finest in the country. Over thirty other courses are within easy motoring distance.

CAMPING
Fine camp sites with complete facilities are maintained throughout this section. Fireplace and open camp locations are listed by the Conservation Commission.

FISHING
Lakes and streams are stocked by the State with trout, bass, pickerel and other game fish. All points are easily reached via fine state highways.

RIDING
Fine, blooded bridle horses are obtainable throughout this section. Secluded trails and dirt roads offer the equestrian every opportunity for keen enjoyment.

CANOEING
Canoe routes have been mapped in detail by the Conservation Commission. Hundreds of blue lakes and wooded streams will take you to new places each new day.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE
Glens Falls, N. Y.
Gentlemen: Kindly send me your free illustrated booklet 37 describing Glens Falls, and vicinity.
Name
Street
City State

IN the heart of Philadelphia's commercial and social centre.
A step from the most treasured of the nation's historic shrines.
Just an hour from one of the world's most famous sea coasts.
Rates are consistent with present times
BELLEVUE STRATFORD
PHILADELPHIA
CLAUDE H BENNETT, Gen'l Mgr.

Oui! . . . in gay QUEBEC
you'll parlez-vous!
You'll try your French on the waiter; on the *cocher* who shows you the city sights, and you'll *"combien?"* the *grand'mère* who sells *habitant* homespuns. It's fun! (Of course, they'll also speak English). Staying at the Frontenac is fun, too. It's a great turreted French *Chateau* overlooking the broad St. Lawrence. And its cuisine and service! You'll golf at Montmorency, driving out past quaint houses where you'll hear the *whir-r-r* of spinning wheels and the *click* of looms. Rates *scale down* at the Chateau—only 15 hours away! *For reservations ask the Canadian Pacific, 344 Madison Ave., N.Y.; 405 Boylston St., Boston, or write Chateau Frontenac, Quebec.*
SPECIAL WEEK-END Round Trip Rate from New York $20.65 Leave Friday night . . . in back Tuesday morning

Chateau Frontenac
A CANADIAN PACIFIC HOTEL
SUMMER ROUND TRIP FARE
From New York—$31.47 From Boston—$25.25

If You Had Money To Burn

—we could think of no reason under the sun why you shouldn't continue to buy your groceries from us. Unless, with millions to spend, it would make you very, very unhappy to save money.
Of course, you'd be able to find pretty doodads somewhere else; but—hunt high, hunt low—you'd never find better food for eating purposes. And it's always fresh. We have too many customers for food to get stale on our shelves.
If you had money to burn, you'd still want the best things to eat. Which leads us to believe you'd keep right on trading with us. And don't you think your plane would look rather nice parked in front of our store?
The Great ATLANTIC & PACIFIC Tea Co.
OUR DAILY FOOD, A&P's radio program for women who keep house, is broadcast every weekday morning at 8:45 and 9:30 Eastern Standard Time over 48 N. B. C. stations.

REFORM UNITS OF SOUTH GET CHICAGO SEATS

Credentials Committee Backs Four of Five in Hoover List

Special from Monitor Bureau

CHICAGO, June 15 — President Hoover's efforts of the past three years to reorganize the Republican Party in the South and place it on a better basis were upheld by the credentials committee of the national convention yesterday when it voted, 34 to 14, to seat the Hambright delegation from South Carolina, supported by the Administration.

In taking this action the committee over-rode the national committee which previously had decided in favor of the rival Tolbert delegation, controller of the Republican organization in that State for more than 40 years.

Minority members of the committee were considering an appeal to the floor of the convention with the threat that they would raise the racial issue, but Administration supporters believed the large majority they had won in committee would carry them safely through any appeal to the entire body of the convention.

Rival Delegations

The South Carolina case was one of five cases between rival delegations from southern states. In three of the five cases the national committee had upheld the Administration recommendation in favor of the so-called reform delegations. In two cases, however, South Carolina and Mississippi, the national committee had placed the old organization delegation on the temporary rolls of the convention.

The credentials committee upheld the national committee in accepting the "reform" delegations from Tennessee, Georgia and Louisiana. It then upheld President Hoover in regard to South Carolina by disagreeing with the national committee.

In the fifth case, however, that of Mississippi, the credentials committee agreed with the national committee in rejecting the Hoover "reform" delegation headed by Mr. Lamont P. Rowlands and accepted the delegation headed by Mr. Percy W. Howard, Negro.

President Hoover, therefore, secured four out of five "reform" delegations to the convention, losing only in the case of Mississippi.

Mr. Joseph W. Tolbert, for many years state committee chairman of South Carolina, noted for the fact that he has never worn a necktie, was leader of the rejected South Carolina delegation, while the reform delegation was headed by Mr. J. C. Hambright, who testified he had never cast a ballot in South Carolina because of unwillingness to associate himself in any way with the Tolbert faction.

Attacks Tolbert Group

Mr. Hambright, his attorney, Mr. George W. Beckett, and members of the committee from neighboring southern states, testified that the reputation of the Tolbert faction and its alleged "corrupt practices" has prevented responsible citizens from voting the Republican ticket and from aligning themselves with the Republican organization, although they were believers in Republican doctrines and would like to be classed as members of the party.

Mr. Beckett asserted that the fact that President Hoover received only 3000 votes in South Carolina in 1928 when he carried Virginia and North Carolina, was due to the unwillingness of would-be Republican voters to associate themselves with the Tolbert faction.

Mr. Tolbert based his defense on the ground that his organization had represented the Republican Party for 40 years and was the duly constituted organ of the party in the State. He charged the Hambright faction with excluding Negroes from their conventions and with placing two Negroes on their list of delegates to conceal the fact that they were a "white" organization.

During discussion in the committee, just before the vote was taken, Mr. Charles A. Jones, delegate from North Carolina, begged the committee "not to shut the door on reputable men and women who want an opportunity to join the Republican Party." Mr. Robert A. Taft, delegate from Ohio, son of the former President and Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, said he could not see how the committee could fail "to recognize an honest effort to end an era of graft and corruption in the party and in the South."

Reminder of Early Chicago Days

The Christian Science Monitor

REPRODUCTION OF FORT DEARBORN

Opened Last Year as Part of Century of Progress Exhibits and Filled With Historical Objects.

'ARMY' AWAITS VOTE IN HOUSE ON BONUS BILL

Eyes Turned Toward Senate, Where Unfavorable Action Is Expected

Special from Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, June 15—Veterans waited patiently today for the momentarily expected passage of the cash bonus measure in the House, their eyes turned anxiously toward the Senate where less favorable action is expected, and the President whose veto is expected in event of Senate approval.

Yesterday a vote in the house was postponed following the passing on of Representative Edward E. Eslick (D.) of Tennessee, while speaking for immediate payment of the bonus.

The "Bonus Army" committee is aware that it faces a hard task in the Senate where 55 members already are said to be lined up against bonus legislation. But the senators are to be button-holed and asked questions similar to those recently put by the veterans to the Representatives.

Appreciating the apparent fact that veterans have no intention of immediately evacuating the city, district authorities are moving toward making a more permanent camp for their unsolicited visitors.

After receiving numerous complaints that buildings occupied by the veterans were unsafe, district commissioners ordered the police and fire chiefs and the health officer to have an examination made of all such billets and report the capacity as to structural safety, sanitary equipment and fire risk.

The drizzle of the last 48 hours has converted Camp Marks, Anacostia, into a sea of mud. The Gospel Mission is preparing to set up a tent capable of holding 1500 men, and proposes to hold religious services during the day.

Funds continue to come in for the army treasury. To the $7000 now in the mess fund $1000 more have been added by the Washington American Legion, which donated the money it had raised to send its drum corps to the national convention on the west coast.

That there shall be something definite ahead for the veterans after the bonus is out of the way, the American Legion and the organization's national employment committee will be asked by the district employment group to find jobs for the former soldiers.

Snell Lauds Hoover And His Record

(Continued from Page 1)

faith in our Commander-in-Chief and with a comradeship of purpose to meet every foe of the Republic, foreign or domestic, let us press onward, shouting the great American battle cry, 'Forward to Victory!'"

Mr. Snell avoided the prohibition issue completely in his address, but defended the traditional Republican stand for high protective tariffs, by implication approved the President's insistence that "rugged individualism" rather than government paternalism is the proper method for dealing with unemployment, and made it plain that he favored nationalism rather than internationalism in the foreign policy of the country.

"The tariff," he said, "was revised by the Republican Party just in time to avert a catastrophe. This tariff law has been the bulwark of the common defense against world-wide depression. But for that law the United States would have been inundated with foreign imports and vast additional numbers of our workers would have been unemployed. That law has kept over 40,000,000 American citizens at work in spite of world-wide adversity, Americans have had the advantage of a monopoly of their own market, the greatest consuming market in the world.

"Herbert Hoover," he said, "the engineer President of the United States, is solving and will solve stupendous and vexatious problems, as did our first engineer President, for the benefit of all mankind."

Included in Mr. Snell's references to the constructing accomplishments of the Republican Party in the past was proud reference to the placing of the flag over the Philippine Islands, although Congress has voted their independence, and to the building up of the army and navy, although legislation already approved by both houses of Congress has seriously curtailed the activities of both branches of the service.

The nomination of Mr. Hoover as the party's standard bearer in the campaign has still to come, but the applause accorded Mr. Snell's unbounded praise of both Mr. Hoover and of his record left no doubt as to the reception which will be accorded the nomination when it is made.

Second Day Marked By Ovation to Hoover

(Continued from Page 1)

Republicans don't know how to stage these things. This hall is duly equipped with huge pipe organ, two bands, several glee clubs and all the other paraphernalia essential for the orderly and intelligent selection of Presidents. Yet no band nor organ strikes up until the demonstration is about to perish of sheer lassitude.

California Starts

California, with its picturesque bear banner, starts the parade of the states in slow and mournful mien, as though engaged in a requiem. Oh for a touch of the fire that blazed in Madison Square eight years ago when the band struck up "Sidewalks of New York," and the Smith banners went dancing down the aisle, although their bearers were dancing carnagnole! By the way, the band earlier in the day struck up "Little Annie Rooney," and everybody laughed, as though someone had tried to play "How Dry I Am," at a meeting of the Anti-Saloon League.

The demonstration has proceeded for about 15 minutes and the chairman is making efforts to check it. It has furnished the first spark thus far of that admirable and tumultuous foolishness which characterizes a real convention. For after all what is this but the ante room to the great national forum of the coming months? How are people to be lured into listening to colorless arguments over the radio or reading the dignified editorials of plodding journalists if deprived of the circus element in politics.

We don't have old-fashioned barbecues any more, torchlight parades as a means of advancing a political candidacy have fallen in dessuetude — any city street after dark is more brilliant with auto headlights. The noisy, clamorous, spectacular nominating convention is all that is left to the populace. Long may its turbulence roar!

Cheered 25 Minutes

Well, we cheered our standard bearer for 25 minutes and Mr. Snell resumes. His eulogies of the President, his tributes to the economic knowledge and the business sagacity of Mr. Hoover make some of us wonder why the Republican minority in the House of Representatives, of which Mr. Snell is the leader, has so frequently and so unfortunately refused to follow the leadership of the man in the White House. The ghost of the sales tax stalks here when an orator, holding Mr. Snell's official position, boasts too fulsomely of the Republican devotion to Mr. Hoover's economic ideas.

A senator, sitting beside me in one of our press seats, discusses this problem with me.

"You are going to see a new Hoover in his next term," said he. "Hitherto he has been filling a post strange to him. To his inexperience he has added inexperienced counselors and lieutenants. He has been cautious because he did not know how to proceed politically, however certain he may have been of the economic or social value of his purposes. All that will be changed.

"Mr. Hoover in his second term will be free from any need for political conciliation. He can push through his own policies irrespective of their bearing upon any future political fortunes of his own. You and I know how clear is his mind on the economic and financial problems which confront the nation today. Given an opportunity to advance his policies without need for political concession or conciliation, he will present to this nation a program which will compel support and challenge admiration."

I am confident that the view of this gentleman is that of those who know Mr. Hoover best and will support him for reëlection.

Mr. Snell, having finished his address shortly after 1 o'clock, adjournment is taken until 4 this afternoon. We all scatter to our hotels and clubs to refresh the inner man and to gird up our loins for the first real fight of the convention. For then will be presented the platform with the prohibition plank and then let slip the dogs of war!

Would Not Accept, Gen. Dawes Asserts

Special from Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, June 15—Brig.-Gen. Charles G. Dawes today flatly denied he would accept the nomination for Vice-President on the Republican ticket if offered to him. In a formal statement he said:

"The situation in the convention as to the vice-presidential nomination as reported in the press this morning would seem to call for a more explicit statement from me. I appreciate proffer of support. I have given the question considerable thought. I could not accept the nomination."

Hurley Assures Honest Stand On Prohibition

Special from Monitor Bureau

CHICAGO, June 15 — Prohibition will be dealt with "fairly and squarely by the Republican Party, without evasion and subterfuge," Mr. Patrick J. Hurley, Secretary of War, told some 1300 Republican men and women gathered at a dinner in his honor here last night.

In an address in which he analyzed the achievements of the Hoover Administration, the Secretary of War brought up the prohibition question only to express his regret that it should hold so prominent a place on the political stage here. He was surprised, he said, that when a much greater problem was facing the country that so much of the convention talk should be about liquor.

Mr. and Mrs. Hurley were entertained by the Women's National Republican Club of Chicago, which arranged the dinner at the Stevens Hotel. Mrs. Bertha Bauer, club president and committee woman from Illinois, presided.

Summarizing the accomplishments of President Hoover "in the face of tremendous obstacles," Mr. Hurley said: "He is the only man who has presented to any congress in the world a complete workable plan for the breaking of the depression."

MARYLAND ASKS AID IN PROTECTING CRABS

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

RICHMOND, Va. — Maryland, through its conservation commissioner, Mr. Jwepson Earle, has urged Gov. John G. Pollard to veto the Cadmus sponge crab bill, which permits Virginia crabbers to take sponge crabs from the tidal waters of the State during six weeks of the late spring season.

In the course of the Maryland argument against the bill, Mr. Earle said that the law now enforced in Virginia prohibiting the catching of the sponge crab was the result of numerous conferences between representatives of the two states, and was responsible for a marked increase in the crab industry of both Maryland and Virginia after a period when the product had become scarce.

CHICAGO REQUIRES 100,000 DWELLINGS

Special from Monitor Bureau

CHICAGO — About 100,000 new apartment buildings and residences are needed to house properly Chicago's 850,000 families, according to Mr. E. M. Craig, executive secretary of the Building Construction Employers' Association. Mr. Craig made this estimate from a study of housing statistics supplied by Mr. John E. Ericsson, building commissioner.

These statistics show that Chicago has 125,000 tenement dwellings classed as unfit for habitation, all of which are located in the so-called blighted or semiblighted areas, Mr. Craig said.

Hospitality to Women Guests Lightens Convention Stolidity

Mrs. Gann and Mrs. Longworth Champion Traditions of Their Families in Nation's Political History

Special from The Christian Science Monitor Bureau

CHICAGO, June 15 — Teas for women guests are playing their part in the important "behind the scenes activities" of the convention—how important a part remains to be seen.

Mrs. Dolly Gann, sister of Vice-President Curtis, is championing her brother for renomination, and those who know their Washington see a continuation of her contest with Mrs. Alice Roosevelt Longworth in the fact that Mrs. Longworth is here also, and is thought to favor her brother, Col. Theodore Roosevelt, as candidate for that office.

Mrs. Gann was the center of interest at a function given yesterday by Mrs. Alvin T. Hert, vice-chairman of the Republican National Committee, for the women who have official positions in the convention. Mrs. Gann's speech in behalf of President Hoover so pleased the audience that when she left the platform many of the guests followed her and the reporters compelled her to continue her talk from the floor, quite forgetting the next speaker, who had taken the platform.

Teas are being given by other women's groups who are here to lobby. The League of Women Voters entertained at its headquarters yesterday. Many of its leading members are here. The league has several planks to recommend to the convention, which it hopes to see go on record for continued legislation to protect women and children, for genuine economy in government and for steps toward greater international coöperation.

The league, among other women's groups, has set up a table on the crowded second floor of the Congress Hotel just outside the door of the room where the resolutions committee held its hearings yesterday.

The National Woman's Party, which is putting forward its "equal rights amendment" has a table of literature for its movement and Miss Alice Gerstenberg, playwright, is handing out the pamphlets. Printed matter presenting the arguments against the "equal rights plank" is offered from the League of Women Voters table. The league is also circulating a booklet on the subject giving the reasons for opposition put forward by the National Women's Trade Union League.

This industrial women's organization is also lobbying. A delegation headed by Miss Agnes Nester, a member of the national board, is urging the convention to take a forward stand on a number of economic issues of interest to women. This group's chief request is for a national economic planning council with organized labor represented, but it also supports the other women's organizations which are working for greater international coöperation for the maintenance of government agencies working for the welfare of women and children and for a federal department of education.

Eighteen Women On Committees Of G.O.P. Convention

Special from Monitor Bureau

CHICAGO, June 15 — Eighteen women were named to the four convention committees announced at the opening session. They come from all parts of the country ranging from Utah to Puerto Rico.

The Puerto Rican delegate at large, Dr. Martha Robert De Romeu, is serving on two committtes, one of them being the important one on resolutions. Dr. Romeu is a native of the island, a graduate of Tufts of Boston, and an active worker for suffrage since 1922. She has visited Washington on official missions and has held a number of important positions in the party organization.

One other woman is on the committee on resolutions, Mrs. Zelma M. Dwinal of Maine. She, too, is a delegate-at-large.

Nine women found places on the committee on permanent organization. They are Miss Katherine Byrne of Connecticut, Mrs. Sidney C. Brown of Florida, Mrs. Grace M. Hartnett of Maryland, Miss Grace Dunn of Minnesota, Mrs. Pearl Gehrig of Missouri, Mrs. Wilma S. Levan of Ohio, Mrs. E. F. Wilson of South Dakota, Miss Grace Fitzgerald of Texas and Mrs. Jessie F. Cannon of Utah.

On the credentials committee besides Dr. De Romeu are Mrs. Marion Scranton of Pennsylvania, Miss Jessie P. Doe of New Hampshire, Mrs. Grace Banta Reynolds of Indiana and Mrs. Mary Pratt Potter of Massachusetts.

Mrs. Gertrude Hann of Ohio and Mrs. Laura Stickney of Maine are on the committee on rules.

JOBLESS TILL PLOTS IN BIRMINGHAM

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

BIRMINGHAM, Ala—Close to 7000 unemployed families are keeping the wolf from the door this spring in the most comprehensive "back to the garden movement" in Birmingham's history.

Unable to find work to support themselves, heads of families have become garden-minded. Every inch of available land is being utilized. Small spots—behind signboards, in respectable residential districts, in out of the way Negro sections where there formerly were stumps and rubbish—have been plowed up and planted. The transformation was engineered by the Community Chest through its principal relief agency, the Red Cross.

IDAHO DEMOCRATS FAVOR ROOSEVELT

BOISE, Idaho, June 14 (AP)—Idaho Democrats quickly instructed their delegates to the national convention to cast eight votes for Gov. Franklin D. Roosevelt for President, but could not agree on a platform and continued the state convention over until today.

Republicans held a harmonious session, electing 11 delegates favorable to President Hoover, but did not instruct them. As head of the delegation was named Senator William E. Borah, although he has said he will not attend the convention next week at Chicago. The Republicans, who convened here yesterday while Democrats met at Weiser, did not discuss prohibition.

INCREASED EXPORTS OF COTTON PREDICTED

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

MONTGOMERY, Ala.—Exports of cotton this season will be the largest with but one exception in 18 years, according to a report of Mr. H. G. Safford, vice-president in charge of sales for the American Cooperative Association, released through the Alabama Farm Bureau.

Mr. Safford reported that shipments of American cotton abroad through the last week of April showed an increase of 1,432,000 bales over the same date a year ago. Since Christmas, he estimated, monthly exports have averaged 350,000 bales above the same months of the previous year.

MALE CHORUS ON HAND

Special from Monitor Bureau

CHICAGO, June 14 The Hamilton Club's male chorus will take part in the official program at the Stadium every day. It has participated in every national Republican inaugural ceremony since that of Theodore Roosevelt in 1904, it is stated.

LONE LOOKOUT ATOP MT. PICO HIKERS' FRIEND

Tales of Experiences Help Trampers to Forget Laborious Climb

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

RUTLAND, Vt.—Every genuine hiker who has passed over Mt. Pico and met Mr. Dana Roe, lookout man, who watches for forest fires from the lofty Pico tower, calls him "friend."

Stories of his experiences more than once have helped hikers forget their weariness and the little stove in his log hut often has been a welcome comfort to trampers chilled by the sharp winds which continually sweep the summit of Mt. Pico.

Although on first thought, one would suspect that Mr. Roe leads a lonely life in his one-room cabin, the fact is that this lofty peak, located on Vermont's famous Long Trail, challenges the muscular efforts of 1000 hikers each season.

From the middle of April to the first of November, each year for 12 years, Mr. Roe has continued his sharp vigil for forest fires. He is the oldest man in point of service on the Green Mountain lookout force. During his 12 years on Pico he has thrown open his cabin to all trampers who wish to partake of his hospitality. Only on Saturday night does he leave his post to stock up on supplies, carrying them up the three-mile trail on his back.

Although handicapped by the loss of his left arm, Mr. Roe is proficient at wielding an ax, having built his log cabin without assistance, cutting down trees, splitting the logs and hauling them to the spot near the fire tower.

The cabin is of his own design, built to withstand the howling winds. The logs, rather than being placed horizontally, as is customary, have been erected vertically from the ground. The ends have been driven 2½ feet into the soil.

So stanchly is the cabin constructed that it has withstood a cyclone which bent tall trees almost to the ground. It also has withstood a bolt of lightning, which not only burned out the telephone wires, but scattered the woodpile and "broke up" a game of solitaire by knocking the cards out his hands.

Using the same methods he employed in building his cabin, Mr. Roe erected for the use of hikers the only outdoor shower bath on the Long Trail.

Mr. Roe, realizing the benefit the shower would be to tired trampers, constructed a shower room by diverting a stream which ran down the mountain some distance away and directing it through a hollow birch log. The room has a stone floor and contains hangers for clothes and a dressing bench.

Porcupines are the only animals against which Mr. Roe has any aversion. These sharp-toothed animals frequently have played havoc with his food supplies and cabin. They have even gnawed through lead-incased telephone lines, disconnecting the service. Something in the insulation or in the lead composition appealed to their taste, he said.

To keep the animals away from his cabin, Mr. Roe has smeared bacon grease on tree stumps about the hut. Through this practice he has gained some peace. To obtain all of the salty grease the porcupines have reduced several stumps from 2½ feet in height to the level of the ground.

Mr. Roe enjoys rabbits, however, and the feeling seems to be mutual with the rabbits, for several of these wild creatures have made friends with him. Last year, two of them regularly came into the cabin to eat with him. Four others would not enter but accepted such titbits as bacon and cookies from his fingers when he stepped outside. At one time he had as many as 10 rabbits about him feeding from his fingers.

SLUMP IN 'FAVORITE SONS'

Special from Monitor Bureau

CHICAGO, June 14—Lack of the usual row of candidates' headquarters in the Congress Hotel is a surprising feature of the Republican convention. Usually the Congress's second floor is buzzing with workers for "favorite sons."

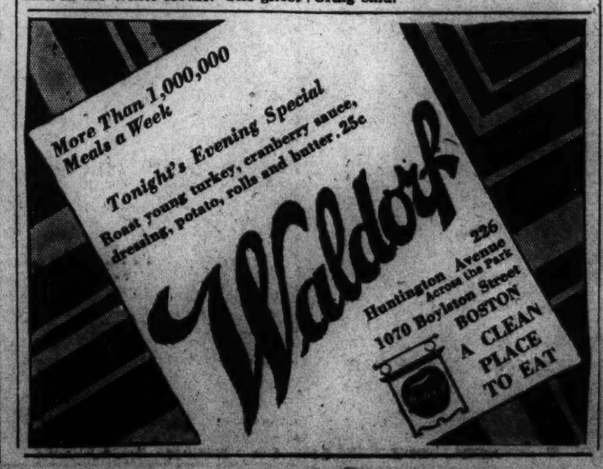
CROYDON, ENGLAND
GRANT'S
AIGA STREET . CROYDON
The Store for everything in Ladies' and Kiddies' Wear. Also Soft Furnishings, Household Linens, China, Glass, Trunks, Stationery, Sports Equipment, etc.
Visitors to Croydon should make a point of seeing the Aerodrome and Afterwards Rendezvous at
GRANT'S RESTAURANT
Prior to Walking Through the Store
GRANT BROS. Ltd., High St., Croydon, England
Agents for POTTER & MOORE'S 1749 Mitcham Lavender Water

SAXONE
SOROSIS
British Made
SAXONE SHOE Co. Ltd.
Stores Throughout Great Britain.

THERE is no other sweet so pure and wholesome or so delicious in flavour as Fox's Glacier Mints.
These crystal clear refreshers make you dissatisfied with all other peppermints.
If you want the best peppermint, it is possible to buy, you must always ask for
FOX'S GLACIER MINTS
THE FINEST PEPPERMINT IN THE WORLD
OBTAINABLE IN MOST COUNTRIES THROUGHOUT THE WORLD
Fox's Glacier Mints, Ltd., Oxford Street, Leicester, England

CARDIFF, WALES
Howells
THE CARDIFF STORES
Fashions
Furnishings
Fabrics
and Groceries
Motor Showrooms & Garage
JAMES HOWELL & CO., Ltd.
ST. MARY STREET

Say "DIADEM please" for BETTER Baking
DIADEM
Self-Raising
FLOUR
EVERYONE KNOWS how necessary it is to obtain PURITY in Food. You are assured that your Home made cakes and pastries will be absolutely pure when you use DIADEM Self raising flour. It is so reliable that it cannot fail you.
MANUFACTURED UNDER IDEAL CONDITIONS UNTOUCHED BY HANDS
Mitchell's Diadem Flour Co., Bristol, England


More Than 1,000,000 Meals a Week
Tonight's Evening Special
Roast young turkey, cranberry sauce, dressing, potato, rolls and butter. 25c
Waldorf
226 Huntington Avenue Across the Park
1070 Boylston Street
BOSTON
A CLEAN PLACE TO EAT

To Be in the Swim One Must Swim in a
B. V. D. Swim Suit
Newest Models for Women, including the much-talked-of Bandeau Suit, 4th floor.
$5.95 to $9.95
Swim Suits for Men
Johnny Weissmuller's favorite suit, $5 and $6
Street Floor
M. E. BLATT CO.
Atlantic City's Great Department Store

Watchung Title and Mortgage Guaranty Co.
Real Estate Titles Guaranteed
Money to Loan on Bond and Mortgage. First Mortgages for Sale to Investors
Guaranteed Participation Certificates in First Mortgages for sale in multiples of $100
493 Bloomfield Avenue
Montclair New Jersey
Telephone Montclair 2-1850

Bank of Montclair
MONTCLAIR, N. J.
Established 1889
Every modern banking facility
Acts as executor, administrator trustee, and in any fiduciary capacity.
First state bank in New Jersey to become a member of Federal Reserve System.
Special attention given to banking by mail

FIDELITY UNION TRAVEL
12½-DAY CRUISES
Halifax, Quebec, Saguenay, Bermuda
Rates $110.00 up
Departures from New York
June 18th
July 23rd
and every Saturday thereafter including September 3rd. Send for Complete Booklet
CONDUCTED TOURS
New England and Canada 7 days, $60.00.
Niagara Falls and Great Lakes. 12 days. $125.00.
Yellowstone National Park 15 days. $200.00.
TRAVEL DEPARTMENT
FIDELITY UNION TRUST COMPANY
BROAD, BANK & ACADEMY STS., NEWARK, N.J.

Window Shades
Awnings
QUALITY—EFFICIENCY PROMPTNESS
Makes our service complete.
W. H. AYRES
92 Eaton Place Tel. Orange 3-4704
EAST ORANGE, N. J.

GOOD YEAR SERVICE STATION
PERRY'S
Tires and Tire Service
Auto Accessories
388 Central Ave. Tel. Orange 3-4441
EAST ORANGE, N. J.

A. H. Holmes, Jr.
COAL
Office and Yard
532 North Grove Street
East Orange, N. J.
Tel. Orange 3-0420

Tree Expert
NOW is the time to SPRAY your ELM TREES
TREE SURGERY in all its branches.
F. A. CUTTER
486 Conover Ter., Orange, N. J.
Or. 3-2493

Camping
FOOT-WEAR
of all types including
Official Girl Scout Shoes
in smoke, elk, and tan elk

HARRISON BROTHERS
EAST ORANGE 551 Main Street
SOUTH ORANGE 19 So. Orange Ave.
MONTCLAIR 540 Bloomfield Ave.

SILVER PLANK IN G. O. P. STAND ASKED BY WEST

Dry Law Repeal and Farm Marketing Act Bolstering Also Requested

Special from Monitor Bureau

CHICAGO, June 15—A plank in the Republican platform calling for "international consideration of the restoration of silver as a primary money" together with numerous other planks designed to improve the fiscal, business and agricultural situations, were asked as their proponents went before the resolutions committee yesterday.

In an effort to head off any outright declaration for the maintenance of the gold standard which might serve to preclude consideration of the remonitization of silver, the "silver" plank was brought in by Mr. Ernest Bamberger of Utah, nephew of a former governor of that State. The issue of silver restoration is a live question in the West where its proponents cling to the hope that it would help raise commodity prices.

It is understood that Mr. Ogden L. Mills, Secretary of the Treasury, however, has spent much time working on a "gold standard" plank for the Republican Party and whether or not he can be persuaded to compromise on a more general declaration for "sound money" was the chief problem of the silver advocates.

The resolution to which they wished to commit the party was in part as follows:

"The Republican Party, strongly favoring sound money, based on metal as against fiat money, which merely expands and weakens our credit structure, asserts its belief in silver and pledges itself to an international consideration of the restoration of silver as a primary money, in order to broaden the metallic credit base and strengthen and stabilize the gold standard; and furthermore approves such legislation as is practicable, to further the foregoing declaration."

The party's commitment to both repeal and strengthening of the agricultural marketing act were asked. A demand for prohibition repeal came from the National Association of Manufacturers, which characterized it as a "hopeless experiment." Its continuation in a strengthened form was asked by representatives of the American Farm Bureau Federation and the National Grange.

Indorsement by the party of the general manufacturers' sales tax as the fairest and least burdensome method of raising revenues was asked by the Taxpayers' Union of Washington, D. C., represented by Mr. Demarest Lloyd, executive secretary.

Drastic reduction in the cost of government was asked by Mr. Samuel M. Hastings, president of the Illinois Manufacturers Association and of the Midwest Manufacturers Association, as well as by Mr. George W. Rossetter, chairman of the National Organization to Reduce Governmental Expenditures, sponsored by the Chicago Association of Commerce.

Convention News Sent on 181 Wires

Special from Monitor Bureau

CHICAGO, June 15—News of the Republican national convention is being sent out from the great convention hall here over one of the largest networks of telegraph and telephone wires ever set up to keep the world informed of a single event.

From the basement of the hall alone 181 separate wires carry the Republican deliberations out to practically every city in the United States as well as to other parts of the interested world.

The first day of the convention produced, according to preliminary estimates of the telegraph companies, roughly 380,000 words of news copy. This did not include copy sent out over 34 wires leased to individual papers or press associations which probably totaled as much again, making a grand total of somewhere close to 750,000 words.

Dramatic Scene Marks Liquor Issue Hearing

(Continued from Page 1)

system along lines that would prevent the return of the saloon.

The declaration against repeal included in the preamble of the earlier administration draft was removed by the subcommittee. Many other proposals were rejected by the committee and the foregoing which was consistently supported by Mr. Ogden L. Mills, Secretary of the Treasury, was finally accepted and placed before the full committee at 11.

Mr. Bingham reiterated his opposition to the new plank. He asserted that Mr. Walter F. Edge, Ambassador to France, attending the committee meeting as a delegate from New Jersey, had opposed the new proposal. He asserted that former Senator William M. Butler of Massachusetts had also been against it.

The fight over the final draft of the prohibition plank began yesterday evening, continued without intermission behind closed doors all night and was resumed again this morning and afternoon, even up to the time when the resolutions committee made its report to the national convention scheduled for 4 o'clock.

Meanwhile the Administration scored a decisive victory in the matter of seating southern delegates and rejected the Tolbert South Carolina group. On the other subject on which a real fight has developed, the vice-presidential nomination, the contest still hung in the balance today with supporters and opponents of Mr. Charles Curtis both claiming victory.

The administration forces first showed their strength when the resolutions committee which consists of one delegate from each state, picked a subcommittee of 17 to prepare their platform and placed the subordinate group in command of dry forces.

Mr. Bingham made the motion for the establishment of the subcommittee, but was himself left out of the smaller body, contrary to usual custom. Four years ago Mr. Bingham was vice-chairman of the resolutions committee.

The subcommittee sat into the early hours of the morning and finally agreed on a resubmission plank, substantially similar to that forecast yesterday, providing for possible modification, but not repeal, with full federal safeguards for prohibition in dry states and against the return of the open saloon in wet states.

Again Illustrated

Mr. Bingham declared the subcommittee had been "stacked" and a rump wet group was organized in the office of Mr. J. Henry Roraback, Connecticut committeeman. A wet plank was adopted in favor of immediate repeal. This plank will be offered to the convention as a substitute for the Hoover proposal under present plans.

Hoover control was again illustrated when the credentials committee reversed the action of the National Committee and unseated the South Carolina delegation headed by "Joe" Tolbert, national committeeman, whom Mr. Hoover declared unfit three years ago.

The fight over Mr. Curtis increased today. Delegates were buttonholed all over headquarters by rival groups with the name of Brig.-Gen. Charles G. Dawes most commonly mentioned. A flat and categorical statement from Mr. Dawes that he would not accept the post if nominated, or serve if elected, has been rumored. When this failed to materialize last night, the draft Dawes move increased its force.

Some other candidate against Mr. Curtis is likely to be put forward if Mr. Dawes does decline to run.

Texas is at the forefront of the Dawes movement and has asked the Alabama delegation to yield its first place when the chairman tomorrow goes down the list of states to ask for nominations. The Alabama group declined to yield its strategic alphabetical place to Texas and instead will make way for Kansas, so that the name of Curtis, the Kansas "favorite son" will presumably go first before the convention. The Texas convention has now turned to Arkansas with the same purpose of causing a stampede.

National dry and wet leaders yesterday confronted each other before the resolutions committee in the most dramatic scene yet witnessed in the party's quadrennial gathering, as they made their respective pleas on the party platform.

There was no heckling from the big crowd that packed the rear of the gaudy Florentine room in the national headquarters, for both sides appeared to desire their case to go before party and public without interruptions. Applause followed each speaker in short, sharp bursts, about equally divided.

Warned Committee

Thirty minutes were allotted a side. In miniature the arguments epitomized the debate that has stirred the whole nation to its depths for years. The momentous character of the discussion seemed to be sensed by speakers and listeners alike, in view of the efforts to stampede the convention to a repeal plank, which are being vigorously resisted by the Hoover forces.

Drys warned the committee of possible defections if a repeal or even a resubmission plank were included in the Republican platform; while militant wets asserted the absence of such a repeal plank would be "suicidal." Not even a Senate hearing has drawn such a representative group of spokesmen for the two groups.

Drys who spoke were Dr. Ernest H. Cherrington, chairman of the National Board of Strategy; Mrs. Ella A. Boole, head of the W. C. T. U.; Dr. F. Scott McBride of the Anti-Saloon League; Col. Raymond Robins, former "Bull Mooser"; Mrs. Rushmore Patterson and Dr. Daniel A. Poling of the Allied Forces for Prohibition.

The wet side was presented by Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, president of Columbia University; former Senator James Wadsworth of New York; Mrs. Charles H. Sabin and Mrs. Courtland Nicholls of the Women's Organization for Prohibition Reform; Mr. Pierre S. du Pont; Capt. Fred G. Clark of the Crusaders; Mr. Ralph M. Shaw of the Lawyers' Voluntary Committee, Inc. of New York; Mr. Frank A. K. Boland of the American Hotel Association, and Mr. George H. Sibley of the New York Young Men's Republican Club.

Mr. Cherrington marshaled the dry speakers and Mr. du Pont the wets.

Gave No Indication

The speeches of the organized dry leaders gave no indication that they would admit a difference between outright repeal and so-called resubmission, and there was a strong intimation among several that drys would stay away from the polls in case the latter proposal were adopted. On the other hand, militant wets branded the resubmission proposal as "dry," and demanded unequivocal repeal.

"A national political convention should not attempt to bind the President and his Administration to leadership in an effort to change the Constitution, but should leave responsibility in the matter of constitutional changes to an unhampered Congress," Dr. Cherrington declared.

"There is no such possible thing as a referendum on, or a resubmission of, the eighteenth article, or any other article of the fundamental law," he continued.

"If this convention should adopt a repeal or so-called resubmission plank," he declared, "congressional candidates in probably half the districts would be immediately placed in the position of being disloyal either to the party platform or to their Constitution."

Dr. Cherrington gave a hint of possible dry retaliation when he declared that there are "millions of dry Republicans" who would normally support the party but who "at the same time believe it to be their duty to rebuke their party when, through unwise leaders, that party goes out of its way to strike a blow at what those millions believe to be fundamental principles."

That Time Is Now

"If there has ever been a time in the history of the Republican Party when no action should be taken to encourage lawlessness, that time is now," he concluded.

The note of warning to the Republicans was reiterated in a strong speech by Mrs. Boole, who recalled the millions of dry women who supported Mr. Hoover four years ago, and who added:

"If the Republican Party should indorse resubmission or repeal a great group of those women would not only many of them fail to vote, but the Republican Party would lose their hearty support. To win the women vote, give us a platform that represents our principles and a candidate for whom we need not apologize."

Dr. McBride recalled that prohibition was achieved by nonpartisan support, and he affirmed it a nonpartisan issue still. The view was seconded by Colonel Robbins, who declared warningly that what the dry voters would think of the move "would be known better in November than now." In particular he denounced the wet proposal to send the proposed new amendment to a series of state conventions for ratification, rather than to the state legislatures. The former method was open to coercion and corruption, he charged.

Following him, Mrs. Peabody warned that repeal of the Eighteenth Amendment would lead the way to change of "other essential amendments." Like Mrs. Peabody, Mrs. Patterson denied earlier assertions of wet leaders that American women favor repeal. On the contrary, it would lead to lawlessness, she insisted.

Dr. Poling Speaks

The final statement of the dry side was made by Dr. Poling, who declared that his association had enrolled 1,512,000 people in 587 cities between September 7 and June 5, and who demanded that wets present an alternative to prohibition before they asked a change in the dry law.

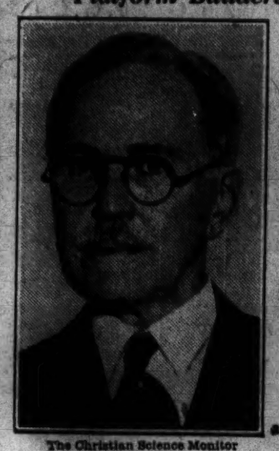
"The wet reveals the fundamental weakness of his cause when he asks for repeal but fails or refuses to state his alternative," he declared. "You cannot create a vacuum in government that lawlessness will not fill. In this way lies anarchy. In this counsel is disaster for America."

Just as brief, cogent speeches set before the resolutions committee the dry side, so the wet point of view was given to the committee earlier in the hour's hearing. The extreme wet view offered by Dr. Butler showed his party just as opposed to so-called resubmission as militant drys. He presented the same resolution for consideration which received the indorsement of Mr. John D. Rockefeller Jr., and asked that both parties adopt the same plank, thus taking the issue "out of politics."

Mr. Wadsworth warned the resolutions committee against talk of "modifying or revising the amendment," rather than repeal, charging that mere modification might "pin the label of Prohibition Party on the Republicans," a striking contrast to organized drys' denunciation of just such a step. Much the same attitude was taken by the women wet leaders, while later men speakers attempted to show that wet sentiment is rising.

Speaking for the younger generation, Mr. Sibley asserted that no one under 37 years has "ever had an opportunity to vote on prohibition," and demanded the question be reopened. The American Hotel Association was represented as completely opposed to the dry law, while Mr. Shaw made no hesitation in asserting that he "spoke for the lawyers of the land" in demanding repeal.

Heads Republican Platform Builders

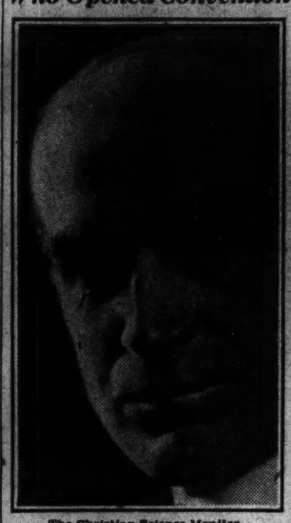


The Christian Science Monitor-Wide World

JAMES R. GARFIELD

Former Secretary of Interior and Probably President's Spokesman at Convention.

G.O.P. Committee Head Who Opened Convention



The Christian Science Monitor-Keystone-Underwood

SENATOR SIMEON D. FESS

Convention Words Are Plainly Heard In Chicago Park

Special from Monitor Bureau

CHICAGO, June 15—The "man in the street" has a good chance to hear the Republican national convention free, even if he cannot get into the Convention Hall. This was demonstrated at the opening session June 14, although with all provisions made for handling a big overflow audience at Union Park, a few squares distant from the Stadium, comparatively few people turned out to take advantage of the opportunity.

Brought to the park by an extension of the "public address" system which amplifies the proceedings so that they are not lost in the big auditorium, every word could be heard as plainly in Union Park as if the speeches were being made on the spot. A sheaf of loudspeakers high in the air threw the sound to every corner of the small park.

In the neighborhood of the Stadium, everything was handled in an orderly, matter-of-fact fashion. Although some 20,000 or more people were on hand, traffic moved smoothly, there was no confusion around the gates, except for those few people who always lose their tickets, or themselves, before any important function. And the man who didn't have a ticket and tried to "crash the gate" seemed to be quite alone, or almost.

Platform Written By Manufacturers

CHICAGO, June 15 (AP)—Industry's position on a number of public problems, as prepared by the National Association of Manufacturers, is to be presented to the platform committee of the Republican national convention and later to that of the Democratic Party.

The statement calls for resubmission of the Eighteenth Amendment to constitutional conventions in each state; urges stabilization of labor by establishment of voluntary unemployment reserves either by trade associations or individual plants; condemns the "dole" as undesirable; urges the "abandonment of the hopeless experiment in the governmental control of agricultural prices, production and surplus" and asks the prompt and drastic reduction of public expenditures.

Stenographer Secures Leading Part in Film

HOLLYWOOD, Calif., June 15 (AP)—Two weeks ago Miss Dorothy Wilson, a $25-a-week stenographer at a radio studio, was assigned to type the script for a motion picture.

Today she is playing the feminine lead in that picture and another of those "cinderella" stories of Hollywood has come true.

An executive saw her when she delivered the finished manuscript and he decided suddenly to give her a part. A film test resulted, not only in a contract but the leading rôle.

Registered at the Christian Science Publishing House

Among the visitors from various parts of the world who registered at The Christian Science Publishing House yesterday were the following:

Bruce M. Morrison, Erie, Penna.
Richard B. Dawson, New York, N. Y.
Mrs. Adele Dawson, New York, N. Y.
Mrs. Edith J. Gale, New York, N. Y.
Miss E. Jeanette Love, Cleveland, Ohio.
Frederick D. Pitkin, Buffalo, N. Y.
Harry E. Hughes, Buffalo, N. Y.
Mrs. Mary S. McReynolds, Dallas, Texas.
S. Euphenia Aicken, Chicago, Ill.
Miss Millicent H. Lawrence, Chicago, Ill.
Henry F. Fett, Detroit, Mich.
C. R. Frede, Detroit, Mich.

Women in Colorful Parade Make Plea for Peace Plank

Message of 'No More War' Carried Through Chicago Streets and Later Taken to Resolutions Committee of Republican Convention

Special from The Christian Science Monitor Bureau

CHICAGO, June 15—With pennants and balloons flying the message, "No more war," some 100 automobiles from many states paraded through the Chicago "loop" yesterday noon to tell the Republican convention that no party platform is complete without a peace plank.

Miss Jane Addams, world peace leader, led the color-decked parade, riding in the official automobile of Col. George Gaw, city greeter. Later in the day, Miss Jeannette Rankin presented to the resolutions committee of the Republican convention a peace plank proposed by her organization, the Women's International League for Peace and Freedom. It was to emphasize the strength of the demand for this plank that the women paraded.

It was a procession of the states. Automobile licenses were conspicuous for their variety—Indiana, Iowa, Massachusetts, Maryland, Georgia, Pennsylvania and so on. Women drove here from distant points especially for the parade, which was organized by Miss Rankin, first congresswoman, a member of the Women's International League.

In the main, of course, it was a woman's demonstration, for so it was intended. But men helped. One of them made it possible for the parade to end with a flourish. He was Mr. Nick Kritselis, a delivery man, who not only lent his truck for the cause but was on the scene to drive it. The truck, arrayed with a big American flag, looked impressive, indeed, bringing up the rear. In it rode seven dark-skinned women, Mexicans from a woman's club at Hull House, Miss Addams' settlement. They had made the decorations themselves and were proud to wave banners. As for Nick, beaming in a trench cap, he was heartily in sympathy with the paraders. A naturalized Greek, he had served a year with the American Expeditionary Force in France and as a result he gave his support to the peace parade's slogan, "No more war."

College boys hitch-hiked or came by bus to join the procession. Among them were Mr. Harold C. Letts of Colgate University, president of the New York Youth Council; Mr. Perry Huntington, of Monmouth, Ore., who "bummed" his way here in eight days; Mr. Harry E. Rabe, of the University of Cincinnati, who drove, and young Paul Harris 3d, of Louisville, Ky., who thanked his Boy Scout uniform for getting him here by lifts in two days.

Peace advocates of all shades of opinion gathered in a session with the Republican resolutions committee. They lined themselves up into three groups ranging from the right wing, which thought it good policy to make moderate demands upon the Republican committee, to the extreme left, which held that some group ought to go all the way and ask for everything it wanted.

Mr. Fred B. Smith, chairman of the American section of the World Alliance for International Friendship Through the Churches, presented the demands of the conservative wing. His group's requests for such policies as membership in the World Court and agreement to consult with other nations in the event of violation of the Kellogg Pact were duplicated in the other two planks which went further by asking for lower tariffs, recognition of the Soviet Government, and, on the part of the W. I. L., cancellation of war debts and reparations. Mr. Tucker P. Smith, of the Committee on Militarism in Education, presented the second plank. The one which "went all the way" was put forward by Miss Addams for the Woman's International League.

A similar parade and presentation is to be made for the Democrats on June 27.

Senate 'Listens In' On Proceedings Of Convention

WASHINGTON, June 15 (AP)—The national convention came to the Senate today by radio, much to the delight of politics-hungry senators.

No sooner had the gavel fallen to call to order the assemblage in Chicago than senators—Democrats as well as Republicans—gravitated to a spacious room just off the chamber where a big radio receiving set had been installed at the instance of Senator Clarence C. Dill (D.), Washington.

Vice-President Curtis asked Senator Roscoe C. Patterson (R.), Mo., to take his place as presiding officer, stepped down and joined the exodus.

Sitting at ease on big leather divans and chairs, the Senators joshed each other as the speech of the Republican keynoter—their colleague, Senator L. J. Dickinson of Iowa—came over the air.

When cheering broke out in the great arena and rang through the room where the Senators were listening, it proved so infectious that they joined in the hurrahs.

Sometimes there were as many Senators around the radio as there were in the Senate chamber. Meanwhile, a number of House members listened in over radios installed in their offices.

Clearer Vision of Duty Asked In G. O. P. Convention Prayer

Special from The Christian Science Monitor Bureau

CHICAGO, June 14—The prayer which opened the Republican national convention, offered by the Rt. Rev. James E. Freeman, bishop of Washington, was as follows:

Almighty God, our Heavenly Father, in Whose hands are the issues of men and of nations, we bow in humble reverence before Thee, and with grateful hearts acknowledge Thy manifold blessings to us as a people. Through all the changed and changing circumstances of life Thou hast made and preserved us as a nation. Where we have been obedient to Thy will, Thou hast favored us. Where we have pursued our selfish aims, Thou hast justly punished us. With chastened humility we confess our vaunted pride, our boasted security and our avowed self-dependence. In our conceit, we have trusted to our own strength and forgotten that Thou alone art the source of all peace and all abiding happiness. In the time of our distress we cry unto Thee: "God be merciful to us sinners." Give us freshened courage, renewed hope, a clearer vision of our duty to Thee and our fellow men.

Restore to us as a people, honorable industry, sound learning and pure manners. Save us from violence and lawlessness, discord and confusion. Imbue with the spirit of wisdom those to whom in Thy name we entrust the authority of government, that there may be justice and peace at home, and that, through obedience to Thy law, we may show forth Thy praise among the nations of the earth.

In the days of shadow, give us to see the way that shall lead us into paths of wholesome living. In all the plans and deliberations of this convention do Thou guide us in the course that shall be for the highest good of all of our people. With renewed faith in Thee, we invoke Thy blessing upon our nation, and especially do we pray for those upon whose hearts and minds burdens have been laid too heavy to be borne. Give us the mind and the will and the aid of Thy divine assistance that these burdens may be removed.

In Thy mercy hasten the day of restored confidence, relieve anxiety and the just rewards of labor. In the time of prosperity, fill our hearts with thankfulness, and in the day of trouble suffer not our trust in Thee to fail; all of which we ask through Him who for our sakes became poor that we through His poverty might be made rich, our Saviour, Jesus Christ. Amen.

SUBSTITUTE MANUAL LABOR

CHICOPEE, Mass., June 15 (AP)—Acting Mayor Harold A. Smith today ordered discontinuance of the use of a steam shovel in a highway project being undertaken jointly by the city, county and state, and the substitution of manual labor. This will provide work for about 25 men. The original agreement provided for the use of the shovel on some phases of the job.

Add-A-Unit-Stake and Plant Tie

The Most *Effective*, the *Simplest* and *Neatest* on the Market.

No String Required. Simply pass wire tie around plant and snap to stake. Tie adjustable to size of plant. Slip two units together for tall plants. Units consist of 24-in. rust treated tubular stake and wire tie. Lasts a life-time. The only tie that can also be used for borders. 12 Units, $1; 30 Units, $2.25; 100 Units, $7, prepaid.

Bauer Greenhouses, Box M, Naperville, Ill. Pat. App. for.

to EUROPE in July?

Then here are the sailings to choose from! The rates are this year's bargain fares:

July 1 OLYMPIC to France & England. First Cl., Tourist & Third Cl.
WESTERNLAND to England, France & Belgium. Tourist & Third Cl.
July 2 REPUBLIC to Ireland & England. Cabin, Tourist & Third Cl.
July 8 PRESIDENT (world's largest ship) to England, France & Germany and France. First Cl., Tourist & Third Cl.
MINNEWASKA to England, France & Belgium. Tourist is only class carried.
July 9 GEORGIC (maiden voyage) to Ireland & England. Cabin, Tourist & Third Cl.
July 15 FINNLAND to England, France & Belgium. Tourist & Third Cl.
July 16 ADRIATIC to Ireland (Galway & Cobh) & England. Cabin, Tourist & Third Cl.
July 21 OLYMPIC to France & England. First Cl., Tourist, Third Cl.
July 22 MINNEWASKA to England, France & Belgium. Tourist is only class carried.
July 23 BALTIC to Ireland & England. Cabin, Tourist & Third Cl.
July 28 MAJESTIC (world's largest ship) to France & England. First Cl., Tourist & Third Cl.
July 29 WESTERNLAND to England, France & Belgium. Tourist & Third Cl.
July 30 BRITANNIC to Ireland & England. Cabin, Tourist & Third Cl.

Minimum Fares

	FIRST CL.	CABIN CL.	TOURIST THIRD CL.
One Way	$192-$200	$122-$134	$91.50-$103 $67-$71.50
Round Trip	$384-$400	$231.80-$254.60	$161-$181 $123-$127.50

Rates quoted are to first port of call. Moderate increase for ports beyond and for supreme accommodations.

WHITE STAR • RED STAR
INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE LINES

Send to your own local agent or to I. M. M. Co., No. 1 Broadway, New York
I want to sail on _____ (give date)
Please send booklet in my group. Advise me what you can do for me on the _____ (name ship). I am going to _____ (give destination)
Stateroom needs: _____ Class. _____
Name _____
Street _____
City _____

Santa Fe Summer Excursions

Cut the Cost
Lowest in Years

You will be amazed how far you can go and how much you can see even in two weeks . . . California—Hollywood—the Olympic Games—Grand Canyon—The Indian-detours and National Parks.

All-Expense Escorted Tours on certain dates this summer

S. CARLSON, Dist. Pass. Agent
SANTA FE RY.
212 Old South Bldg., BOSTON, MASS.
Phones: Liberty 7044 and 7945

B.V.D. UNDERWEAR
smart, cool, comfortable

Surround yourself with B. V. D. underwear, the world's best guarantee of quality, fit and wear. Whether it's B.V. D. union suits, drawers, or shirts and shorts (illustrated), you'll find it the smartest, the coolest, the most comfortable underwear that ever got close to your skin. Demand the world-famous red woven B. V. D. label.

B.V.D.
REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

B V D PRODUCTS—Union Suits, Coat Shirts and Knee Drawers, Pullover Shirts and Shorts, Knit Union Suits, Sweaters, Swim Suits and Pajamas.

PARAFFIN BASE FURNITURE POLISH
. . . not oily . . . quicker results

THE secret of Fuller Furniture Polish is the paraffin base. A quick, brisk rubbing gives a rich, glowing lustre. No wearing yourself out with wasted "elbow grease" to get rid of oily stickiness. And Dad will surely sneak it for the car. But you won't mind when you see what a fine polish it gives the car. Have the Fuller Brush Man supply you next time he calls. The Fuller Brush Company, Hartford, Connecticut.

FULLER BRUSHES
are sold only by
FULLER BRUSH MEN
who call at your home

The Filmo 70-D, here pictured, is the master of all personal movie cameras. Three-lens turret head. Seven speeds. Variable viewfinder. In Sesame-locked Manufacturers, $245 and up. Other Filmos as low as $92. Filmo Projectors, $130 up.

THE camera for those *who love fine things*

THERE are people who seek only the worthwhile, the enduring, in their working lives and in their leisure time. People who, because their tastes are fine, demand quality and permanence in the things they buy and use and enjoy.

For these people, Filmo Personal Movie Cameras are made. Because they demanded fine equipment for a fine purpose, Filmo has been so well constructed that *no Filmo has ever worn out*, so precisely and carefully engineered that it has inevitably meant better movies.

For these people, the fineness of Filmo is maintained. In these times, as in the past, no deviation is permitted from first quality in this camera made by Bell & Howell, for 25 years makers of the movie cameras used in professional studios.

Surely, the movies *you* take of your vacation trip, your children, your sports, deserve to be professionally fine. Mail the coupon for our book of first quality movie-making equipment: "What You See, You Get." And see the nearby Filmo dealer.

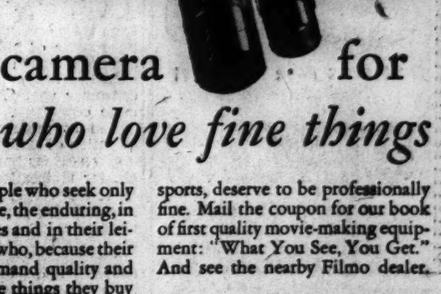
BELL & HOWELL
FILMO
PERSONAL MOVIE CAMERAS AND PROJECTORS

Made by the World's Leading Manufacturers of Fine Professional and Personal Motion Picture Equipment

BELL & HOWELL CO. 1805 Larchmont Ave., Chicago; New York, Hollywood, London. B&H Co. Ltd. Est. 1907. Filmo Cameras use Eastman Safety Film 16mm. in the yellow box, obtainable everywhere. Filmo Cameras and Projectors may be equipped under license of the Eastman Kodak Co. for Kodacolor movies in full color.

Bell & Howell Co. 1805 Larchmont Ave. Chicago
Please send me your book on personal movie making and equipment: "What You See, You Get."
Name _____
Street Address _____
City _____ State _____

PROFESSIONAL RESULTS WITH AMATEUR EASE



20% Discount
on All Permanent Waves for limited time only
Marcel Waving, Manicuring, Facials and all lines of Beauty Culture

Paul
OF FIFTH AVENUE
Telephone for Appointment
Volunteer 5-4984 and 4985
595 Fifth Ave., New York
Entrance on East 48th Street

HAVE you renewed your subscription to the Monitor? Prompt renewal insures your receiving every issue, and is a courtesy greatly appreciated by
The Christian Science Publishing Society

FASHIONS AND DRESSMAKING

Sports Modes for the Vacation

By HELENE VOLK

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

New York

APPEAL of life in the open is disclosed as late spring merges into summer, and on all sides is seen renewed interest in the practical essentials of outdoor comfort.

Foresight takes intelligent action first by realizing climatic conditions prevailing in the region selected for vacation. For this consideration an examination of weather extremes usually precedes any plan for clothing necessities, whether for a family or for the child or children being sent for a period to a vacation camp.

A vacation experience usually involves three divisions of appropriate clothing. First, correct, practical travel wear that survives vacation conditions and brings its wearer home in a proper set-up. Second, the actual lounging, working or playing garb for everyday wear. Third, the simple outfitting for visits to near-by points or for special social activity.

For Travel

Bulk is to be avoided. A practical list of requirements for a young person might read:

Light-weight wool dress of simplest type, or sweater, cardigan or blouse worn with a tweed skirt.
Light-weight but warm topcoat or jacket.
Raincoat of simplest type with rubberized beret or cap in pocket.
Sturdy shoes and hose, preferably in brown.
Felt hat or fabric beret.
Fabric gloves.

The hard-wear qualities of the fabrics in demand for tasks set up daily include the materials of such resistance as olive-drab drill or duck; a heavy cotton diagonal; oxford, a cotton cloth used for seamen's outfits and now coming into women's wear; also a light, firmly woven English flannel that is part cotton and at its best in a dark gray or medium blue.

Where the proximity of sea, lake or river brings on fogs or sudden dampness, the use of sweaters or cardigan jackets over practical working shirts or blouses becomes a necessity. A suit jacket will not do under true vacation conditions. The choice of easily-washed-out blouses and shirts takes on this year far greater practicality owing to the special balbriggan and mesh cotton specialties on the market.

Everyday Togs

For general utility wear that can withstand a six weeks or two months' outing devoted to work and play, students from 10 to 20 might consider the following list:

(a) Two sets of knickers in dark or medium colors required for variable weather conditions and quick changes.
(b) Two working shirts of lisle or mesh.
(c) Two working blouses of the open mesh, non-ironing order, or the rough wash-silk Shantungs.
(d) One overblouse of drill, piqué, linen or jersey.

Sweaters, as essential comfort factors, must hold to their sturdiest traditions for vacation life. The charming lacy or open-mesh novelties presented for country house and country club life, when considered in relation to the briers, twigs and brambles of camp experiences, must be forgone as a delusion and a snare, unless reserved strictly for visiting days.

An attractive novelty introduced this season is the soleil fabric felt jacket, a sleeveless affair in gay colors, designed for practical sports use. It comes in all sports shades, is waterproof, closes with zipper or clips, and can be worn with sleeved or sleeveless dresses or blouses.

Making the Working Outfit

Enjoyment may be experienced in making at home a practical knickers outfit with a windbreaker type of jacket-blouse. Nearly all of the pattern companies now feature a good model of this type. It may have a zipper front set in from waist to collar line, and a smart buckled belt for completion. One clever handling of vacation togs makes easy accomplishment for the amateur dressmaker, yet offers a professional looking outfit when completed. This result is achieved by adding to well cut knickers of any hard-wearing material of olive drab or green-brown, a good plain sweater, matched or of lighter or darker tone, to which a Peter Pan collar and five-inch cuffs of the knicker material have been added as a finishing touch. With this a striped or plaid tie may be worn effectively.

For Special Affairs

At least one festive change of dress is advised for the special occasion, especially under the stress of warmer weather than was experienced for the arrival in tailored woolen clothes, which otherwise would be correct and timely.

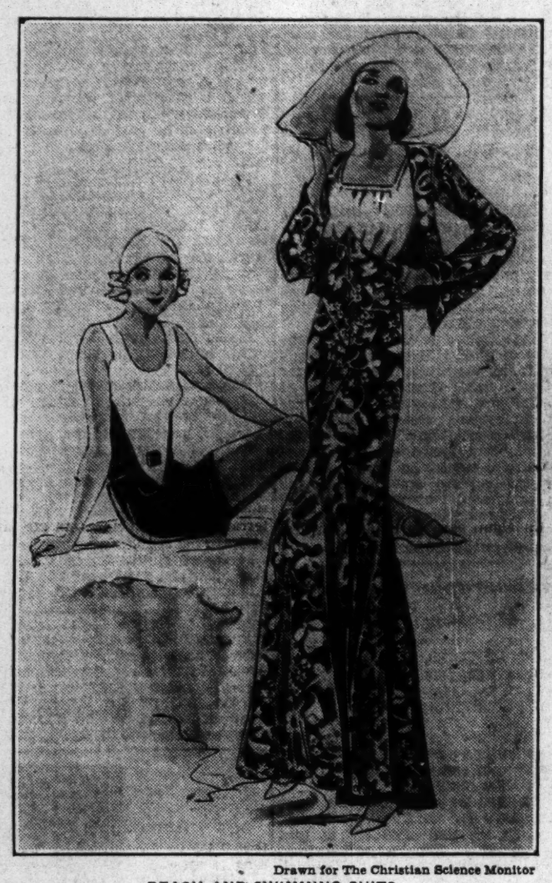
The visiting costume may, indeed, be a print ensemble of a well-organized wardrobe, worn at home before vacation season sets in. In case a practical sports ensemble is needed the requirement is met by a simple frock made at home, if need be, of an inexpensive wash silk or one of the much-approved cottons. The fastest of fast colors is a demanded essential.

White is taboo unless one of the easy-to-launder mesh cottons is selected. In this event an ensemble of smart practicality would consist of a white sports or semisports dress, utilizing with it a good navy jacket or coat possibly already a wardrobe feature. If with this popular combination (and modish, too!) a scarlet scarf was worn, to which is added a scarlet, white or navy beret, one of the most approved tri-color ensembles of this bicentennial year is achieved!

Should one possess a brown coat of light weight, a yellow frock might be added, a scarf and hat of nasturtium shades, or of the new yellow-greens, according to coloring and type, and again the ensemble is achieved with ease and distinction.

© The Christian Science Monitor Photos-Van Horn — Stadler — Forbath & Rejans

Left: Replacing Last Year's Print Ensemble With Dark Redingote Comes This Dashing Jacket Ensemble of Durene Cotton Mesh, a New Material Designed for Sustained Wear and With Remarkable Cold Water Washing Possibilities. The Shoe Is of Durene Mesh and Washable, as Are Hat and Tie. Center: A New Waterproof Material, Soleil Fabric Felt, Makes Its Bow in a Series of Gay Little Sports Jackets, Sleeveless, With Zipper Closing, Scarf, Tie and Monogrammed Pocket. The One Here Illustrated Is of Canary Yellow With Detail in Scarlet and Black. For Camp Wear or Holidays or Visiting Jaunts to Near-by Resorts It Offers Comfort and Colorful Smartness. (Courtesy of Franklin Simon). Right: With Every Nonessential Eliminated, This Ultra-Smart Cotton Mesh Meadowbrook Ensemble Is Washable, Requiring Care in Hanging on Its Hanger but No Ironing. It Represents a Novelty of Strong Appeal, Being Nonsag and Wrinkle-Proof. (Courtesy of B. Altman & Co.)



Drawn for The Christian Science Monitor

BEACH AND SWIMMING SUITS

Seen at the English Seaside Resorts

Beach suits of gayly patterned cretonne or shantung are still popular for wear at the seaside. In the becoming example above the laced-up corsage is attached to full pajama trousers over a blouse of cotton or silk. The little coatee can be worn over a simple bathing suit, such as is shown on the other figure. This suit is made of stockinet. In front the top forms a plastron in contrasting color. The cap is of rubber the same color as the top of the dress and is decorated with a rubber rosette on either side.

Standards in Buying

Written for The Christian Science Monitor

IT IS a fact, supported by statistics, that goods of a high grade have been more greatly reduced from their original selling price than have those of inferior quality. This situation should have the effect of checking hasty purchases by the consumer who is intent upon ultimate economies. Emphasis is often placed at present on price to the exclusion of quality and service.

Few seasons have set in our path greater temptations to buy for appearance alone. Perishable workmanship has never put up a more attractive face. The competitive price-cutting now under way is flooding the market with perishable merchandise and endangering the ultimate achievement of economy by the consumer. Those consumers who wish to buy wisely will do well to consider the quality of the basic material of the garments offered instead of being swept off their feet by some bargain trimming or ornament. For unless one has the ability and the time continually to make over garments, it is desirable to have them endure in their entirety and very foolish to purchase, for instance, a coat made of poor cloth for the sake of its showy fur trimming put on in the latest manner; or a dress with seams destined to fray immediately, for the sake of its appealing style points. Furthermore, goods produced at cut-throat prices involve reduced salaries and diminished employment. Indeed, this is a time rich in opportunity for directing serious thought upon the good breeding of wearing honestly constructed clothes, for whose design and manufacture something like a decent wage has been paid.

Fashion Nuggets

This is to be undoubtedly a white season, and the lusterless mode is in the greatest demand. Dull-white is carried out in hats, shoes, hose and accessories, as well as in frocks and coats.

Little boutonnieres, made of colored handkerchief linen, add a bit of color to the sports dress. Hats are also bedecked with these clever new ornaments.

Shopping for Children Made Pleasant

SOME of the smartest shops feature charming children's departments in order to make shopping more delightful for the child and simpler for the mother. Each shop has its special feature and method of amusing children. In many stores the rooms are done in the soft pastels children like, pink, blue or yellow, and the walls are often decorated with nursery motifs. Some department stores have toy corners with seesaws, a doll house, and many toys of all descriptions, from the simplest game of blocks to the most elaborate mechanical toy, and thus the dull moments of shopping are turned into frolicsome, skipping minutes.

Mothers also enjoy shopping more when they know their children are quiet and happy while the task of shopping is being performed. More and more small children are being taken on shopping trips and as a consequence the wee frocks and sturdy coats are selected with less conjecture and more care.

Children's clothes are so very lovely this season that shopping for them is anything but dull. For the first time in many seasons the rule that only pastel colors are correct for children has been abandoned. Instead, all the clear, bright colors, so cheerfully predominant during the winter for both grown-ups and children, appear in children's clothes. Sometimes they are combined in modernistic fashion with charming results.

A combination of two strong colors, or the use of one brilliant color with white is most effectively achieved in children's yoke frocks which are very much the mode this spring. The dress hangs in simple lines from the shoulder and its artistry depends entirely on the right combination of color. A tiny spray of handwork is the only trimming used, and unless the frock is of sheer, summery material, even this is unnecessary.

Some of the most charming frocks for small children are of white linen with yokes of bright green, blue, yellow, or cherry red. Conversely, gayly colored frocks with white yokes are smart. Color is also used in modernistic designs for children's play dresses. Three or four harmonious colors are joined in regular or irregular bands and border the hemline and neck.

Cotton is the material mothers are enthusiastic about. Its simplicity and quaint patterns make it especially attractive for diminutive frocks. Some of the cleverest small dresses and suits seen are made of cotton in its many variations, and along with its wearability, mothers know that it is the most suitable as well as the most practical material for children's clothes.

Linens are very attractive in pastels as well as clear, gay colors, and both heavy and sheer handkerchief linen is used for children's play clothes. Dainty frocks for the four and five-year-old child are made of organdie, dotted Swiss, dimity and embroidered cotton fabrics. Eyelet embroidered batiste makes many pretty dresses and is especially lovely when used either as yoke and hem of a plain dimity frock or as the body of the dress and trimmed with sheer organdie.

Courtesy of Columbia Yarn Company to The Christian Science Monitor
By McManus Studios

NOVEL COLLAR FOR SWEATER

Emphasizes the High-Necked Effect

When we are very young we appreciate a type of sweater that has so distinguishing a feature as this new circular collar. Many find it interesting to fashion one between swimming and sets of tennis, during the summer holiday, for wear at school during the autumn and winter.

To Gather Thin Goods

Many women make gathers by lengthening the machine stitch and afterward drawing the under thread to make the desired fullness, but there are some who may not know that when gathering very thin goods in this way it is best to make two lines of stitching, about ¼ of an inch apart and draw both under threads. It will not then be necessary to pull the gathers with the fingers, which otherwise sometimes is necessary with sheer materials and which often tears the goods.

A Pageant of Styles

By HELEN JOHNSON KEYES

Written for The Christian Science Monitor

THE world today is full of interesting and amusing pageantry. Ideas—such as they are—blossom on every enterprise. The purpose seems to be a dramatization of ordinary human pursuits, the heightening of interest by means of unexpected effects. Now that price-cutting has gone so far that the next logical step is for the retailer to bestow a premium on every woman who removes a smart costume from his display racks, other allurements are necessary besides economy and style—the latter being an attribute so universal today that it distinguishes the $5.95 price tag almost as convincingly as it does the haughty ticket which by adding a cipher brings the five to fifty.

To induce women to buy, the Fashion Group lately affirmed, the presentation of merchandise should compete with striking movie "sets," and overcome the disadvantages of static presentation by such devices as rotating stages and odd lighting effects.

These ingenuities are not, let it be clearly understood, designed to conceal imperfections of quality or styling. The idea—whether advisable or not—is perfectly honest and has no intent of misrepresentation, since on these stages, under these lights, the quality of merchandise would be laid bare.

On Board the Leviathan

It was in line with this present conviction that good things must be played up in a dramatic environment that very lately the Celanese Corporation of America held a fashion show on board the Leviathan. Although such use of a vessel in port is no longer a novelty, it does still contain a tang of salty exhilaration. At any rate, despite the fact that the day was very hot and that the neighborhood of the North River piers is neither dainty nor odoriferous, the writer humbly confesses that she set forth for the White Star Lines with a certain eagerness, quite in excess of that which would have directed her footsteps toward a hotel ballroom on a fashionable thoroughfare. Apparently she was but one sheep in a scurrying fold, for the show was jammed.

On board this sea-going colossus, in a saloon adorned with oil paintings of sixteenth-century ladies in rustic landscapes, were displayed by pretty mannequins to the syncopations of a 1932 orchestra the various types of costume which in the present year make summer summer. They were all fashioned, of course, of appropriate and attractive celanese weaves.

It was refreshing to begin with bathing costumes. These were all of jersanese. The high spot among them was the official Olympic pool pajama selected by the clothing committee of the American Olympic Games Committee for the use of the members of the American Olympic Women's Swimming Team during the coming Olympic Games at Los Angeles. Its trousers were of national blue, its blouse of white, and they were closed by talon side fasteners. Patriotism became complete by the introduction of red collars and cuffs, and in the center of the blouse was the official shield insignia.

Frocks for active sports in most cases chose for themselves celanese crêpe-caranese. But ripplanese and striped jersey also made smart appearances. On the spectator lines celanese crêpe-faillanese, shantunese, striped jersey, jersanese, held the interest of the crowds.

Tricks and Surprises

For the various activities of the more formal day, crêpes became glamorous and rippling (though the spelling of these qualities added a fashion subtlety to the clear intention); one felt that a crêpe by any other name would not seem quite so sweet. Some were printed, some striped, some polka-dotted, some plain.

What made most of the models interesting, aside from their weaves, were their tricky alliances, one fabric with another, one color with another, asymmetrical lines, and the unexpected evolution of trimming features into other details, such as lapels into belts; capelets into bodices; scarfs into jackets; shoulder straps into scarfs, and yokes into sleeves. Under a sober jacket a blouse burst forth with a fanfare of colors; under a prim bertha lurked a décolletage; under a bow, a transmutable neckline; under a shirtwaist a practical tennis frock.

The color contrasts were usually accomplished by skirts entirely of one color and tops entirely of another, very often the complementary hue. Pastel blue and pink; pink and brown (often cinnamon); blue and brown (usually seal); black and yellow; yellow and white; white and black; black and orange—all these and others struck up widely spaced harmonies. Contrast in textures was also effectively used. The most striking example of it was a black ciré jacquette worn with a white crêpe-Lidonese frock.

"Every dress a surprise!" might have been adopted as the slogan of these collections, which came from many of the leading New York and Brooklyn department stores.

Making One's Own Choice

And this matter of fashion appeal, based on startling ingenuities; of displays which compete with the screen and stage, brings us back to our original thesis, that the world might be a pleasanter place to live in were there less showmanship. If one's quiet, unstimulated judgment were more fully trusted, it might become more trustworthy! Dullness is by no means the necessary alternative of excitement. Very vivid pleasure may be experienced in forming well-balanced decisions. Indeed, those ideas and acts which evolve from within and are a summing up and externalization of experience and character, are likely to bestow more satisfaction on the individual than can the acceptance of an outside urge. However, much of the restless, excitable design now prevalent has a valuable idea behind it—the adaptability of one costume to several purposes. But it is worth while to weigh service against mere ingenuity, beauty against sensationalism.

Look for advertisement of local ENNA JETTICK DEALERS elsewhere in this issue.

ENNA JETTICK SHOES FOR WOMEN

YOU NEED NO LONGER BE TOLD THAT YOU HAVE AN EXPENSIVE FOOT

$5 $6

AAAAA to EEE
SIZES 1 to 12

You Cannot get away from your feet

Retain their beauty and youthfulness in accurately fitted

ENNA JETTICK SHOES

Listen to Enna Jettick Melodies coast to coast broadcast over WJZ and associated stations every Sunday evening

WRITE ENNA JETTICK SHOES, INC. AUBURN, N. Y.

PARIS, FRANCE
Mme Alexandre
COUTURE, TEA-GOWNS
LINGERIE, PYJAMAS.
5, RUE DES FILLES ST-THOMAS CIRO'S BUILDING PARIS DEAUVILLE

DON'T let falling hairpins spoil your CHARM

The NEW Sta-Rite Invisible Bobs are your best "alarm insurance"—they won't fall out. They hold the hair firmly, yet show they're colored to match your hair, they remain inconspicuous. Buy them at your favorite store.

STA-RITE HAIR PIN COMPANY

STA-RITE HAIR PINS

Strutwear Hosiery
TRY OUR No. 5580
STRUT-FLARE SOLE LACE TOP STOCKINGS
Retail at $1.00 a Pair
Retail Dealers Wanted
Write for Samples and Details of Exclusive Agency to
STRUTWEAR KNITTING COMPANY
MINNEAPOLIS, MINNESOTA

WHITTEMORE'S OIL PASTE POLISHES, SOFTENS AND PRESERVES SHOE POLISH

Sound Reasons for using Whittemore's OIL PASTE Shoe Polish

GREATER VALUE—Whittemore's larger sized container gives you more paste for your money.

EASY TO OPEN—Patented key flips top off instantly.

QUICKEST ACTING—Produces a lustrous, lasting shine in less time with less effort.

KEEPS LEATHER PLIANT—Prolongs the service of your shoes.

Whittemore Bros. Corp., Boston, Mass.

Whittemore's SHOE POLISHES

HAIR-NETS 30 FOR $1

Every Net Guaranteed 100% perfect. Finest Quality Human Hair. Single or Double Mesh Cap or Fringe. For Long or Bobbed Hair
Sent Postpaid. Agents Wanted.
Grey or White or Lavender. 12 for $1.00
International Commodities Company
22 EAST 17TH ST., NEW YORK CITY
9th Year in The Christian Science Monitor

Style Sketches

By FRANCES HAYS

This sleeveless, eyelet embroidered batiste owes its alluringness to its simple lines. Really an expensive fabric in pastel green, canary, blue, and pink, yet this dress is priced at only $1.95 at your department store. Ask for "Trixie" dress #1643. The makers are OSCOOD AND SONS Inc., Decatur, Illinois.

Mary Moore Frocks for Little Girls — Unusual Inexpensive Distinctive — 2 to 12 years
DAVENPORT IOWA

Selling these attractive dresses is a remunerative hobby with many society women, often for the benefit of a pet charity. Mothers are glad to know of such charming frocks. We may have a vacancy in your city. Please write us.

CHOOSING A GIFT For The Graduate

If you have a June gift problem to solve, why not make use of the timely guide to shopping—the advertisements in The Christian Science Monitor?

Here are messages from large metropolitan stores, interesting small shops, and manufacturers of worth-while products. They tell you what is new and smart in the way of gifts for the graduate.

By consulting the advertisements before you go shopping, you will save yourself many steps, and much time and effort. You will have the satisfaction of dealing with reliable merchants—and if you purchase a product nationally advertised in the Monitor, you know that it is just as represented and of good value.

THE HOME FORUM

Stars of Earth

THE poet Keats declared that, of all things, the most beautiful was the growing of the flowers. Times have changed since Keats's day, and the country is no longer at our doorstep; but, city dwellers though the majority of us have become, we are as deeply affected by our thought of earth's great seasonal happenings as ever our forefathers were to behold them from the window of a cottage or farmstead or manor, or as they walked the hills and pastures. There is abundant evidence of his modern feeling for the stars of earth, as another poet called the flowers; there are, for example, the countless square patches of garden in the residential quarters of any center of civilization, tended lovingly by spare-time gardeners who are contented and happy thus to be able to keep in touch with the soil, and all that comes from it. There are also the glimpses of flowers waving on the wind, vouchsafed to flowerless city dwellers in the lightning series of photographs known as "movies," and the sigh of pleasure that invariably ripples through their audience as they are flashed upon the screen.

Very different, of course, is this evidence from that which earlier ages supplied. Nevertheless, it is ample proof that we too have our response to the seasons, although circumstances may have prevented us from being on the spot to see the earth enriched by seedlings and harvest, buds, blossoms, and brown mold, tadpoles, nestlings, young woodland creatures and the splendid full-grown life of the wild. The only doubt is whether we of today are giving some distinctive sign by which the people of the future may know that we are as deeply affected when we think of, say, the springtime as John Keats was, as all the poets of the past have been—as, indeed, the common people themselves were, for their hearts so overflowed with the glamour of the year's renewal that they actually christened the months afresh as "Germinal, Floreal, Prairial," and so on. True, the new names did not endure: March, April, May, were well enough. But the good intention remains in the records. It stands to the credit of some past generation; it is proof that the season of which those months are characteristic was a living, lovely presence which simple-hearted men and women, with a garland of names, were moved to try to make still lovelier.

Always, when the world's heart has been moved, the people's voices have lifted. The sun sweeps across the swiftly greening earth, the west wind blows, the rain softens the frozen soil—and everyday man, as well as the poet, has instinctively expressed his rapture and amazement to behold the wonder. Listen to the poets:

"Spring shall come, come again, calling up the moor-fowl,
Spring shall bring the sun and rain, bring the bees and flowers;
Red shall the heather bloom over hill and valley
Soft flow the stream through the even-flowing hours" . . .

The very anticipation was enough to make Robert Louis Stevenson a singer of joy. Away back in Elizabethan times, old Thomas Nashe was just as joyous-hearted in his thoughts of spring:

"The fields breathe sweet, the daisies kiss our feet,
Young lovers meet, old wives a-sunning sit,
In every street these tunes our ears do greet:
Cuckoo, jug, jug, pu we, to witta too!
Spring, the sweet Spring!"

Sir William Watson is famed for the classical serenity of his poetry. Yet even he became sprightly as he contemplated April, with her "golden laughter":

"Let me go forth, and share
The overflowing Sun
With one wise friend, or one
Better than wise, being fair,
Where the peewit wheels and dips
On heights of bracken and ling,
And Earth, unto her leaflet tips,
Tingles with the spring."

And now listen to the everyday man. In whole communities he has united to salute the young year with praises; and never did ordinary people approach so nearly to the state of being poets, everyone of them, as when in their grateful fancy the warm breeze became Pan, his merry pipes sounding everywhere. The season itself was a sort of Dionysius; bind him fast though one may, he remains irresistible. You could no more restrain him than you could stop the flooding of sap in the forest branches.

We need only recall these personifications and symbols invented by true lovers of earth long ago, and they become a delicious medley. Baldur, the Beautiful, was smitten with the wintry mistletoe, and his Scandinavian kinsmen did not allow the smiting to dismay them. The Sleeping Beauty was pierced by an icy spindle, but she only slept, and the Prince kissed her awake in April. Zepthyrus danced with Chloris, and Orpheus was irresistible; and, above all, there were Demeter and Proserpina. For a long weary winter Demeter had been desolate, thinking of Proserpina, the daughter no longer with her, since Pluto had snatched her away while she was gathering flowers and carried her off to the lower regions! Often Demeter was awe-inspiring in her desolation, often wistful and tenderly sighing, concealing her tear-stained beauty beneath a veil.

Such a born mother Demeter was, however, that, as the legends tell us, she turned her lonely mind to another tender life, that of the boy Keleos, who flourished bravely in her care. And, suddenly, as she was finding solace in watching his growth, joy came back to her. Again she saw the world as young as that fostered boy; the blossoms quickened, the seedlings blazed out of the ground, for before her stood Proserpina, her own lost daughter, found! And in the spring she and Proserpina moved as of yore through the fields and woods; and, as they walked, they greeted the sprouting of the corn, the rising of the sap, the golden tumult of buds newly breaking into the ancient beauty.

Spring has one of its most perfect symbols in this reunion of Demeter and Proserpina, mother and daughter, for it is all so richly full of darkness and then, swiftly, "so bordering upon Elysium" with light. By the common people of a past age the story was invented, and how warmly the inventors must have glowed as they perfected the symbolism and realized its fittingness! Thus did the communities of other times transmute the stark, ungarnished elements of water, soil, and air into the richest harmonies of their fancy. And that fancy was so vivid among them that the figures they invented or adopted seemed as familiar to them as though they were actually moving and having their being among them. They would speak as familiarly of them as though they belonged to their own household. There is an Easter letter in preservation that was written from Athens about 2200 years ago, in which the unknown writer declares:

"It is in our hearts to be glad at this time when the earth, the fertile mother of all, is full of new life. We who have learned from Socrates would not in any wise scoff at those who find delight in the tale of Dionysius, who broke the bonds of his captivity, or of Persephone, who returned at this time from Hades to make glad the maternal heart of Demeter, or in any such tales which are in the minds of all."

What living and affectionate intimacy that letter bespeaks between its writer and the spring of the year! Is the intimacy of our later time being expressed in ways that are equally worthy? Do our letters to our friends convey any sign that we still think of the growing of the flowers as the most beautiful thing of all; and, because it is the most beautiful, therefore as near to our thoughts as ever? Let us take care lest we become so silent that the historians of the future find no evidence of anyone among us, except a stray poet here and there, having felt any particular interest in the season of Demeter and Dionysius! To excuse ourselves on the plea that the theme is hackneyed and outworn is to confess our estrangement from earth. Hackneyed, outworn? What is this little lyric but hackneyed?—"Hither, my love, hither here I am, here; the winter is over and gone; arise my love, my fair one, arise and come away!" It is ancient enough in all truth; but no poet who has rejoiced to see the stars of earth a-glitter in the spring ever sang anything different from or more original than that.

THOMAS MOSHER.

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

Founded 1908 by MARY BAKER EDDY

An International Daily Newspaper

Published daily, except Sundays and holidays, by THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE PUBLISHING SOCIETY, 107 Falmouth Street, Boston, Mass.

Communications regarding the conduct of this newspaper, articles and illustrations for publication should be addressed to THE EDITORIAL BOARD OF THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

If the return of manuscripts is desired, each manuscript must be accompanied by a stamped and addressed envelope, but the Monitor Editorial Board does not hold itself responsible for such communications.

Subscription price, payable in advance, postpaid to all countries: One year . . $9.00 Three months $2.25 Six months . $4.50 One month . . . 75c Single copies, 3 cents

Member of the Associated Press

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use or republication of all telegraph and local news credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper.

All rights of republication of special dispatches herein are reserved to The Christian Science Publishing Society.

The Christian Science Monitor is on sale in Christian Science Reading Rooms throughout the world.

Those who may desire to purchase the Monitor regularly from any news stand where it is not on sale are requested to notify The Christian Science Publishing Society.

Cost of remailing copies of the Monitor is as follows:

Foreign		United States	
14 pages	3c	14 pages	2c
16 to 22 pages	4½c	16 to 22 pages	3c
32 pages	7½c	24 to 30 pages	4c
Including Canada, Newfoundland and any Pan-American countries.		32 pages	5c

NEWS OFFICES

WASHINGTON: 1281-1287 National Press Building, Washington, D. C.
EASTERN: 270 Madison Ave., New York City.
CENTRAL: Room 1058, 332 South Michigan Avenue, Chicago
PACIFIC: 625 Market St., San Francisco.
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA: 210 West Seventh Street, Los Angeles.
EUROPEAN: 2, Adelphi Terrace, London.
PARIS: 3, Avenue de l'Opéra.
BERLIN: Unter den Linden 59A.
GENEVA: 16 rue du Mont Blanc.
ROME: Via Pontanella di Borghese 23.
VIENNA: Reisnerstrasse 42/8 Vienna III.
AUSTRALASIAN: Perpetual Trustees Buildings, 100-104 Queen Street, Melbourne, Victoria, Australia.

BRANCH ADVERTISING OFFICES

New York . . . 270 Madison Avenue
Detroit . . 3-101 General Motors Bldg.
Chicago . . . . . 1058 McCormick Bldg.
Miami . . . . . 1229 Ingraham Bldg.
St. Louis . . 1128 Rwy. Exchange Bldg.
Kansas City 405 Nat'l Fid. Life Bldg.
San Francisco 625 Market Street
Los Angeles 210 West Seventh Street
Seattle . . . . . 634 Skinner Bldg.
London . . . . . 1 and 2, Adelphi Terrace
Paris . . . . . 3, Avenue de l'Opéra
Berlin . . . . . Unter den Linden 59A
Florence . . . . . Via Magenta 11

Advertising rates given on application. While endeavoring to accept only reliable advertisements, The Christian Science Publishing Society will not be responsible to the public for advertisements and the right to decline or discontinue any advertisement is reserved.

CIRCULATION SERVICE BUREAUS

NEW ENGLAND: 107 Falmouth Street, Boston, Mass.
EASTERN: 270 Madison Avenue, New York City.
CENTRAL: Room 1058, 332 So. Michigan Avenue, Chicago.
WESTERN: 911 Van Nuys Building, Los Angeles.
EUROPEAN: 1 and 2, Adelphi Terrace, London.

Published by THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE PUBLISHING SOCIETY

Boston, Mass., U. S. A.

Publishers of

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE JOURNAL.
CHRISTIAN SCIENCE SENTINEL.
THE HERALD OF CHRISTIAN SCIENCE
(German Edition)
(French Edition)
(Scandinavian Edition)
(Dutch Edition)
(Braille Edition)
CHRISTIAN SCIENCE QUARTERLY

Mrs. Audubon's Practical Competence

"Lucy Bakewell Audubon," wrote one who knew her intimately—Dr. George Bird Grinnell, the founder of the original Audubon Society—but who, in view of the part he has played in perpetuating her husband's fame, could hardly be accused of unduly magnifying Mrs. Audubon's talents, "was a fit mate for her great husband, for her steadfastness and determination supplied qualities which in some degree he lacked. I believe that of the two she was the stronger—as she was the better balanced character. If she did not have her husband's vivacity, charm, versatility and artistic talent, she possessed characteristics more important: the forces to keep him up to his work, the faith to cheer his heart when discouraged, the industry and patience to earn money that he might continue the struggle, and the unyielding will to hold the family together. It was largely through her assistance and support that he at last won success. Madame Audubon was a most kindly, gentle, benignant woman. She was loved and admired by every one. . . ."

Audubon was indeed thrice blessed, for Lucy Bakewell Audubon not only loved him and had absolute faith in him, but in addition she was a veritable paragon of practicality. From the very beginning of their acquaintance she had sensed the true import of his talents, and from the day when he first confided his ambition to her, she never once wavered in her belief that he was right in his estimate of what he could, and should do, and that the world was wrong. And when the world rendered its first Audubon verdict—that he was not merely a failure, but a trifling and indolent man, who had wasted the best years of his life and would never amount to anything, she still insisted that the world was wrong. And that she lived to see him prove to the world that he was right and that she had not been mistaken in her judgment of him, was due as much to her practical competence as it was to her sublime faith.

For with courage and fortitude she took upon her shoulders virtually the entire responsibility of supporting herself and her children, and carried that burden for years, in order that her husband might be free to continue his ornithological studies. And so successful was she, particularly as a teacher, that eventually she was earning close to three thousand dollars a year—and that it should be remembered was in the 1820's, not the 1930's! And when the time came it was Lucy Bakewell Audubon who provided the big part of the fund needed to launch John James Audubon upon his epochal undertaking. — EDWARD A. MUSCHAMP, in "Audacious Audubon."

By Permission of Messrs. Bull & Sanders, London, to The Christian Science Monitor

The Haunt of the Jay: From a Color Print (Woodcut) by William Giles

A NEW color print by Mr. William Giles is important to those interested in this charming medium, and for two reasons. In the first place, it is a comparatively rare occurrence; and, secondly, which is the deeper cause of one's pleasurable anticipations, Mr. Giles's work always bears witness to his considerable skill. Most of his prints are the outcome, not only of his own marked individuality, but of close and observant study and of repeated trials until he attains his artistic intention.

Mr. Giles generally centers his interest upon some object, usually a bird and frequently one of gorgeous plumage, such as a peacock or a silver pheasant, or, as in this instance, a jay. He makes repeated preliminary sketches and studies, working out various color schemes and scrapping unhesitatingly anything of which his keen and cultured judgment does not approve.

In the Haunt of the Jay there is a blending of delicate tones: a reddish grey, pure white and velvety black, with a lovely blue and other intermediate shades harmonizing with faultless skill. The tender green of the early spring birches are patterned against an almost Japanesque expanse of softly bluish-green water.

The Annual Drama

Ever upon this stage
Is acted God's calm annual drama:
Gorgeous processions, songs of birds,
Sunrise that fullest feeds and freshens most the soul;
The heaving sea, the waves upon the shore, the musical, strong waves,
The woods, the stalwart trees, the slender, tapering trees;
The lilliput countless armies of the grass;
The heat, the showers, the measureless pasturages,
The scenery of the snows, the winds' free orchestra;
The stretching light-hung roof of clouds, the clear cerulean and the silvery fringes,
The high dilating stars, the placid beckoning stars,
The moving flocks and herds, the plains and emerald meadows—
The shows of all the varied lands and all the growths and products.

—From "Leaves of Grass," by WALT WHITMAN.

One of Mozart's Greatest Letters

An extraordinary personal atmosphere emanates from his letters, and, to close our account of them, we will quote the famous letter to a certain Baron in which he gives precious indications as to his method of work. "When I am as it were completely myself, entirely alone, and of good cheer—say, travelling in a carriage, or walking after a good meal, or during the night when I cannot sleep; it is on such occasions that my ideas flow best and most abundantly. Whence and how they come, I know not; nor can I force them. Those ideas that please me I retain in memory, and am accustomed, as I have been told, to hum them to myself. If I continue in this way, it soon occurs to me how I may turn this or that morsel to account, so as to make a good dish of it, that is to say agreeably to the rules of counterpoint, to the peculiarities of the various instruments, etc.

"All this fires my soul, and, provided I am not disturbed, my subject enlarges itself, becomes methodized and defined, and the whole, though it be long, stands almost complete and finished in my mind, so that I can survey it, like a fine picture or a beautiful statue—at a glance. Nor do I hear in my imagination the parts successively, but I hear them, as it were, all at once. What a delight this is I cannot tell! All this inventing, this producing, takes place in a pleasing lively dream. Still, the actual hearing of the *tout ensemble* is, after all, the best. What has been thus produced I do not easily forget, and this is, perhaps, the best gift I have my Divine Maker to thank for.

"When I proceed to write down my ideas, I take out of my bag of memory, if I may use that phrase, what has been previously collected into it in the way I have mentioned. For this reason the committing to paper is done quickly enough, for everything is, as I said before, already finished; and it rarely differs on paper from what it was in my imagination. At this occupation I can, therefore, suffer myself to be disturbed; for whatever may be going on around me, I write, and even talk, but only of fowls and geese, or of Gretel or Bärbel, or some such matters. But why my productions take from my hand that particular form and style that makes them Mozartish, and different from the works of other composers, is probably owing to the same cause which renders my nose so large or so aquiline, or, in short, makes it Mozart's, and different from those of other people. For I really do not study or aim at any originality."

It will be conceded that this is a unique account, in his own words, of a great artist at work, and it answers precisely those questions that are most puzzling, such as, for instance, how he managed to compose while people were playing games, or talking on every side of him. This is, necessarily, one of the most interesting of all his letters, but the whole correspondence, for too long kept back from complete translation into our language by an excessive critical prudery, has a real literary value of its own, apart from the fact that it was Mozart who wrote the letters. In fact, he comes out of this correspondence as one of the great letter-writers of the world.—SACHEVERELL SITWELL, in "Mozart."

Closer Links

One strain of music, and the silence closes
About it, as the loosely-shuttered dusk
Curves parted fingers in the western sky;
Each clear-remembered note remains suspended,
A rift of brightness in the summer night.
The fishing-boats are still; the mountain slumbers;
The lights of Naples glimmer, tiny, far—
The cypresses are kind, the garden fragrant;
Your face shines pale against the paneled dark,
Lo, as we stand together in a stillness
Words must not break with halting threnody—
Again the liquid music—joyous, springing—
It links us closer than our eager hands.

MARJORIE FAIRBANKS HOLT.

La Ley

Traducción del artículo sobre la Ciencia Cristiana publicado en inglés en esta página

LA CIENCIA CRISTIANA enseña que Dios es el único legislador y que Su ley es la única ley. Enseña, además, que, puesto que Dios es Amor, Su ley es amante y benéfica y puede resultar sólo en bien. ¿Cuáles son, pues, se puede preguntar, aquellas supuestas leyes que parecen resultar en mal? Estas supuestas leyes, la Ciencia Cristiana explica, no son leyes; son meramente suposiciones y pueden ser corregidas y anuladas por el entendimiento y la aplicación apropiada de la ley de Dios.

Las supuestas leyes materiales pueden compararse a lo que en los Estados Unidos se designaría como leyes inconstitucionales. Puesto que la Constitución de los Estados Unidos es "la ley suprema del país", cualquier decreto emitido por el Congreso en violación de los términos de la Constitución es nulo e inválido. En otras palabras, una ley inconstitucional no es ley.

Ilustremos eso por un caso imposible: supongamos que el Congreso emitiera un decreto estableciendo cierta religión como la religión de los Estados Unidos, imponiendo una multa a todo aquel que adorara a Dios de acuerdo con las doctrinas de otra religión. Bien se puede suponer que por un período de años muchas personas serían castigadas bajo ese decreto. Pero si alguien enterado de la Constitución de los Estados Unidos fuera amenazado con una pena de prisión por un culto en violación del decreto, apelaría inmediatamente a la Constitución. Señalaría que el Primer Suplemento a la Constitución decreta que "el Congreso no puede hacer ley respecto al establecimiento de una religión o a la prohibición de libre práctica de ella", y que el decreto siendo una violación de aquella provisión debe de ser nulo e inválido. Así, probando la calidad inconstitucional de aquel decreto, ganaría su libertad.

A este punto se pudiera preguntar: ¿Qué es de aquellos que sufrieron multa y prisión bajo aquel decreto, antes de que fué probado inconstitucional? ¿Era su sufrimiento el resultado de una ley? ¡Claro que no! porque, en vista de que el Congreso no tenía el poder de pasar una ley tal, aquel decreto no era nunca ley.

Durante muchos siglos los mortales han sufrido pena, desconsuelo y escasez, y han atribuído sus sufrimientos a una ley. Pero Mary Baker Eddy, por su estudio consagrado de la Biblia, descubrió que cualquier ley, que resultaría en sufrimiento o escases, no podía ser de acuerdo con la naturaleza y el carácter del universo de Dios. Leyó, por ejemplo, en el primer capítulo del Génesis que Dios creó al hombre según Su propia imagen y le dió dominio sobre toda la tierra. Vió que las leyes de la materia, si fueran válidas, privarían al hombre de aquel dominio. Comprendió que Dios, siendo omnipotente, es la autoridad suprema, y que no hay ley existente en oposición a Su voluntad. Concluyó muy lógicamente, por lo tanto, que la supuesta ley material es, para usar sus propias palabras, "nada más que una creencia de la mente mortal y no un decreto de la sabiduría, y que el hombre no tiene más que protestar contra esta creencia para anularla" (Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures, pág. 384).

En algún caso particular, tal vez, alguien pueda creer que ha heredado cierta enfermedad, y que no puede escapar la pena que esta supuesta ley hereditaria, obrando por aquella enfermedad, quisiera imponerle. Si la ley hereditaria fuera ley de verdad, una protesta contra ella no pudiera cambiar o contrarrestar su operación. Pero la ley hereditaria material no es ley; porque el Amor divino, el único legislador, no podría imponer a sus hijos un requerimiento tan cruel como lo implicaría un padecimiento hereditario. No es su voluntad que nadie sufra o se muera. "No quiero la muerte del que muere, dice el Señor Jehová; convertíos pues, y viviréis" (según la versión castellana de la Biblia de Cipriano de Valera). Debieramos de volvernos de las supuestas leyes hereditarias y patológicas y refutar su validez con la ley irresistible de la Vida. "No creas en ninguna supuesta necesidad para pecado, enfermedad o muerte", escribe Mrs. Eddy (ibidem, pág. 253), "sabiendo (como debieras de saber) que Dios nunca requiere obediencia a una supuesta ley material, puesto que ninguna ley de esa índole existe."

Aunque la supuesta ley hereditaria no es ley, parecería tener la fuerza de ley para alguien que la considere como tal y que dé su consentimiento mental a su pretensión de poder. ¿"No sabéis", pregunta San Pablo el Apóstol, "que á quien os prestáis vosotros mismos por siervos para obedecerle, sois siervos de aquel á quien obedecéis?" Pero el que entendiendo que esa supuesta ley hereditaria no es ley, proteste inteligentemente contra aquella creencia de que es ley, puede anular y destruir su aparente autoridad tan seguramente como la protesta inteligente del abogado puede anular una ley inconstitucional probándola como inconstitucional. Así pasa que el estudiante de la Ciencia Cristiana, en la medida que entiende la ley de Dios, es capaz de demostrar la falsedad de toda ley material, ganando así su libertad por la obediencia a la ley espiritual.

Información respecto á la literatura de la Ciencia Cristiana publicada en este idioma puede obtenerse dirigiéndose a la Casa Editorial de la Ciencia Cristiana (The Christian Science Publishing Society).

The Spring Flows Clear Again

The little spring flows clear again
While I stand looking close to see
What clouded it. If wings were here
To splash the silver merrily
They flew before I came too near.

And if a fawn had rubbed its nose,
Thrust deep in silver running cool,
Upon the bottom of the spring,
It heard me wading in the pool
Of shadow where the thrushes sing.

The little spring flows clear again,
But now is clouded in my mind
The flight of wings that went away—
And something that I came to find
Was loveliness afraid to stay.

—GLENN WARD DRESBACH, in "Selected Poems."

Law

Written for The Christian Science Monitor

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE teaches that God is the only lawmaker, and that His law is the only law. It teaches, furthermore, that since God is Love, His law is loving and beneficent and can result only in good. What, then, it may be asked, are the so-called laws that seem to result in evil? These seeming laws, Christian Science explains, are not laws; they are merely beliefs, and they can be corrected and annulled by the understanding and proper application of the law of God.

Material laws, so called, may be likened to what are known in the United States as unconstitutional laws. Since the Constitution of the United States is "the supreme law of the land," a statute passed by Congress in violation of the terms of the Constitution is null and void. In other words, an unconstitutional law is not a law.

To illustrate by an impossible case: we might suppose that Congress should pass a statute establishing a certain religion as the religion of the United States, and imposing a penalty upon anyone who should worship God in accordance with the teachings of any other religion. We might suppose that over a period of years many persons would be punished under that statute. But should someone familiar with the Constitution of the United States be threatened with imprisonment for worshiping in violation of the statute, he would immediately appeal to the Constitution. He would point out that the First Amendment to the Constitution provides that "Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof," and that the statute, being in violation of that provision, must therefore be null and void. Thus, by proving the unconstitutionality of the statute, he would gain his freedom.

Then it might be asked, What of those who suffered fine and imprisonment under that statute before it was shown to be unconstitutional? Was their suffering the result of law? Obviously not; for, since Congress lacked the power to establish any such law, that statute never was a law.

For many centuries mortals have been suffering pain and discomfort and lack, and have attributed their suffering to law. But Mary Baker Eddy, through her consecrated study of the Bible, discovered that any law that would result in suffering or lack could not be in accord with the nature and character of God's universe. She read in the first chapter of Genesis, for example, that God made man in His own image, and gave him dominion over all the earth. She saw that the laws of matter, if valid, would deprive man of that dominion. She realized that God, being omnipotent, is the supreme authority, and that no law exists in opposition to His will. She very logically concluded, therefore, that material law, so called, is, to use her own words, "but a belief of mortal mind, not an enactment of wisdom, and man has only to enter his protest against this belief in order to annul it" (Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures, p. 384).

In a particular case someone may believe that he has inherited a certain disease, and that he cannot escape the penalty which the so-called law of heredity, acting through that disease, would impose upon him. If heredity were a law, protesting against it could not change or arrest its operation. But material heredity is not a law; for divine Love, the only lawmaker, could not impose upon His children so cruel a requirement as the claim of heredity involves. It is not His will that any should suffer and die. "I have no pleasure in the death of him that dieth, saith the Lord God: wherefore turn yourselves, and live ye." We should turn from the so-called laws of heredity and disease, and dispute their validity with the irresistible law of Life. "Do not believe in any supposed necessity for sin, disease, or death," writes Mrs. Eddy (*ibid.*, p. 253), "knowing (as you ought to know) that God never requires obedience to a so-called material law, for no such law exists."

Although heredity is not a law, it will appear to have the force of law for one who regards it as such, and who gives his mental assent to its claim of power. "Know ye not," asks Paul the Apostle, "that to whom ye yield yourselves servants to obey, his servants ye are to whom ye obey?" But he who, understanding that such heredity is not a law, intelligently protests against the belief that it is a law, can nullify and destroy its seeming authority just as surely as the lawyer's intelligent protest can nullify an unconstitutional law by proving its unconstitutionality. Thus it is that the student of Christian Science, in the measure that he understands God's law, is enabled to demonstrate the falsity of all material law, and so gain his freedom through obedience to spiritual law.

[In another column will be found a translation of this article into Spanish.]

Water-Tunnels of the Desert Plateau

There are many strange and surprising things in Persia, but the most surprising and wonderful of them all are the *qan'ats*—the subterranean aqueducts. *Qan'ats* are peculiar to Persia—something the traveller from the West has never seen before—a new feature on the landscape. Seen from the air for the first time, they look like the footprints of some monster mastodon, or gigantic mole-hills or, when the aeroplane flies low, like those super-enlarged photographs which scientists sometimes show of a stone dropped in liquid of varying density. To be alone in a plane, with no one to explain the reason of their presence on the earth's surface, for mile after mile, presents a tantalizing insolvable problem. . . .

One is almost inclined to think that the burthen of the nightingale's song in these gardens is not always of the rose, but of the *qan'at*-makers of the desert. The men who make them are among the finest of Persia's patriots. They are its unsung heroes. They work and spend much of their lives in the dreary desert, working either in the fierce rays of the sun, or down underground, standing in the water, digging new tunnels and keeping the old ones in repair, thus warding off the enemy "thirst" which, in Persia, for ever wages a never-ending battle with the people.

The cost of these *qan'ats* is very great. Generally, they have been made by rich and influential Persians in the past. A *mukanni-bashi* or water-finder is first employed to locate the spring. On finding the water, the professional *qan'at*-makers, possessing but few and simple instruments, sink shafts with the greatest precision. The master *qan'at*-maker, who is called a *moghamis*, generally guesses or realizes the probable existence of a subterranean spring near the foot of the mountain where the snow water of the winter has percolated, and here he sinks what he calls the "mother well." When the water is located, there begins a very precise level survey with the simplest of tools—a piece of string and a triangular wooden level. He then begins at the other end where the water is required. Between these two points, about twenty yards apart, a series of shafts is sunk and the tunnel or subterranean aqueduct is thus not merely connected up, but ventilated as well. The soil is brought up in skins and heaped around the circular shaft top about two or three feet high, which give them their curious appearance from a distance. More than this, the first or original well may be as much as four hundred feet deep. When it is realized that the next shaft is only a few yards apart, and that this process is pursued for many miles, until the level of the plain is reached, it is impossible not to praise the peasant for his powers of application and industry. . . .

Although the tunnel slopes, the shafts are bored quite vertical by the use of a suspended plumb-line. This slope is carefully calculated so that the water flows gently to its destination, which is often many miles distant from the mountain. Nor is the making of the *qan'at* the end of the job. It must regularly be kept free from obstacles, since there are no underground pipes to bear the wear and tear of the action of the water; before it eventually reaches the *sbambar* in the town or the tank in the garden.—FRED RICHARDS, in "A Persian Journey."

SCIENCE AND HEALTH

With Key to the Scriptures

by MARY BAKER EDDY

The original, standard, and only Textbook on Christian Science Mind-healing, is published in the following editions:—

Library Edition, cloth . . $3.00
Vest Pocket Edition, black or blue morocco, Bible paper 3.00
Stiff Leather Edition, same paper as library edition 4.00
Students' Edition, with index to marginal headings, black or blue morocco, Oxford India Bible paper 4.00
Pocket Edition, black or blue morocco, Oxford India Bible paper 5.00
Edition de Luxe, black or blue levant, heavy Oxford India Bible paper, wide margins . . . 8.50
Large Type Edition, black morocco, Bible paper 11.50
Braille Edition, Grade One and a Half, for the Blind. 5 vols. 12.50

FRENCH TRANSLATION

Library Edition, cloth . . $3.50
Pocket Edition, cloth, Oxford India Bible paper 4.50
Pocket Edition, black morocco, Oxford India Bible paper 7.50

GERMAN TRANSLATION

Library Edition, cloth . . $3.50
Pocket Edition, cloth, Oxford India Bible paper 4.50
Pocket Edition, black morocco, Oxford India Bible paper 7.50

The book may be read or purchased at Christian Science Reading Rooms throughout the world, or sent prepaid to any address.

Other works by Mrs. Eddy may also be read or purchased at Christian Science Reading Rooms. A complete catalogue sent on request.

Address orders and make remittances payable to

HARRY L. HUNT
Publishers' Agent
107 Falmouth St., Boston, U. S. A.

STOCKS PUSH FORWARD IN QUIET MARKET

Chemical and Utility Shares Conspicuous in the Advance

NEW YORK, June 15 (AP)—Financial markets pushed quietly but steadily forward in Wall Street today, in response to banking advices that the drain upon American gold stocks was virtually at an end. The chemical and utility shares were prominent.

Stocks registered numerous gains of 1 to 5 points or so, as bonds went ahead under leadership of United States Governments, and bank stocks were strong over the counter. Principal commodity markets also developed a better tone.

The market ran into some profit-taking in the later trading but the closing tone was strong.

Auburn, after advancing 9½ points to 75, cut its gain in two and then rallied again.

U. S. Steel, American Telephone, American Can, Allied Chemical, Santa Fe, Union Pacific, Pullman, New York Central, Eastman and Case were up 1 to 2 net. Macy's gain was more than 3.

Transactions increased to about 1,200,000 shares.

The midweek business and trade statistics were if anything somewhat more encouraging than last week.

Business Conditions

Electric power production in the week ended June 11 was off 11½ per cent from last year, compared with a shrinkage of more than 12 through April and May. Iron Age said steel production was off a point to 19 per cent of capacity, but spoke of a possible summer upturn, should political and financial uncertainties be lifted.

The weekly petroleum statistics showed a slight gain in crude output, but further shrinkage in gasoline in storage. International banking quarters were not much concerned over the Lausanne conference, feeling that permanent solution of the debt problem may be postponed to autumn.

Among individual shares, Auburn continued to gyrate rather wildly, despite Professor Ripley's characterization of the market performance of that issue as "outrageous" before the Senate committee yesterday. Macy advanced sharply on ordering of the regular dividend, and Kansas City Southern preferred was helped by payment of a 50-cent dividend, although this was half the previous payment.

Bond Market Strong

United States Government issues were active and strong today, imparting a somewhat more cheerful tone to other categories.

Renewed interest in the Federals was attributed to the announcement France and other European centers virtually had completed their withdrawal of gold balances from this country, leaving American reserves still in the ascendancy.

Under the circumstances leading financiers declare it is ridiculous even to imagine the United States would abandon the gold standard. At the same time foreign exchanges continued to decline in relation to the dollar, and there were reports Europeans were quietly buying securities in this market.

Domestic corporation bonds failed to follow the Federals, although they held comparatively steady in dull trading. It was learned that the new American Securities Investing Corporation, with its capital of $100,000,000, is feeling its way in the market, and is having difficulty in picking up any sizable blocks of bonds at current prices. The market was declared to be unusually thin.

Gains of ½ to more than a point were recorded by Treasury loans, the 3¼s and 3s being in greatest demand. German obligations were quiet, after their spurt of yesterday. French and British issues again sagged, but the Australians and Austrians were firmer.

REDUCED OUTPUT IS REPORTED BY STEEL INDUSTRY

The steel industry has again curtailed production, being unable to maintain even its recent low operating rates in the face of financial and political uncertainties that are throttling virtually every activity upon which the steel mills depend for business, says the Iron Age.

Ingot output this week is not above 18 per cent, the daily output having fallen fully 4000 tons below that of May.

Only in the Youngstown district has there been any improvement, and that has been slight. There have been losses in production at Chicago, Cleveland, Wheeling, Detroit and in eastern Pennsylvania.

Detroit capacity, which, with the support of automobile orders, has been engaged at 81 per cent of ingot capacity, is now at 75 per cent.

The Pittsburgh district is barely holding at 15 per cent. A few of the larger steel companies are producing steel at not much, if any, above 15 per cent.

BOSTON STOCKS

Closing Prices

Sales		High	Low	Last June 15	Last June 14
32	Allied Kid	53	53	53	..
747	Am T&T	88½	86½	87¾	85¼
80	Avia Sec	2	2	2	..
5	Big Sanf	8½	8½	8½	..
30	Bos E	61½	61	61½	62¼
10	B&M A sta.	4¼	4¼	4¼	..
67	B&M B sta	5	5	5	5
96	B&M pr pf	15½	15	15	..
191	Cop Range	1¾	1½	1½	1¾
20	East SS	6¼	4¼	6¼	6¼
50	E G&Fuel	3½	3½	3½	3½
25	*E G&P pf	35	34	35	35
53	*E A&P prpf	50½	49	49	..
25	E Mass A	1¼	1¼	1¼	..
50	Edison Elec	140	139	139	139
30	Em Asso	5	5	5	5
63	First Nat S	42¾	42¾	42¾	41
205	Gen Capital	10½	10¼	10¼	..
318	Gen Elec Sp	10½	10¾	10½	..
80	Nash	10½	10½	10½	..
1	NE Equit pf	68½	68½	68½	68½
156	NE Tel	77	76	77	76½
8	Old Colony	50	50	50	51
15	Pac Mills	3¾	3¾	3¾	4¼
200	Quincy Min	12¾	12½	12½	12¼
100	Shannon	.03	.03	.03	..
148	Shawmut	4½	4¼	4¼	..
30	Stone Web	6¾	6½	6½	6¾
340	Swift & Co	10¼	10	10	9¾
200	Torrington	25¼	24¾	24¾	24¾
23	Uni Found	.75	.75	.75	.75
368	Uni Shoe	28¾	28	28	28½
10	Uni Shoe pf	36	36	36	37¾

*Ex-dividend.

BONDS

$1000	E Mass 4½s	94	94	94	94¼

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET

Closing Prices

1932 High	1932 Low	Div. in $		Sales	High	Low	Last June 15	Last June 14
5¾	5¼	..	Adams Express	200	5¼	5¼	5¼	..
70	23½	.8	Adams Exp pf	200	24½	23½	24¼	24
16¼	4½	1.60	Affiliated Prod	100	8½	8½	8½	8½
62½	34½	4½‡	Air Reduction	13400	42¾	40¼	41¾	39½
10¾	8½	.50	Alaska-Juneau	2300	9¼	8½	9¼	8½
3½	⅝	..	Alleghany Corp	1800	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝
7¾	4¾	..	Allegh pf ww EXE	700	1½	1	1	..
87½	43½	6‡	Allied Chem	7200	85½	83¾	84¼	83
13¾	4	.50	Allis Chalmers	200	6¼	6	6½	6½
18½	12	2	Amerada	300	14½	14½	14½	..
18½	8	..	Am Bank Note	100	7¾	7¾	7¾	..
3½	½	..	Am Beet Sug pf	10	1¾	1¾	1¾	3½
15½	6¾	.60	Am Brake &F	500	7	7	7	..
90	43	7	Am Brake &F pf	110	45	45	45	42
73½	35½	5‡	Am Can	49700	41½	39	40½	38½
8¾	3¾	..	Am Car & Fdry	100	3¾	3¾	3¾	..
49¾	20	7	Am Car & F pf	150	23¼	21¾	23¼	20
37¾	18	3‡	Am Chicle	600	23¾	21¾	22	..
14	11	..	Am Com Alcohol	2300	13½	12	13¾	14½
9¼	2	..	Am & For Pow	800	2½	2⅜	2⅜	2¼
38½	5	..	Am & For Pow 7	400	6¾	6⅜	6⅜	..
77¼	29¾	..	Am & For Pw 2pf	100	3⅞	3¾	3⅞	..
4	3	1*	Am Hawaiian	100	3½	3½	3½	3½
21¾	11	2‡	Am Ice	600	12½	12	12¾	11⅝
8½	3¾	..	Am International	1300	3¾	3¼	3¼	..
9¼	4	..	Am Locomotive	200	4½	4¼	4¼	..
6¾	1¾	..	Am Metal	1200	2	2	2	..
19½	9	..	Am Metal 6%	30	10	10	10	..
18⅝	3¾	1	Am Power & Lt	1600	5¾	5½	5¾	5¾
40¾	15	5	Am P&L pf A	800	22	21	21	21¾
8½	3¾	..	Am adiator	1400	4	3¾	3⅞	3¾
13	3	..	Am Rolling Mill	500	4½	4¼	4¼	4½
29¼	14	3	Am Safety Razor	100	16	16	16	..
25½	12	8	Am Shipbuilding	90	11	11	11	..
18⅝	8⅝	..	Am Smelt & Ref	1100	8½	8	8⅜	8
55	18	6	Am Smelt&R 2pf	100	32½	32½	32½	..
8⅜	3	..	Am Steel Fdries	900	3½	3½	3½	3¾
36¾	20	2½‡	*Am Stores	2100	25¾	25⅝	25¾	25½
39¼	14	2	Am Sug Ref	400	17½	17¼	17¼	16
88½	50	7	Am Sug Ref pf	400	85½	85	85	..
137⅜	81	9	Am Tel & Tel	32600	88½	86¼	87⅜	85⅝
34½	7	2	Am Wat W&E	8700	15	14	14½	14
31	11	2	Am WW&E ot	1400	12⅝	12½	12⅝	12½
30⅞	15½	..	Am Woolen pf	500	20¼	18½	20¼	18½
12⅜	3½	..	Anaconda Cop	4900	4¼	4	4⅛	4
17½	5¼	1.30	Anchor Cap	200	8½	8½	8½	7½
12	7	1	Archer Daniels	200	9	9	9	..
2	⅝	..	Armour Ill A	300	¾	¾	¾	..
14¼	3⅝	..	Armour Ill pf	200	½	½	½	..
94	24	4	Atchison T&SF	17100	30¾	28¾	29½	28½
86	44	5	Atchison pf	400	49¼	48¼	48¾	46½
11½	9¾	..	Atl Coast Line	200	15¼	15	15½	14¾
12⅞	8⅝	1	Atl Refining	3500	11	10¼	10¾	10½
151¾	28¾	4‡	Auburn Auto	31900	75	68½	74	65½
3½	1½	..	Aviation Corp Del	900	2½	2¼	2½	2

—B—

21⅜	3¾	..	Balt & Ohio	2900	6¾	6¼	6¾	5⅞
41½	6½	..	Balt & Ohio pf	800	9½	8½	9	..
99	72	6½	Bamberger pf	20	72¼	72¼	72¼	72
59½	50½	7	Bangor & Ar pf	1000	56¾	56¾	56¾	..
5½	3⅜	1	Barnsdall A	1200	4	3⅞	4	..
43½	1	2	Beatrice Cream	300	19	18½	19	18¼
3¾	2⅜	..	Belding Hem	300	3¼	3⅜	3½	3¼
62⅜	57⅜	4.81	Belg Nat Rys ppf	100	58⅞	58⅜	58⅞	58¾
18¾	4½	..	Bendix Aviation	900	6	5⅞	6	5¾
24⅜	6	..	Best & Co	600	7	6⅝	7	6¾
24⅜	7½	..	Bethlehem Steel	4400	9½	9	9	8¾
74	25	7	Beth Steel pf	200	25½	25	25	25½
14	4⅜	..	Blomingdale	20	7	7	7	..
22¼	5	..	Bohn Alum & Br	100	6¾	6¾	6¾	6⅞
43¾	21¼	3‡	Borden	700	24½	24	24¾	24
10⅝	3¾	..	Borg Warner	400	4½	4⅜	4⅜	4¼
11½	4	1	Briggs & Strat	1100	4⅝	4¼	4⅜	..
80¼	11¾	4	Brooklyn Man T	22600	14¾	13¾	13½	15½
78¾	32	6	Brooklyn-M T pf	6400	41½	38½	41	41½
58	32	3	Brooklyn Q pf	100	33	32	32	33¼
89½	49¼	5	Brooklyn Un Gas	100	56½	56½	56½	53½
36	25	3	Brown Shoe	100	27	27	27	..
2	½	..	Bruns Terminal	100	⅝	⅝	⅝	..
75	39	7	Bucyrus E pf	10	39	39	39	..
3½	1¼	..	Bulova Watch	100	2¼	2¼	2¼	..
13	6¼	.80	Burroughs Add	700	7½	7⅜	7½	7⅜
21¾	4	2½	Bush Terminal	1300	4¾	4¾	4¾	4½
65	9½	7	Bush Term deb	50	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	10½
85	26¾	7	Bush T Bldgs pf	50	30	30	30	29½
1¼	½	..	Butte Cop & Zinc	500	½	½	½	½
19	7½	..	Byers	4600	11⅞	10½	11	10½

—C—

11⅞	4¼	..	Calif Packing	200	5¾	5⅜	5⅝	5½
7½	2½	..	Campbell Wy&C	100	2½	2½	2½	..
13⅝	6¾	1.20	Canada Dry	2500	9	8½	8½	9
20⅜	7¾	1½	Canadian Pacific	3800	9¼	8⅝	9	9
22¼	20	3	Capital Admin pf	500	22	20	20	..
43⅜	18¾	..	Case Thresh	21600	28	25½	27½	24½
75	30	..	Case Thresh pf	18	41	41	41	39¾
15	4½	.50	Caterpillar Trac	500	5¾	5¾	5¾	..
12½	7½	1½	Central Aguirre	600	11½	11	11½	11
15	4	..	Cerro de Pasco	500	4⅞	4⅜	4⅞	4½
70¾	5	2	Chesapeake Corp	200	8	7¼	7½	7¼
31½	10½	2½	Ches & Ohio	600	13¼	12¾	13	12¾
4⅝	1¼	..	Chi & Gt West	100	1¾	1¾	1¾	..
15½	2½	..	Chi & Gt W pf	400	5	5	5	..
3¼	¾	..	Chi Mil & St P	300	1	1	1	..
15¼	1½	..	Chi Mil & St P pf	200	1½	1½	1½	1½
12¾	2	..	Chi & N western	100	2½	2½	2⅝	3
16⅝	2	..	Chi Rock Isl & P	400	3½	2⅝	3¼	..
24½	2	..	Chi RI&P 6%	200	4¼	4	4¼	4½
16⅜	5	1	Chrysler	1200	7½	7	7½	6½
2½	⅜	..	City Stores	100	½	½	½	⅜
22	10	2	Cluett Peabody	100	11½	11½	11½	..
31½	13¾	2½	Colgate-Palm-P	100	14¼	14	14⅜	14
10½	2¾	..	Collins & Aikman	100	3¾	3¾	3¾	..
16½	4¼	1a	Columbia Gas	3100	7¾	7	7¼	7
41⅞	13½	3	Coulmbian Carb	5900	22	20⅝	20⅝	20¼
7½	4¼	..	Columbia Pic vtc	200	5¼	4¾	5¼	..
11	3¼	..	Comm Credit	600	4½	4¼	4¼	..
21¼	11	2‡	Comm Cred pf	30	11½	11½	11½	11½
68⅞	40	6½	Comm Cred 1pf	10	45⅝	45⅝	45⅝	44
26¼	13	3	Comm Cred A	100	15	15	15	..
20¾	10½	2	Comm Cred pf B	30	12	12	12	11½
27½	10½	2	Comm Inv Tr	300	14⅝	14	14½	..
77	58¼	6	Comm I Tr cv pf	100	58	59	59	60
10¼	3½	.60	Comm Solvents	6500	5½	5	5½	5
4½	1¾	.30	Comwith & So	3900	2¾	2½	2½	2¾
68½	27⅜	6	Comwith &S 6pf	400	37¾	37	37¾	36¼
11	6½	1	Congoleum Nairn	600	8	7¾	8	..
68¾	31½	4	Consol Gas	37100	40½	38½	39¾	37¾
95	72½	5	Consol Gas pf	200	81½	81	81½	79¾
10⅞	5	1	*Consol Laundries	300	6½	6⅜	6½	6¼
7½	4	..	Consol Oil	20100	5½	5⅛	5½	4⅞
⅞	¼	..	Consol Textile	100	¾	¾	¾	¾
1	½	..	Cont Baking B	1300	¾	¾	¾	¾
41	19¼	2½	Cont Can	400	23½	22½	23	22
25¼	6¾	2.40	Cont Insurance	2100	8⅞	8¼	8⅝	8
1¾	⅝	..	Cont Motors	100	¾	¾	¾	¾
7	3⅝	..	Cont Oil	2400	4¾	4½	4¾	4½
¾	½	..	Cont Shares	300	¼	¼	¼	..
47⅜	25¾	3	Corn Products	4900	32½	31¾	32	31¼
129½	99½	7	Corn Prod pf	20	109½	109½	109½	..
4¾	1½	..	Coty	300	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
23	15	2‡	Cream of Wheat	300	15¼	15	15¼	..
4½	2¼	..	Crosley Radio	100	2¾	2¾	2¾	3
15⅞	7⅞	1.20	Crown Cork & S	100	9½	9½	9½	9½
23¾	6	..	Crucible Steel	100	8	8	8	..
49⅝	15¼	..	Crucible Steel pf	40	18	18	18	18
1¾	½	..	Cuba Co	300	1	1	1	1
35½	20	2½	Cudahy Packing	100	22	22	22	..
2¾	½	..	Curtiss-Wright	800	1	½	⅞	⅞
76	62¼	7	Cushman 8%	10	49½	49½	49½	..

—D—

89½	37	9	Del & Hudson	600	45	44	45	44
15¼	6¾	.40	Deere & Co pf	200	6½	6½	6½	..
28¾	8½	..	Del Lack & W	400	12¾	12¾	12¾	12
15⅞	12	..	Diamond Match	300	13⅞	13⅝	13⅞	13¾
11⅝	7½	1.20	Dome Mines	1100	9¼	9¼	9¼	..
13⅞	5	1	Douglas A	100	5¾	5¾	5¾	5½
59¾	25⅛	3	Du Pont de Nem	19300	29½	28½	29	27¾
105	80	6	Du Pont deb	100	87	87	87	86

—E—

87⅞	37¾	5	Eastman Kodak	15900	46	43¾	45¾	43⅝
32¾	8½	1.20	Elec Auto-Lite	600	11⅞	11½	11¾	11
4	1½	..	Elec & Mus Ind	200	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
15¾	2⅛	1	Elec Pow & Lt	800	4¾	4⅝	4⅝	4½
33¼	13⅜	3	ElecSto Battery	300	17⅞	17⅜	17⅜	..

—F—

64	33	6	Fed Lt & Tr pf	20	33	33	33	..
10⅜	3	..	Fed Water Serv	1300	3¾	3½	3	3¼
27⅜	6	2.60	Fidelity Phe F In	900	8½	8½	8½	8⅜
15⅜	10½	1	Firestone T & R	100	11	11	11	11
50½	45½	6	Firestone T&R pf	300	46	46	46	46
53	37	2½	First Nat Stores	500	42½	41½	42½	41½
12	3	..	Foster-Wheeler	1100	6	5¾	5⅞	5¼
21½	10¼	1.20	Fourth Nat Inv	600	14⅞	14	14	..
5⅜	1½	..	Fox Film A	200	1½	1½	1½	1½
19½	10	2	Freeport Texas	900	12¼	11⅝	12¾	11⅜
9	2½	6	Fuller pr pf	30	9	9	9	..

—G—

17½	5¾	..	Gamewell	20	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6¼
61	26	6	Gen Am In pf ww	200	27	27	27	..
35¾	10	1	*Gen Am Tnk Car	200	11½	11½	11½	12
11½	5	1	Gen Asphalt	100	6¼	6¼	6¼	5
12⅜	10½	2	Gen Baking	100	12¾	12¾	*12¾	..
26½	8½	.40	Gen Electric	35900	11¼	11	11	10¾
11¼	10¾	.60	Gen Elec Sp	8400	10⅞	10¾	10⅞	10⅞
40½	19⅜	3	Gen Foods	6900	23½	22½	23½	22⅜
2¾	½	..	Gen Gas & E A	100	¾	¾	¾	¾
25	18½	2.06	Gen Ital Edison	100	19¼	19¼	19¼	..
37	28	3	Gen Mills	2100	30¾	29⅞	30¾	29½
24½	8½	4	Gen Motors	14100	9½	9¼	9¼	9
87½	62¾	5	Gen Mot 5% pf	400	66	66	66	65
14	4¾	1	Gen Print Ink	80	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾
5	1	..	Gen Pub Service	100	1½	1½	1½	..
28⅝	7¾	1	Gen Ry Signal	200	9	9	9	..
1¼	¼	..	Gen Realty	1500	..	¼	¼	..
16½	5	..	Gen Rlty pf ww	100	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5½
14⅜	2¾	..	Gen Refractories	300	3½	3½	3½	4
24¼	10⅜	1	Gillette Saz Ras	9200	14½	13½	14	13½
68½	47	5	Gillette S R pf	300	49½	49	49	..
31	8	..	Gimbel Bros pf	100	9	9	9	..
7	3½	..	Glidden	200	3¾	3¾	3¾	..
6½	2⅝	..	Gobel (Adolf)	7900	4½	3⅝	4½	3⅜
19⅜	8¼	1.60	Gold Dust	2300	10¾	10⅜	10⅝	10¾
6⅜	2¼	..	Goodrich	300	3	3	3	..
18¾	5½	..	Goodyear	3200	9¼	8½	8¾	8
61	19⅜	7	Goodyear 1pf	800	26	24½	26	24½
14½	7¼	..	Gotham Silk Hos	300	12½	12½	12½	12½
4⅜	1	..	Graham Paige	2100	1⅝	1⅜	1⅝	1¼
3	¼	..	Grand-Sil Stores	100	¼	¼	¼	¼
9¾	3½	..	Grand Union	300	4	4	4	3½
30¼	14½	1	Grant (WT)	1100	16	16	16	..
25	8½	2	Great Nor pf	1100	8¾	8¾	8¾	8¾
80	48	7*	Great W Sug pf	10	55	55	55	53
1¾	½	..	Grigsby-Grunow	600	¾	¾	¾	¾
¼	⅛	..	Guantanamo Sug	100	¼	¼	¼	..

—H—

2¼	⅞	..	Hahn Dept Sto	100	⅞	⅞	⅞	1
32⅜	7¾	..	Hat Corp of Am pf	10	8	8	8	8½
23½	14½	2	Hercules Powder	500	15	14¾	14⅞	..
83	46	6	Hershey Choc	500	49½	49½	49¾	49½
83	57	5	Hershey Choc pf	600	58	57	58	57
11⅞	8	1*	Holland Furnace	100	8¼	8¼	8¼	8½
121¾	110	9	Homestake M	100	124	124	124	..
24⅜	8¾	..	Houston Oil	2100	12⅜	11½	11⅞	10¾
5½	1¾	..	Houston Oil new	1100	2¾	2⅝	2⅝	2
48	24½	5	Hud & Man pf	200	30½	29	30½	29½
11¾	2½	..	Hudson Motor	600	3½	3¾	3½	3¼
5¾	1½	..	Hupp Motors	500	3	1⅝	3	1⅝

—I—

18¼	4¾	..	Ill Central	3700	7¾	7	7½	6¼
26½	12	..	Ill Central pf	100	12½	12½	13½	..
35⅞	19⅜	*2	Indus Rayon	500	14⅞	14	14⅝	14½
39⅝	14¾	3	Ingersoll-Rand	2800	30¾	30¼	30¾	15
8	3¾	50¶	Insuranshare Del	800	4½	4¼	4¼	4⅜
3⅞	1	.25	Insuranshare My	300	2	2	2	2
14⅜	2¼	..	Interboro Rap T	2300	4	3½	3¾	3⅞
117	65	6‡	Int Business M	800	73¾	72¾	73¾	71½
18¾	3⅜	..	Int Cement	300	5½	5⅛	5⅛	..
21	4⅞	..	Int Combus pf	500	8¾	8	8	8
29¾	13	1.80	Int Harvester	6100	16¾	15	15½	15¼
108	68¾	7	Int Harvester pf	100	68¾	68¾	68¾	..
11¾	2¾	3b	Int Hydrocloc	1200	⅝	3⅜	4	3¾
3	1¼	..	Int Mer Marine	800	1¼	1¼	1¼	..
6½	3½	..	Int Nickel	12800	4¼	4¼	4¾	4¼
3½	½	..	Int Pap&Pow A	100	⅝	⅝	⅝	..
⅞	¼	..	Int Pap&Pow C	300	⅝	⅝	⅝	..

—J—

8¾	4	..	Int Print Ink	100	4	4	4	4½
3	½	..	Int Rys Cen Am	30	½	½	½	..
23½	9½	1.50	*Int Shoe	600	25	25	25	..

1932 High	1932 Low	Div. in $		Sales	High	Low	Last June 15	Last June 14
44⅝	33½	3	*Int Shoe pf	1500	35¾	33½	33¾	34½
14¾	8	..	Int Silver	300	13	9¾	12	9¾
13½	2¾	..	Int Tel & Tel	2300	3⅛	2¾	3⅛	3⅛
18	10¼	3	Island Crk Coal	300	11½	11¼	11½	10½
85	85	6	Island Crk C pf	10	86	86	86	..
35	15½	4½‡	Jewel Tea	100	18½	18½	18½	..
35½	10	..	Johns Manville	15800	14½	13¾	13¾	13
99¾	52	7	Johns Man pf	30	62	61½	62	..
84	38	7	Jones & Laughlin pf	10	40	40	40	40

—K—

13½	2	..	Kan C & South	100	4½	4½	4½	4¼
23¾	8	4	Kan C & So pf	300	9½	7¾	9½	..
6¼	3	.80	Kaufmann D St	300	4	4	4	4
2⅞	3	..	Kelly-Springfield	500	¾	¾	¾	1
13	5	..	Kennecott Cop	3700	6½	6	6½	5¾
19	8¼	1	Kresge	1100	9	8¾	9	8¾
18¼	10	1	Kroger Groc & B	3800	13¾	12½	13⅜	13

—L—

6½	3⅜	..	Lehigh Port Cem	100	5	5	5	..
78	47	7	Lehigh P Cem pf	30	47	47	47	.

WOOL TRADE SHOWS MARKED IMPROVEMENT

Movement Gains Momentum With Increased Sales and Better Prices

There is very definite improvement in the wool market. The movement of wool has not become broad, as yet, but seems to be gaining momentum, and it is fairly comprehensive in its scope, so far as the grades of wool in demand are concerned.

The sales, moreover, have been fairly sizable and not merely for sampling purposes. Prices, at length, can be quoted with some assurance that they can actually be obtained.

In worsted wools, there has been a call for all grades. Fine staple wools of the Ohio delaine type have been sold in the grease at 15 cents for the better type wools, or about 38@39 cents, clean basis, while for 12-months Texas wools there has been some demand for the choicest wools at about 35@36 cents, clean basis, and possibly up to 37 cents.

For average to good wools, the market is quotable at 32@35 cents, and for the shorter 10 to 12 months topmaking wools about 30 cents.

French combing wools of the territory type, in the original bags have been selling mostly around 32@33 cents, while for good staple fine and fine medium wools around 34@35 cents is currently quoted.

Half-Bloods Active

There has been some call for half-blood combing wools of the bright wool types at about 15 cents in the grease for Ohio wools of the better descriptions, which means about 33@34 cents, clean basis. Strictly staple territory half-blood combing wool on the high side for grade is quotable at 35@37 cents, clean basis.

Three-eighths and quarter-blood combing bright fleeces have been sold in fairly good quantity. For the higher grade, around 15 cents has been paid for graded Ohio-Michigan wools, while for the lower grade about a cent less. The higher quality has been chiefly in demand.

Territory quarter-blood and three-eighths combing wools are quotable on the clean basis of 27@28 cents for the lower and 30@32 cents for the finer quality. Sales have been moderate in these descriptions. Some low quarter-blood bright fleeces have been sold at about 12 cents, greasy.

Woolen wools have been moving better, also. For some of the short double A wools of about average description, around 40 cents has been paid, although for the choicer and better stapled wools up to 43@45 cents is quoted, the higher price being for very choice clear white wool.

There is a good demand also for fine and half-blood noils. For the finer quality 35@38 cents is quotable according to the noil, if it is free and white. For the half-blood quality, about 32@35 cents is quotable.

Steady Movement Out West

In the West, there is a moderately steady movement of wool out of growers' hands, and it is estimated that well up toward half of the new clip has passed out of first hands mostly by consignment, although latterly there has been more wool purchased outright, especially in Texas and in the bright wool sections.

In Texas, 80 per cent of the clip is believed to have been moved to date. Recent purchases have been made as high as 11½ cents to the grower in the grease. The wools out of Texas for 12 months' growth are costing the equivalent of 30@32 cents, laid down Boston.

In Wyoming, Nevada and Utah, there has been a fair movement of wool on the basis of about 6@7 cents cash advances against consignments, while for some of the finer better-stapled clips in Wyoming around 9@9¼ cents has been paid, for outright purchase. Mostly, the territory wools are coming forward on consignment against low cash advances.

In the bright wool states, medium wools are being purchased according to the wool and the locality at 8@10 cents to the growers, while the fine clips are being taken at 7@9 cents to the growers according to the wool, the best delaine clips being purchased frequently at about 9 cents on cars.

Advices from the foreign markets indicate a rather slow market prevailing both in the primary and secondary centers. The Australian and Cape seasons, of course, are about over, only a little wool—comparatively—being left to be sold in Brisbane out of the Australian clip.

At the River Plate there is a fairly considerable quantity of low crossbred wools for which the demand is light and prices are low. There is also considerable wool still left in New Zealand.

The piecegoods market is looking up a bit.

Mohair still is slow of sale. The spring clip of Texas is largely under option, although little has moved as yet.

Passenger Air Traffic Gaining

THE carrying of passengers by airplane is steadily increasing. Air transport lines during the month of April carried 41,949 passengers, bringing the total for the first four months of the year to 128,712, an increase of 30.7 per cent above the corresponding period of last year, according to the Aeronautical Chamber of Commerce of America.

Passenger miles during the four-months period totaled 32,946, an increase of 37.2 per cent over the 24,012,875 in the like period of last year. Air mail carried in April was 732,538 pounds, bringing the total for the four months to 2,834,448 pounds, a decrease of 3.5 per cent from 1931.

A careful estimate places the number of passengers that may be expected to fly the air lines during the current year at 575,000, or an average of 48,000 passengers a month.

New York Bond Market

(Quotations to 1:30 p. m.)

	High	Low
Ab Struns 5½s '43	70	70
Alleghany Corp 5s '44	13	13
Alleghany Corp 5s '49	10	10
Alleghany Corp 5s '50	8	8
Amer Ag Chem 7½s '47	23	22½
Amer & Foreign Pow 5s 2030	21	20½
Amer I G Chem 5½s '49	60½	59½
Amer Intr 5½s '49	66¾	66¾
Amer Metals Co 5½s '34	38	38
Amer Smelting 5s '47	73½	72
Amer Sugar Refining 6s '37	101¾	101¾
Amer T&T 4½s '39 cv	100½	100¼
Amer T&T col 5s '46	100¾	100
Amer T&T deb 5s '60	95½	95
Amer T&T 5s '65	95¾	95
Amer T&T deb 5½s '43	101	100½
Armour & Co of Del 5½s '43	86	85½
Armstrong Cork 5s '40	85¼	85¼
Atch T&SF adj 4s '95 rg	70	70
Atch T&SF adj 4s '95 sta reg	70	70
Atch T&SF gen 4s '95	82½	82
Atch T&SF 4s '05	85	85
Atch T&SF 4s '09	85	85
Atch T&SF 4½s '48	79	79
Atl Coast L L&N col 4s '52	33	33
Balt & Ohio 1st s6 '48	70	70
Balt & Ohio 4s T & C div '59	38½	38½
Balt & Ohio 4½s '33	42	41½
Balt & Ohio 4½s cv '60	20¾	20
Balt & Ohio rfg 5s '95	33	32½
Balt & Ohio 5s series D 2000	33	32
Balt & Ohio rfg 6s '95	38	37½
Bell Tel of Pa rfg 5s '48 B	101¼	101
Bell Tel of Pa 5s '60 C	101	100¾
Ben Ind Loan 6s '46	64	64
Beth Steel pur mon 5s '36	83	83
Beth Steel rfg 5s '42	79½	79½
Boston & Maine 5s '67	48	46½
Bklyn City 1st	56½	56½
Bklyn-Man Tr sf 6s '68	74¼	73¾
Bklyn Un El 1st 5s '50	65	64
Bklyn Un Gas 5s '45	103½	103
Bklyn Un Gas 5s '50	92¼	92¼
Buff R & P 4½s '57	29½	29¼
Bush Term con 5s '55	32	32
By Products Coke 5½s '45	35¼	35¼
Calif Gas & Elec 5s '37	102	102
Can Nat Ry 4½s '51	76¼	76
Can Nat Ry 4½s '57	75	75
Can Nat Ry 5s Oct '69	81¾	81½
Can North 4½s '35	90	89¾
Can North deb 7s '40	94	94
Can Pacific deb 4s	54¾	53½
Can Pacific 4½s '46	58	58
Can Pacific 4½s '60	60	60
Can Pacific 5s '44	72¾	72¾
Cen Hud Gas 5s	101½	101½
Can Pacific 5s '54	66	65¾
Cin Un Terminal 5s 2020	96	96
Clev CC&StL StL div 4s '90	69	69
Iev Un Term 4½s '77	58	57
Clev Un Term 5½s '72	69½	69½
Colonial Oil 6s '38	34¼	32
Colo & So 1st rfg 4½s '35	70½	70½
Columbia Gas&E Co 5s deb '61	66¼	66¼
Columbia Gas &-E 5s '52 May	67¼	66¾
Com Credit Co 5½s '35	90	90
Com Inv Trust 5½s '49	85½	85½
Con Gas 4½s '51	91	91
Con Gas Co deb 5½s '45	102¼	102
Container Corp 5s ct '43	7	7
Container Corp 6s '46	20½	20½
Corn Products 5s '34	103¼	103¼
Crown Zllerbach 6s ww '40	44½	44½
Cuba RR rfg 7½s '36	26	26
Cuba Nor Ry 5½s '42	17	16¾
Cumberland T&T 5s '37	101¾	101¾
Del & Hudson 5½s '37	78	78
Den & Rio G con 4s '36	36	35
Den & Rio G 4½s '36	37	37
Den & Rio G Wn 5s '55	9¼	9
Detroit Ed 4½s D '61	92¾	92¾
Detroit Ed col 5s '33	101¼	101¼
Detroit Ed 5s '49	98½	98
Detroit Riv Tun 4½s '61	74	74
Dodge Bros sf 6s '40	74¼	74
Duquesne P & L 4½s '67	98	97½
Edison Ill Co of Bklyn 4s '39	98¼	98
Erie RR 1st con 4s '96	62	62
Erie RR ref 5s '67	19	18¼
Erie RR gen 5s '75	19	18½
Erie Gen Riv 6s '57	77	77
Fisk Rubber 8s '41	20	20
Fla East Coast 5s '74	3¼	3¼
Gannett 6s '43	72	72
Gen Am Inv 5s '52	67	67
Gen Bak Co 5½s '40	93½	93½
Gen Mot Acc Corp 6s '37	101	100½
Gen Pub Svc 5½s '39	73¼	73¼
Gen Steel Cast 5½s '49 ww	38	38
Goodrich 1st 6½s '47	73	72½
Goodrear Tire 5s '57	66½	66
Grand Tk Ry Can 6s '36	91¾	91¾
Grand Tk Ry Can 7s '40	93¼	93¼
Great Northern 4½s '61	73	72
Great Northern 5s '73 C	45¼	45
Great Northern 7s '36 A	62	61½
Gulf States Steel 5½s '42	23	23
Houston Oil 5½s '40	48¾	48¾
Hudson Coal 5s '62	28	28
Hudson & Man adj in 5s '57	35	34
Hudson & Man rfg 5 s'57	68	68
Humble Oil 5s '37	100	100
Humble Oil 5½s '32	100¼	100¼
Ill Bell Tel rfg 5s '56	101	100½
Ill Central 4s '52	43	43
Ill Central rfg 4s '55	45¼	45¼
Ill Central 4¾s '66	25½	24½
Ill Central 6½s '36	51	51
Ill Central CStL&NO 5s A '63	32	32
Ill Steel deb 4½s '40	94½	94½
Inter Hydro El 6s '44	24¾	23¼
Inter Rap Tran rfg 5s '66	38	37½
Inter Rap Tran 5s sta '66	38¼	37
Inter Rap Tran 6s '32	16¾	15
Inter Rap Tran 7s '32	52¼	52¼
Int Cement Corp 5s '48	48	48
Int & G Nor 5s B '56	19	19
Int & G Nor 5s C '56	20	20
Int & G Nor 1st 6s '52	24	24
Int & G Nor adj 6s '52	4	4
Int Paper rfg 5s A '47	37	37
Int Paper 6s '55	18	18
Int Rys Cen Am 5½s '47	19	19
Int Tel & Tel 4½s '52	23¼	21¾
Int Tel & Tel 5s '55	23	21½
Kan City PtS&Mem 4s '36	43	42
Kendall Co 5½s ww '48	48	48
Kan City P & L 4½s '61	92¾	92¼
Kan City P & L 4½s B	94½	94
Kan City So 1st 5s '50	52	51¾
Kansas Albee Orpheum 6s '46	26¼	26¼
Keystone Tel 1st 5s '35	64½	64½
Kresge Foundation 6s '36	47	47
Lack Steel con 5s '50	70¼	70¼
Laclede Gas rfg 5s '34	82	81½
Laclede Gas 5½s D	49	49
Lehigh C&N 4½s C '54	85	85
Lehigh Val (Pa) con 4s 2003	34½	34½
Lehigh Val (Pa) con 4½s 2003	35¼	35¼
Loew's Inc 6s '41	69	69
Louis Arkansas 5s '69	26	25
L&N uni 4s '40	75	75
L&N rfg 4½s C 2003	51	51
Market St Ry gold 7s '40	81	81
Meade 6s '45 ww	37½	37½
Metro Edison 4½s '68	71¾	71¾
Metro Edison rfg 5s '53	80	75
Midvale Steel col 5s '36	80½	79½
Mil El Ry & Lt 1st 5s '61	80	80
Mil El Ry & Lt 5s '71	79¾	79¾
Min StP & SSM 4s '38	38	38
Mo K & T 1st 4s '90	66	65¾
Mo K& T pl 4s B '62	31½	31½
Mo K & T pl 5s A '62	44	43½
Mo Pacific gen 4s '75	12	11
Mo Pacific rfg 5s A '65	28½	26½
Mo Pacific 5s F '77	28¼	27¾
Mo Pac 5s I. '81	28	27¾
Mo Pacific 5½s '49	9¾	9½
Morris & Co 1st 4½s '39	71	71
Morris & Essex 3½s 2000	68	68
Nash Chat & StL 4s '78	50	50
Nassau Elec con 4s '51	35	35
Nat Dairy Prod 5½s '48	81¼	80¾
Nat Steel 5s	69	68
New Eng T&T 4½s B '61	96¾	96
New Eng T&T 5s '52	101	100½
N J Pwr & Lt 4½s '60	83½	81¾
N O Pub Ser 5s '55 B	30¼	30¼
N O T & M 4½s rcts '56	30	30
N O T & M 5s B '54	30	30
N O T & M 5½s '54	23½	23
NYC&HR deb 4s '34	68½	68
NYC&HR 4½s N 2013	39	38¾
NYC&HR rfg & im 4½s 2013	39¼	39¼
NYC&HR rfg & im 5s 2013	43	41
NYC&HR cv 6s '35	49¾	49
NY Chi & StL 4½s '78	15½	15½
NY Chi & StL 6s A '32	31½	30¾
NY Dock Co 4s '51	45½	45½
NY Edison 5s '44	102½	102¼
NY Edison rfg 6½s '41	107¾	107¼
NY G&L&P pur m 4s '49	93¼	93
NY NH&H 4½s '67	81	81
NY NH&H cv 6s '48	64¾	64½
NY & Rich Gas '61 5s	87	85½
NY Railway inc 6s A '65	32½	32½
NY Steam Corp 6s '47	101½	101½
NY Sus & W rfg 5s '37	24	20
NY Tel gen 4½s '39	100½	100¼
Norf & W div 4s '44	95¼	85¼
Norf & W PC&C 4s '41	85	85
Norf & W 6s '36	103¼	103¼
North Am Co 5s '61	67	66½
Nor Am Ed 5s C '69	64¾	64
Nor Am Ed 5s A '57	70¼	70¼
Nor Pacific gen 3s 2047	35	35
Nor Pacific pr lien 4s '97	76	75½
Nor Pacific 6s B 2047	89	88½
Nor States Pow 5s A '41	86	84¾
Nor States Pow 6s B '41	101¾	101¾
Ore Short Line gtd 5s '46	82	81¾
Pac Gas & Elec 5s '42	100½	100½
Pac Tel & Tel 1st 5s '37	101¼	101¼
Pac Tel & Tel rfg 5s '52	101¼	101¼
Pan-Am Pet & T 6s '40	17	17
Paramount Public 5½s '50	17¼	17½
Paramount Fam Las 6s '47	18¾	17½
Penn Pow & Lt 4½s '81	88	88½
Penn Railroad con 4s '48	69	68¾
Penn Railroad 4½s D '70	48½	48½
Penn Railroad 4¾s '63	62	62
Penn Railroad 5s '84	62	62
Penn Railroad gold 6½s '36	91	90½
Pere Marquette 5s '56	33½	33½
Phillips ePt 5½s '39	56	56
Philadelphia Elec Co 4s '71	88¾	88½
Phil & Read C&I 6s '49	31	30¾
Pillsbury Flour M 6s '43	93½	93¼
Portland Gen Elec 4½s '60	43¾	43¾
Postal Tel & Cables 5s '53	18¾	18¾
Pub Svc E&G 4s	99	99
Pub Svc E&G 4½s '67	97	97
Pub Svc E&G 4½s1070	96	96
Pure Oil 5½s '37	67½	67½
Purity Baking 5s '48	53½	53½
Remington Arms sf 6s '37	55½	55½
Remington Rand 5½s '47 ww	40	40
Republic I&S rfg 5½s '53	40½	40½
Revere Cop & Br 6s '48	40	40
Rochester Gas 5½s '48	96½	96½
Rock I Ar&Lou 4½s '34	35½	35½
St Joseph & GI 4s '47	71	71
St Louis & SF 4s A '50	14	13¾
St Louis & SF 4½s '78	11½	11
StP & KCSL 4½s '41	38¾	38¾
StP Union Depot rfg 5s '72	89	88½
Shell Pipe 5s '52	82	82
Shell Union 5s '47	56	55
Shell Union 5s ct ww '49	56	56
Silesian Am Corp 7s '41	22½	22½
Sinclair Cn O col 6½s '38	84½	84½
Sinclair Cn O col 7s '37	87¼	86¾
Sinclair Cru O 5½s '38	100¼	100¼
Sinclair Pipe L 5s '42	96	96¼
Southern Bell Tel & Tel 5s '41	100⅝	100⅝
Southern Pacific col 4s '49	36	36
Southern Pacific 4½s '68 ww	36½	36
Southern Pacific 4½s '31	36¾	36
Southern Pacific Ore A 4½s '77	59	59
Southern Ry gen 4s '56	18	17
Southern Ry con 5s '94	62	62
Southern Ry gen 6s '56	23	23
Southwest Bell Tel rfg 5s '54	101⅝	101
Stand Oil NJ 5s '46	101⅛0	100
Stand Oil NY 4½s '51	88	87¾
Stevens Hotel 6s '45	11½	11½
Tenn Elec Power 6s '47	88¾	88¾
Texarkana 1st 5½s '50	54	54
Texas Corp 5s '44	78	77½
Texas Corp 5s '44 reg	77	77½
Third Ave rfg 4s '60	42	42
Third Ave adj 5s '60	22¼	22
Trumbell Steel 6s '40	51¼	51¼
Trenton Gas 5s	99¼	99¼
Union El L & P 1st 5s '32	100½	100½
Union El L & P rfg 5s '33	101½	101¼
Union El of Chi 5s	36	36
Union Oil Cal 5s C '35	91½	91½
Union Pacific 4s '68	66½	66½
Union Pacific rfg 4s 2008	76⅝	76⅜
Union Pacific 4½s '67	69⅞	69⅜
Union Pacific 5s	91	91
US Rubber Co 5s '47	33¾	33½
Utah Pow & Lt 5s '4	68	68
Util Pow & Lt 5s '59 ww	24½	23½
Util Pow & Lt 5½s '47	26	26
Virginia Ry 5s '62	79½	79½
Virginia Ry & Power 5s '34	97½	97½
Wabash RR 5½s '75	6	6
Walworth 6s '45	13½	12
Walworth 6½s '35 ww	12	12
Warner Quinlan 6s '39	16	15¼
Warner Bros Pict 6s '39	14	14
Warren Bros 6s '41	26	26
West Pa Pow 5s A '46	100½	100
West Pa Pow 5s G '56	100	100
Western Electric 5s '44	91½	91½
Western Maryland 4s '52	46¾	46¾
Western NY & Pa 5s '37	91½	91½
Western Union 6½s '36	59	59
Western Union 5s' 60	44½	44½
Westchester Ltg 5s	103	103
Wheeling Steel 4½s B '53	38	38
Wilson & Co 1st 6s '41	67½	67½
Youngstown Sheet 5s B '70	55	55

LIBERTY BONDS

	High	Low	Last Jun15	Last Jun13
3½s '47	100.22	100.20	100.22	100.18
1st conv 4¼s '47	101.19	101.17	101.19	101.18
4th 4¼s '38	102.12	102.8	102.12	102.9
US 3s '55	92.24	91.16	92.24	91.14
US 3½s '49	93.24	92.18	93.24	92.16
US 3½s '43 March	97.16	97.	97.16	96.26
US 3½s '43 June	98.16	96.24	98.16	96.26
US 3½s '47	97.12	97.6	97.12	96.22
US 3½s '56	99.22	99.	99.22	98.26
US 4s '54	102.6	101.11	102.6	101.14
US 4¼s '52	105.	104.9	105.	104.7

FOREIGN BONDS

Abiti P&P 5s '53	19	19
Antioquia 7s A '45	3	3
Argentine Gov 5½s '62	38	38
Argentine Gov 6s June '59	40	39¾
Argentine Gov 6s Oct '59	39¾	39½
Argentine Gov 6s Sept '60	40¼	40¼
Argentine Gov 6s Oct '60	40¼	40¼
Argentine Gov 6s Feb '61	40¼	38½
Argentine Gov 6s '58 B	40	40
Australia 4½s '56	54	54
Australia 5s '55	60½	60¼
Australia 5s '57	60¾	60
Austria (Gov) 7s '57	33	31½
Belgium (King) 6s '55	85½	85¾
Belgium (King) 7s '58	98	97½
Berlin (City) 6½s '50	18½	18½
Berlin Elec 6½s '51	31½	30½
Berlin Elec 6½s '59	27	26
Berlin Elec 6s '55	21½	21½
Bolivia (Rep) 7s '69	3	3
Bolivia (Rep) 8s '47	4	4
Bordeaux (City) 6s '34	103⅜	103⅛
Brazil (Can El Ry) 7s '52	14	14
Brazil 6½s '27-'57	16	16
Brazil 6½s '27-'57	16¼	16
Brazil (US) 8s '41	19¾	18¾
Brisbane 5s '58	43	43
Budapest (City) 6s '62	20¼	20¼
Buenos Aires 6s '61 (Prov)	24	24
Buenos Aires (Prov) 6½s '61	25¼	25¼
Buenos Aires 6½s '55	40½	40
Canada (Dom) 4½s '36	93¼	93¼
Canada (Dom) 4s '60	73	73
Canada (Dom) 5s '52	90	90½
Colombia Mtg Bk 7s '46	22	22
Colombia Mtg Bk 7s '47	25¼	25¼
Colombia (Rep) 6s '61 Jan	23¾	23⅛
Colombia (Rep) 6s '61 Oct	23¾	23⅛
Copenhagen Tel 5s '54	51	51
Cordoba (City) 7s '57	17⅞	17⅞
Cuba (Rep) 4½s '49	64½	64½
Cuba (Rep) 5½s '45	36¾	36⅝
Cundi (Rep) 6½s '59	6	6
Czechoslovakia (Rep) 8s '51	75	74
Denmark (King) 4½s '62	53½	52¾
Denmark (King) 5½s '55	62	61¼
Denmark (King) 6s '42	68	68
Deutsche Bk 6s otfs '32	75	73½
Dominic (Rep) 5½s '42	38	38
Duke Price Power 6s '66	41	40
Dutch El 5½s Nov '53	77½	77½
Dutch El 6s '47	83⅜	83⅜
Dutch El sf 6s '62	80	80
Flat 7s '46 war	63	62⅜
Finland 5½s '58	44	44
Finland (Rep) 6½s '56	44	43½
Finland (Rep) 7s '50	47½	47½
Finnish A 6½s '54	43	42
Finnish B 6½s '54	44	44
Frameric an Dev 7½s '42	84½	84½
Frankfort 6½s '53	16	16
French (Rep) 7s '49	110⅝	110⅝
French (Rep) 7½s '41	111¾	111¾
Geisenkirchen Min 6s '34	30½	29½
German 7s '49	52	51
Germ Cen Ag Bk 6s '38	30½	30½
Germ Cen Ag Bk 6s July '60	29	28⅞
Germ Cen Ag Bk 6s Oct '60	29½	29
Germ Cen Ag Bk 7s '50	31¾	31¾
Germ Con Agr 6½s '58 rcts	16¾	16¾
Germ El Pow 6½s '50	31½	24¼
Germ Gov Int 5½s '65	33¼	32¾
Good Hope I&SW 7s '45	23⅞	23
Haiti (Rep) 6s '52	54	54
Harpen 6s '49 ww	23¾	23⅛
Helsingfors 6½s '60	42	42
Hungary Mun 7½s '45	15⅞	15⅞
Italian Credit Con 7s B '47	75	75
Italian Pub Util 7s '52	63	63
Italy (King) 7s '51	86½	85⅞
Jap (Con Pwr) 6½s '50	35½	35½
Jap (Im Gov) 6½s '54	59½	59
Karstadt 6s '43	16⅞	16½
Leipzig (City) 7s '47	22½	22½
Lombard El 7s '52 ww	56	56
Lyons (City) 6s '34	103½	103½
Marseilles (City) 6s '34	103½	103½
Miag Mill Mich 7s '56 xw	19	19
Minas Geraes 6½s '58	11	10½
Minas Geraes 6½s '59	11	11
New South Wales 5s '57	57¼	57¼
New South Wales 5s '58	57½	57
Norway (King) 5s '63	71	71
Norway (King) 6s '43	74¾	74½
Norway (King) 6s '44	75½	75
Ont Pow Svc 5½s '50	36	34½
Oslo (City) 6s '55	65	65
Panama (Rep) 5s '63	49½	49
Paris-Lyons-Med 6s '58	103⅜	103½
Paris-Lyons-Med int ctf 7s '58	104½	104½
Paris-Orleans 5½s '58	102⅜	102⅜
Paris-Orleans 7s '58	80	80
Peru (Gov) 6s '60	3⅜	3¼
Poland (Gov) 6s '40	47½	47⅜
Poland (Gov) 7s '47	42¾	42
Poland (Gov) 8s '50	46	45⅞
Porto-Ale (City) 7½s '66	7	7
Rhine Westphalia 6s '52	27½	27½
Rhine Westphalia 6s '53 ww	24½	24½
Rhine Westphalia 6s '55 ww	26	24¼
Rhineibe 7s '46	23	22½
Rima Steel Corp 7s '55	37	37
Rio de Janeiro (City) 6½s '53	5⅝	5⅝
Rio G do Sul (State) 7s '67	6	6
Rome (City) 6½s '52	66½	66½
Sao Paulo (State) 7s '40	58	58⅜
Sao Paulo (State) 8s '50	10½	10½
Saxon Pub Wks 6½s '51	30	30
Saxon Pub Wks 7s '45	35	35
Serbs Cro & Slov 7s '62	35	35
Serbs Cro & Slov 8s '62	31½	31
Shinyetsu El Pw 6½s '52	37	37
Siemens 6½s '51	38½	38½
Siemens 7s '55	48	48
Silesia Elc Corp 6½s '46	37½	37½
Silesia (Prov) 7s '58	36	36
Soissons (City) 6s '36	108½	108½
Sydney 5½s '58	47	46¾
Sweden (King) 5½s '54	79½	79½
Swiss Government 5½s '46	103½	103½
Toho Elec Pow 7s '55	40	40
Tokyo Elec Lt 6s '53	34¼	34¼
Ujigawa El Pow int 7s '45	43	43
U K Ot Br & I 5½s '37	101½	100⅜
Uni Stl W 6½s A '47	19½	19½
Uni Stal W 6½s A '51	30	30
Uni Stl W 6½s C '51	19½	19½
Unterelbe 6s '53	23½	23½
Uruguay (Rep) 8s '46	29	29
Uruguay (Rep) 8s '51	49	49
Vienna 6s '52	49¾	49½
Warsaw 7s '58	30½	30
Westphalia El 6s '53	15¾	15¾
Wurttemberg 7s '50	36½	36½
Yokohama 6½s '61	49	49

CONSOLIDATED OIL CO. BIDS FOR RICHFIELD

Makes Offer of $18,000,000 in Form of 6 P. C. Preferred Stock

LOS ANGELES, June 15—An offer of $18,000,000 in the form of 6 per cent non-voting $100 par value preferred stock of Consolidated Oil Corporation has been made to the various committees representing hondholders and creditors of Richfield Oil Company of California.

This offer was made for all the Richfield properties as a unit and it has been left to the different committees representing creditors to allocate the total according to their claims.

While it has been known since last week that an offer for the properties was in the hands of the committee representing bondholders and creditors, no terms have hitherto been disclosed.

Although the committees have not as yet agreed upon a possible basis of distribution, an idea of an equitable solution was submitted by eastern interests for consideration by the committees. The suggested plan was for an allowance of 50 per cent of the par value for the $10,450,400 6 per cent bonds of Pan American Petroleum Company maturing 1940, 35 per cent of the par value for the $24,981,000 6 per cent bonds of 1944 and 20 per cent of the face value of claims of unsecured creditors.

If the offer is accepted and is distributed among the various classes of creditors on the basis proposed, it would work out as follows: Five shares of Consolidated Oil Corporation preferred stock for each $1000 Pan American bond; 3½ shares of preferred stock for each $1000 6 per cent Richfield bond, and the balance to be distributed among the unsecured creditors.

Published reports that H. F. Sinclair, chairman of the executive committee of Consolidated Oil Corporation, has left Los Angeles and the Richfield situation, and that serious obstructions to consummation of the transaction had arisen are not being taken seriously by members of the various committees since representatives of the eastern interests still are in Los Angeles in connection with the matter.

However, it is known that the bankers as unsecured creditors do not view favorably the offer as made and have informed Mr. Sinclair to this effect. Their objection is that no cash is involved, and they question the liquidity of the security which is offered for their claims, inasmuch as no agreement has been reached whereby a ready market will be made to absorb a volume of offerings which enable them to convert their stock into cash.

In this connection eastern representatives have informed the bankers that they would provide up to $3,000,000 for satisfaction of dissenting bondholders or unsecured creditors.

MONEY MARKET

New York Quotations

Call loans	Today	Last Pre.	Yr. Ago
Stock Exch ...	2½%	2½%	1½%
Curb Exch, renewal rate	3%	3%	2%
Com paper ...	2¾	2¾	3
Bar silver ...	27⅝c	27¾c	26⅝c
Time loans—			
60 to 90 days ...	1½	1½	1 @1½
4 to 6 months.	1½	1½	1¼@1¾

Bankers' Acceptance Market

30 days ...	1	@ ⅛	1	@ ⅛	1	@ ⅛
60 days ...	1	@ ⅛	1	@ ⅛	1	@ ⅛
90 days ...	1	@ ⅛	1	@ ⅛	1	@ ⅛
4 months ...	1⅛@1		1⅛@1		1⅛@1	
5 months ...	1⅜@1¼		1⅜@1¼		1⅜@1¼	
6 months ...

Intercollegiate, Club and Professional Athletic News of the World

MRS. E. H. VARE SHOOTS A 74

Low Score Gives the Former Glenna Collett Lead in Eastern Golf

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

HAVERFORD, Penna., June 15—Mrs. Edwin H. Vare Jr., née Collett, former United States champion, who recently returned from competition in England, shot a par-breaking 74 yesterday over The Merion Cricket Club's east course to lead the field in the women's eastern golf championship tournament by three strokes. Mrs. Vare of the Philadelphia Country Club shot an 85 on Monday for a two-day total of 159. Competition continues today, the last round of the 54-hole medal play for the title.

Monday's leader, Mrs. Clarence H. Vanderbeck, Philadelphia C. C., another former United States champion, took an 82 yesterday to tie for second place with Miss Dorothy Hunter of the Albemarle Golf Club, West Newton, Mass. Miss Hunter scored a 79 yesterday.

Mrs. Vare's score of 74 bettered her best previous mark in an eastern women's championship by two strokes. As Miss Glenna Collett of Providence she scored a 76 over the Brae Burn Country Club links, West Newton, Mass., in 1924. Mrs. Vare's 74 also bettered the competitive mark for the Merion course which was set last year by Miss Frances Williams of the St. David's Golf Club, St. David's, Penna., with a 77.

Fourth place at the end of the day's play yesterday was taken by Miss Martha Parker of White Plains, N. Y., metropolitan champion, when she added an 83 to her opening day's score of 82 for a total of 165.

Tied for fifth were Mrs. Edward H. Baker Jr. of the Concord Country Club, Concord, Mass., and Mrs. Dorothy Campbell Hurd of Merion with totals of 171. Mrs. Baker scored an 87 yesterday and Mrs. Hurd went around in seven strokes under Mrs. Baker's round.

Philadelphia still leads in the Fanny Osgood Shield competition. Its five-player team has scored a total of 831 for 36 holes. New York has 863 for second and Boston is third with 901. The scores in the eastern championship follow:

Mrs. E. H. Vare Jr., Phila. C. C.	85	74	159
Dorothy Hunter, Newton, Mass.	83	79	162
Mrs. C. H. Vanderbeck, Phil. C.C.	78	84	162
Martha Parker, White Plains	82	83	165
Mrs. E. H. Baker Jr., Concord	84	87	171
Mrs. D. C. Hurd, Merion	91	80	171
Edith A. Quier, Hunt. Valley	87	85	172
Mrs. R. C. Lake, Flushing, L. I.	87	86	173
Mrs. Leo G. Federman, Gl'n O'ks	87	87	174
Catherine Singer, Rye, N. Y.	85	90	175
Frances Williams, St. David's	88	90	178
Mrs. B. F. Briggs, Pelham	88	91	179
Mrs. C. Button, Phila. C. C.	92	88	180
Mrs. P. L. Corson, Merion	85	95	180
C. Glutting, Short Hills	87	95	182
Mrs. H. March, Glen Head	93	89	182
M. Fisher, Tuckahoe	93	90	183
Rosamond Vahey, W'verly, Mass	89	94	183
H. Silleck, Greenwich	91	92	183
Mrs. K. F. Scheidt, Whitemarsh	93	90	183
Mrs. W. A. Johnson, St. David's	88	96	184
A. Vare, Whitemarsh	91	93	184
Mrs. J. S. Disston, Phila. Cricket	93	92	185
Mrs. J. L. Anderson, Garden City	93	94	187
Mrs. H. B. Stetson, Hunt Valley	95	92	187
Mrs. T. E. Weiderseim, Phila.C.C.	93	94	187
Beatrice Gottlieb, Lakeville	91	97	188
Betty Bayuk, Philmont	98	90	188
Mrs. E. H. Fitler, Gulph Mills	92	96	188
Mrs. F. L. Stephenson, Hunt Val.	93	95	188
Mrs. J. L. Welsh, Gulph Mills	101	88	189
Mrs. H. Dodge, Chestnut Hill	94	96	190
Mrs. R. H. Barlow, Merion	101	89	190
Mrs. J. F. Mohr, Phila. Cricket	97	93	190
Mrs. T. Sheaffer, Merion	92	99	191
Mrs. J. G. Roberts, Hunt Valley	91	100	191
Mrs. F. Richardson, St. David's	99	93	192
Jane J. McCullough, Hunt. Val'y	97	95	192
Mrs. Samuel Laird Jr., Rye	99	93	192
D. M. Smith, Pomonok	95	97	192
Mrs. J. Mitchell 3d, Merion	94	100	194
Mrs. K. B. Bragg, Phila. C. C.	98	97	195
Mrs. J. D. Woodfin, W. Newton	101	94	195
H. Akeroyd, Phila. C. C.	100	97	197
Mrs. A. A. Garthwaite, St. Dav.	102	95	197
B. Weaver, Hunt. Valley	100	97	197
Mrs. J. Converse, Gulph Mills	100	98	198
R. Knapp, Glen Head	99	99	198
Mrs. J. A. Lyons, North Hills	100	99	199
Mrs. G. S. Munson, Gulph Mills	100	99	199
Mrs. O. J. Toland, Gulph Mills	102	97	199
Mrs. W. Halnan, Watertown	104	97	201
Mrs. S. E. Martin, Hunt. Valley	101	103	204
Mrs. E. G. Betz, Phila. C. C.	105	99	204

HARVARD AFTER SMOOTHNESS

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

RED TOP, Conn., June 15—Coach Charley Whiteside used most of the rowing time yesterday in smoothing out the varsity and junior varsity eights, giving each a three-mile trip downstream and back. The combination crew underwent a time trial upstream late in the afternoon over the two-mile course under fair conditions in 10m. 45s. Coach Bert Haines experimented with his freshmen by having Philip V. Bray, No. 7, and Albert Haberstroh, No. 3, exchange seats. It has been definitely learned that George T. Keyes, No. 4, will not return to rowing, and Richard A. Dow, who has replaced him, will stay in the shell.

TECH AND HUSKIES ARRIVE

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., June 15—Time rows for Columbia and Cornell and the arrival of Washington and Massachusetts Institute of Technology featured yesterday doings on the Hudson River for those here in preparation for the Intercollegiate Rowing Association regatta June 20. Although no times were announced, the Columbia shell appeared to cover the course the fastest. Syracuse, Navy and California all had regular workouts. Washington had a late workout and Tech boated two shells, but because of the late arrival of some of the oarsmen the lineup of the varsity was a combination affair.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION

	Won	Lost	P.C.
Minneapolis	36	22	.621
Columbus	34	26	.567
Indianapolis	31	24	.564
Milwaukee	29	25	.537
Kansas City	30	30	.484
Toledo	25	32	.439
Louisville	23	30	.434
St. Paul	19	34	.358

RESULTS JUNE 14

Columbus 6, Kansas City 4.
Milwaukee 4, Toledo 3.
All other games postponed.

PACIFIC COAST LEAGUE

	Won	Lost	P.C.
Hollywood	45	28	.616
Portland	42	31	.576
San Francisco	39	31	.557
Los Angeles	36	34	.514
Seattle	34	39	.466
Oakland	33	38	.465
Sacramento	31	41	.431
Missions	27	45	.379

RESULTS JUNE 14

Seattle 4, Portland 2.
Los Angeles 5, Missions 4.
San Francisco 2, Hollywood 2.
Sacramento at Oakland (postponed).

LACEY WINS FRENCH OPEN

PARIS, June 15 (AP)—Arthur Lacey, young British professional, yesterday won the French open golf championship with a 72-hole medal score of 295. R. Golias of France finished second with 299, and Auguste Boyer, also of France, third with a score of 300. Lacey shot a 293 in the British open, finishing 10 strokes back of Gene Sarazen, the winner.

HOPMAN DEFEATS VINES

LONDON, June 15 (AP)—H. Ellsworth Vines Jr., United States singles champion, was defeated by Harry O. Hopman of Australia in the third round of the London tennis championships at the Queens Club today. The score was 8—6, 6—3, 6—3.

BY-PLAYS

YALE'S BRILLIANT HORSEMEN

WHEN the Yale varsity pony polo team rides out on the field of the Rye Turf and Polo Club for the final-round match in the eastern intercollegiate championship tournament, probably one of the greatest collections of college polo players ever gathered under one college banner will battle for the championship title which Yale lost to the United States Military Academy in 1931 through playing the game under the handicap system. When one stops to consider the fact that Michael G. Phipps, Capt. James P. Mills, Stewart B. Iglehart and Dunbar W. Bostwick or Lawrence A. Baldwin, who are the first-choice players, make up a total handicap of 23 goals, it is easy to understand how Yale has, during the last three years, made the brilliant showing it has on the polo field. But for playing some of its games under handicap, Yale would have had an even greater monopoly than has been the case.

With the exception of Baldwin, all of the players mentioned are seniors, and they will be seen playing under the colors of old Eli for the last time. It is hard to figure that four players of such marked skill at polo will ever again enter one college as freshmen and play through four years of collegiate competition. Not only that, but most of these young men have more than once ridden to victory under the colors of Old Aiken and have come under the splendid coaching of Mrs. Thomas Hitchcock, mother of the famous United States international captain. What is still more, when their college playing days are over, it is certain that they will continue in the game as members of club teams for several years to come, and it will not be surprising some day to see one or two of them representing the United States with such former college stars as Thomas Hitchcock Jr. of Harvard and Winston F. C. Guest of Yale.

* * *

SHOULD REESTABLISH MONOPOLY

One of the disappointments of the United States Olympic track and field team in the games of 1928 was the failure to win either of the hurdle championship titles—the 110-meter high and 400-meter low. It was the first time since the renewal of the games in 1896 that the representatives of Uncle Sam had failed to win at least one of the titles, and only the second time in that period that they had not won both events. In the nine times the high event has been held, Earl J. Thomson, a Canadian who really learned his hurdling under Coach Harry L. Hillman of Dartmouth, who won the 400-meter event in 1904, and S. J. M. Atkinson of South Africa are the only hurdlers who have broken into the United States monopoly of this event, and Lord David Burghley of Great Britain is the only non-American to win the low event, which was started in 1900.

This year, unless a most decided upset takes place, it looks very much as if the United States would come back into its own, as the supply of able timber-toppers who can approach or shade the present world and Olympic records is better than ever, with Percy M. Beard, former University of Alabama star, and Jack A. C. Keller of Ohio State University to look after the high and Capt. Eugene E. Record of Harvard to look after the low. Other countries may have some candidates who can take the measure of these wearers of the American emblem; but, if they do, they will have to improve on previous Olympic performances.

* * *

A FITTING BASEBALL TRIBUTE

Kansas City has what is said to be a strictly amateur baseball league in operation, and it is known as the Ban Johnson League. And what is still more interesting to the veteran baseball fan is the fact that Charlie Nichols, famous pitcher for the Boston National League Baseball Club in the nineties, is much interested in the organization. A baseball league following the ideals of Ban Johnson is worthy of the support of the best baseball men in the country, and any list of star major-league pitchers, both from ability and sportsmanship, would have to include "Kid" Nichols.

* * *

NO HARVARD CREW CAPTAIN

Harvard's varsity crew is without a captain. That in itself is not news; but the fact that there is a possibility that the Harvard varsity will row Yale June 24 without a captain is regrettable. Capt. Thomas E. Armstrong '32 resigned the captaincy recently after having been arrested for a foolish prank. If no captain is chosen, the unfortunate act of Armstrong may be recalled many times in the future. Some sort of mark will enter the records that the crew was captainless, and naturally questions will be asked and the deed retold. Certainly Armstrong would like the matter to quiet down and Harvard would like to forget it. Then again it seems strangely amiss to record the race without a captain.

J. B. Hobbs Scores Two Centuries

ENGLISH INTERCOUNTY CRICKET CHAMPIONSHIP STANDING

	W	L	1st In'gs Led	Beh'd	A	WR	Pts
Middlesex	4	0	3	3	0		84
Surrey	3	0	5	1	2		81
Kent	4	1	0	3	2		67
Sussex	4	0	1	1	2		78
Lancashire	3	1	3	1	2		71
Hampshire	4	2	0	2	1		70
Nottinghamshire	3	1	2	1	1		62
Yorkshire	3	2	0	1	3		60
Somersetshire	2	2	0	3	2		47
Warwickshire	1	1	3	3	2		47
Leicestershire	2	4	2	0	1		44
Derbyshire	2	5	1	0	2		43
Northamptonshire	1	4	2	2	1		35
Glamorganshire	1	4	1	2	1		30
Gloucestershire	1	4	1	0	2		28
Essex	1	3	2	1	0		28
Worcestershire	0	5	0	2	4		22

By Press Wireless from Monitor Bureau

LONDON, June 15—At least one new record for batting will be placed against the name of a world famous cricketer, Jack B. Hobbs, in this his twenty-seventh season of first-class play, for yesterday the Surrey veteran accomplished the feat of scoring two centuries in one match for the sixth time in his distinguished career. The previous highest number of times such a thing had been done was five—by Hobbs himself and C. B. Fry, one of the greatest amateurs ever known.

If Hobbs fulfills his avowed intention of retiring from first-class cricket at the end of this season, he is likely to make his exit in a blaze of glory, as already he has brought his total centuries up to the staggering figure of 187, he has collected 894 runs this year, in conditions very infavorable to batsmen and can claim an average per innings of 68.76. His batsmanship yesterday against Essex showed his artistry unimpaired by the passage of time.

The scores at the Oval ground here were: Essex, 207 and 286; Surrey, 243 and 252 for one wicket, the latter team therefore winning by nine wickets. Associated with Hobbs in a splendid partnership was R. J. Gregory, who made 113, not out. Other good items were 50 and 104 by Jack O'Connor, Essex; 56 by T. F. Shepherd, Surrey.

Another veteran in the limelight is C. P. Mead, popular Hampshire lefthander, whose 104 not out against Derbyshire was his 129th century in first-class cricket. He now enjoys the distinction of having broken into three figures at least once against every county in the championship race. Runs came freely at Southampton, where Hampshire was victorious by six wickets with scores of 234 and 307 for four wickets against 318 and 219 for eight wickets declared. Other "centuries" besides Mead's were by D. M. Smith, Derbyshire, 103 not out, and John Arnold, Hampshire, 100.

A grim challenge from the north which lies in Yorkshire's steady upward progress in the standing has been replied to strongly by southern clubs, which today form a solid block in the first four places. The new leader in place of Kent is Middlesex, victor over Worcestershire at Lord's by eight wickets. The visitors compiled 278 and 90 whilst Middlesex collected 181 and 209 for two wickets. The only individual contributions above a half century were 92 by C. F. Walters, Worcestershire, 87 not out and 71 not out by G. S. T. Stevens and E. H. Hendren, respectively, in the home team's second venture.

Warwickshire had the satisfaction of gaining its first victory in the championship this season when it vanquished Northamptonshire by seven wickets—scores at Northampton were 161 and 259 against Warwickshire's 274 and 147 for three wickets—and Somersetshire just beat Nottinghamshire by 13 runs in an exceedingly thrilling finish at Taunton. The team scores were: Somersetshire 242 and 196, Nottinghamshire 219 and 206.

In matches outside the county championship the tourists from South America, captained by C. H. Gibson, lost to Leicestershire at Leicester by an innings and 32 runs (South America 112 and 116; Leicestershire 261); the powerful combination from India drew with Lancashire at Liverpool (Indians 493 and 36 for two wickets; Lancashire 399); and Cambridge University (357 for six wickets declared and 65 for one) drew with the Free Foresters (272 and 243 for eight wickets declared). The outstanding batting achievements in these matches were 15 and 34 by R. L. Stuart for the South Americans, 43 by Wigginton for Leicestershire, 131 not out and 125 by Amar Singh and C. K. Nayudu, respectively, for India; 153 by Edward Paynter and 78 by Ernest Tyldesley, both for Lancashire, 135 by A. H. Hazelrigg, Cambridge, and 53 and 106 by Hubert Ashton, Free Foresters.

YALE HOLDS TIME TRIAL

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

GALES FERRY, Conn., June 15—Although Coach Leader had no comment to make, there was considerable satisfaction at Yale quarters following the time row over the downstream four-mile course by the varsity last night. The time was clocked unofficially at 21m. 10s., which is slower than Harvard did Monday night; but conditions varied enough so that the difference in time means little. The workout did prove, however, that the Eli has a good crew, and barring the unexpected only the race itself will settle predictions. Early in the day both the junior varsity and freshmen held time rows downstream over the upper two miles with conditions varying. The juniors were caught in 10 minutes and the yearlings in 10m. 15s. W. R. "Woody" Tappen '30, stroke of the 1928 Yale varsity, was a visitor at the camp yesterday.

COLLEGE BASEBALL RESULTS

Holy Cross 3, Boston College 2.

SCHELL ACRES
VALENCIA, PA.
A real country home—every modern city convenience. A place to rest and study, together with outdoor enjoyment.
Phone | Pittsburgh, Atlantic 8628 | Valencia, Richland 72R12

VAN DYK
Lunch Counter Service
Good News
for business women and men, also for the busy shopper. Inexpensive and delicious plate lunches, a wide variety of tasty sandwiches, and fancy desserts. Pies just like Mother made.
VISIT US TODAY
431 Market St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

TRIPLE STEAL BEATS TRIBE

Yankees Defeat Cleveland When Chapman Crosses Plate—A's Win

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	Won	Lost	P.C.
New York	38	16	.704
Philadelphia	32	24	.571
Washington	32	24	.571
Detroit	30	25	.528
Cleveland	30	27	.526
St. Louis	28	26	.519
Chicago	19	34	.358
Boston	11	42	.208

RESULTS JUNE 14

New York 7, Cleveland 6.
Philadelphia 10, Detroit 5.
St. Louis 17, Washington 3.
Boston 5, Chicago 4 (11 innings)

A triple steal, with Chapman, Lazzeri and Lary doing the running, gave the New York Yankees a 7-to-6 triumph over the Cleveland Indians yesterday in the American League. The victory gave the Yanks the series, 3 games to 1. Jimmy Foxx's two home runs helped the Philadelphia Athletics defeat Detroit, 10 to 5. The St. Louis Browns pounded three Washington pitchers for 24 hits and won, 17 to 3. Boston won an 11 inning contest from Chicago, 5 to 4.

The Yankees scored two important runs in the seventh inning, with the aid of Ben Chapman's single and a triple steal. A base on balls to Ruth opened the inning, Chapman singled, Lazzeri was walked intentionally, filling the bases, and when Lary was hit by a pitched ball, Ruth scored from third. Chapman, Lazzeri and Lary then worked the triple steal, the first named scoring. Danny MacFayden won his first game for the Yankees, although hit hard. Earl Averill hit a home run, double and two singles for the Indians.

The Athletics moved into a tie for second place in the league standing by pounding three Detroit pitchers for 13 hits and 10 runs. Jimmy Foxx continued his sensational batting for the champions, connecting with his twenty-fourth and twenty-fifth home runs of the season. Vic Sorrell pitched good ball for the Tigers until the fifth, when the A's drove him to the showers with a five-run attack. Foxx's first homer came in this inning with two men on base.

The Browns hit Washington pitching almost as they pleased. Twenty-four safeties were registered in all by the winners, including home runs by Fred Schulte and Storti. George Blaeholder won his eighth game of the season for the Browns, settling down after a bad start. Irving Burns was the batting star of the Browns, with a triple and three singles, driving in three runs and scoring four times himself. Campbell also had four hits for the Browns.

Al Van Camp's double, his third hit of the game, together with Watwood's sacrifice bunt and a long fly by Marty McManus, gave the Red Sox one run in the eleventh. Bob Kline, big right-hander, was the winning pitcher. Bob Weiland started, but was taken out in the seventh inning. Ted Lyons went the route for the White Sox. The scores:

AT CLEVELAND

Innings—	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R	H	E
New York	0	2	0	1	1	1	2	0	0	7	13	3
Cleveland	1	1	0	0	2	1	0	1	0	6	14	2

Batteries—MacFayden, Wells, W. Brown and Hickey; C. Brown and Myatt. Winning pitcher — MacFayden. Umpires — Owens, McGowan and Hildebrand. Time—2h. 20m.

AT DETROIT

Innings—	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R	H	E
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	5	0	4	0	1	10	13	1
Detroit	0	0	0	0	2	1	1	1	0	5	10	2

Batteries—Walberg and Cochrane; Sorrell, Sewell, Hogsett and Hayworth. Losing pitcher—Sorrell. Umpires—Van Grafian and Nallin. Time—2h. 2m.

AT ST. LOUIS

Innings—	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R	H	E
St. Louis	1	0	4	3	0	0	6	3	x	17	24	0
Washington	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	7	1

Batteries—Blaeholder and Ferrell, Bengough; Weaver, Marberry, Ragland and Spencer, Maple. Losing pitcher—Weaver. Umpires—Geisel and Guthrie. Time—2h. 15m.

AT CHICAGO

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	R	H	E
Boston	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	—	5	14	3
Chicago	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	—	4	9	0

Batteries—Weiland, Kline and Tate; Lyons and Berry. Winning pitcher—Kline. Umpires—Ormsby and Dinneen. Time—2h 9m.

Flowers Plants
Quality Presentation
Moderate Prices
A. W. SMITH CO.
614 Smithfield Street
Wood and Diamond
Penn and Stanwix
PITTSBURGH, PA. AT. 7320

SCHMIDT'S
SINCE 1880
A Real Shoe Store
Fully Stocked With
Quality Shoes
X-Ray Fitted
FOR THE FAMILY
PITTSBURGH, PA.
627 SMITHFIELD STREET
Also Sunny Dormont

We Can Serve You Well
In These Departments
Checking
Savings
Foreign Safe Deposit
Steamship
Travel
DIAMOND National Bank
5th and Liberty Aves., Pittsburgh

Malcolm Farmer '04 Named Yale's Director of Athletics

By the Associated Press

NEW HAVEN, Conn., June 15—Reorganization of Yale's sport program was continued yesterday with the appointment of Malcolm Farmer, New Britain manufacturer and former Eli football player, as director of all the university's athletic activities.

Farmer, who was graduated from Sheffield Scientific School at Yale in 1904, will become chairman of the Board of Control of the Yale Athletic Association July 1, President James Rowland Angell announced. Under the association's constitution approved last November, the chairmanship will include the directorship of athletics, and John M. Cates will vacate the latter post.

Prof. R. Selden Rose also will leave the chairmanship of the board, but will remain on the Yale faculty.

Farmer, a present member of the board, will rank as a professor and, President Angell said, "will be unequivocally at the head of the university's athletic organization."

In his new position Farmer, who captained his freshman football team and played three years on the varsity team, will be in charge of the shaping of Yale's athletic program into more of an intramural project, in accordance with the recommendations recently approved by university officials.

Although he will move his family to New Haven the end of this month, he said he has not decided whether he will relinquish his positions as vice-president of the Stanley works, New Britain, and general manager of the steel division of the American Tube & Stamping Company of Bridgeport. His son, Malcolm Farmer Jr., is a sophomore at Yale.

Seeded Players In Third Round

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

RYE, N. Y., June 15—Seven singles and one doubles match were completed in the eastern intercollegiate lawn tennis championship tournament yesterday. Owing to the fact that it was raining in New York, only a few of the players showed up, which accounted for the small number of matches put through.

In the only first round match of the tournament Allen Swayze of New York University defeated Lawrence C. Ehrhardt of Fordham, 6—2, 4—6, 6—2. Of the four seeded players three of them played their second round match yesterday and advanced to the third round. Two of them—Donald M. Frame, Harvard, and Sidney Berger, New York—won easily, the former defeating William Goldstein of Long Island University, 6—0, 6—1, while Berger won from G. A. Harris Jr. of Brown, 6—0, 6—2. Leonard Hartman, Columbia, the other seeded player, was hard pressed by Charles R. Marks of New York, the score being 6—4, 6—3.

In the only doubles match played, Sidney Berger and Donald Hawley, New York, defeated Paul W. Peavy Jr. and Howard Tompkins, Colgate, 6—4, 6—4. The summary:

EASTERN INTERCOLLEGIATE TENNIS CHAMPIONSHIP

SINGLES—First Round

Allen Swayze, New York, defeated Lawrence C. Ehrhardt, Fordham, 6—2, 4—6, 6—2.

Second Round

Donald M. Frame, Harvard, defeated William Goldstein, Long Island, 6—0, 6—1.
Sidney Berger, New York, defeated G. A. Harris Jr., Brown, 6—0, 6—2.
H. W. Cole, Harvard, defeated Herman Anfanger, Columbia, 6—4, 6—3.
Leonard Hartman, Columbia, defeated Charles Marks, Long Island, 6—4, 6—3.
Paul W. Peavy Jr., Colgate, defeated John M. Hamilton, Yale, 6—3, 6—2.
Sidney Seligson, New York, defeated P. G. Canfield, Harvard, 7—5, 6—4.

DOUBLES—First Round

Sidney Berger and Donald Hawley, New York, defeated Paul W. Peavy Jr. and Howard Tompkins, Colgate, 6—4, 6—4.

YALE PLAYOFF DATES

NEW HAVEN, Conn., June 15 (AP)—Dates for final baseball games, if three games are necessary with both Harvard and Princeton, were announced last night by the Yale Athletic Association. If a third game is necessary with Princeton, and not with Harvard, the Tigers and Elis will meet in Princeton June 25. However, if third games with both colleges are necessary, Yale will meet Harvard in Cambridge June 25, and Princeton at New Haven, June 28.

DODGERS RELEASE THREE

NEW YORK, June 15 (AP)—The Brooklyn Dodgers announced yesterday the release of three players to get within the major-league limit of 23 men Fresco Thompson, second baseman, was sent to Jersey City of the International League on option; Bruce Caldwell, first baseman, was optioned to Hartford of the Eastern League, and Paul Richards, catcher, was sold outright to Minneapolis of the American Association for an unannounced sum.

RHEA'S BAKERIES
PITTSBURGH
We are often under-sold on price, but we are never surpassed on bakery products of the better kind. The kind you are proud to serve and enjoy at the family table. 40 kinds of coffee cakes included in our 225 varieties.
Downtown—Market and Fifth Ave.
East Liberty—Penn Ave. near Hiland
Squirrel Hill—Next to Manor Thea.
North Side—Boggs & Buhl

COLLE'S
Ringlette

Mr. Colle is the pioneer operator producing the Ringlette Permanent wave in Pittsburgh. An overhead machine cannot produce the Ringlette wave — the soft, natural wave with ringlette ends. The way to be certain of obtaining the genuine Colle's Ringlette is to have Mr. Colle do it.
COLLE'S
Suite 610, Aronson Building
339 Fifth Ave. Phone Atlantic 0554
PITTSBURGH, PENNA.

SAVE WITH SAFETY
Monthly Saving Plan
Based on 6% Dividend Compounded Semi-Annually

You Pay Monthly			
$ 6.00			
12.00			
18.00	You Save in		
24.00	126 Months		
	$ 756.00		
	1,512.00		
	2,268.00	Your Saving	
	3,064.00	Share Deposits Earn	
		$244.00	
		$488.00	You
		732.00	Receive at
		[illegible].00	Maturity
We invite your most careful investigation. Write or Call for Booklet.			$1,000.00
			2,000.00
			3,000.00
			4,000.00

FIRST MUTUAL BUILDING & LOAN ASSOCIATION
Organized 1915
Resources over $250,000.00
523 Grant Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Olympic Carrying Six-Meter Yachts

Special from Monitor Bureau

NEW YORK, June 15—When the White Star liner, Olympic, sails from this port today en route to Southampton, Eng., she will be carrying, lashed to her deck, four of the six-meter yachts which will represent the United States this summer in races in British waters.

The boats going abroad are the fastest that could be chosen. They are Briggs Cunningham's Lucie, J. Seward Johnson's Jill, Robert C. Meyer's Bobkat II and the Seawanhaka syndicate's Nancy. They will form the United States team in the third of the series of races for the British-American Trophy, and in other events overseas. The skippers and crews will not follow the boats until next Wednesday when they sail in the Majestic. Olin J. Stephens 2d, who won the race across the north Atlantic last summer in the Dorade, will be the skipper of the Nancy while the three owners of the other boats will be at the helm in their respective craft.

The skippers plan to get in about two weeks sailing on the Solent before the British-American series, three out of five races, start July 18 on the Solent, the first race at Ryde and the others at Cowes.

Following the British-American Trophy competition the skippers will sail, according to present plans, under the auspices of the Royal Yacht Squadron in Cowes Week.

Later one of the yachts will be chosen to compete on the Clyde for the Seawanhaka Cup, first put up in 1895 and which has been held by the Royal Northern Yacht Club for the last three seasons. This season's races will start about Aug. 18.

The score stands even in the British-American Trophy series, the British winning the event in 1928 and the Americans winning off Oyster Bay in 1930.

REDS RELEASE HEATHCOTE

PHILADELPHIA, June 15 (AP)—Cliff Heathcote, outfielder of the Cincinnati Reds, has been unconditionally released, it was announced here yesterday, bringing the Reds down to the prescribed major-league limit of 23 players. Heathcote was with the Chicago Cubs for several years, but last year was sold to Cincinnati.

LEHIGH ELECTS HALSTED

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

BETHLEHEM, Penna., June 15—Charles F. Halsted '33 has been elected captain of the Lehigh University baseball team for next year. He is a catcher and is also a halfback on the varsity football team.

PHILADELPHIA
The Loveliest of New Summer DRESSES
Smart Styles . . . Inexpensive
ROSE-LEE
DRESS SHOP
4856 N. Broad St., Phila. Pa.
Open every evening except Wednesday

BON VOYAGE CARDS
and other
TRAVEL CARDS
Keep notes of your trip in an appropriate
TRIP BOOK
DECKER'S
STATIONERS
24 South 15th Street
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

SPRINGER'S
Restaurant
under Reading Terminal
at 12th and Filbert Streets
Philadelphia
HOME COOKED MEALS
MORNING, NOON, NIGHT
Open Sundays from 11 a. m. to 8 p. m.

Let Our Driver-Salesman Call
He will give you full information concerning the price and treatment of any article you may wish to give him
JUST PHONE
STEVENSON 5400
ADELPHIA Cleaners and Dyers
Office and Plant 1620 No. 21st St
PHILADELPHIA
"An individual plant giving individual attention"

PHILLIES AND REDS DIVIDE TWO GAMES

NATIONAL LEAGUE

	Won	Lost	P.C.
Chicago	31	22	.585
Boston	30	24	.556
Pittsburgh	34	34	.500
Brooklyn	27	28	.491
St. Louis	25	26	.490
New York	24	25	.489
Philadelphia	27	31	.466
Cincinnati	26	34	.433

RESULTS JUNE 14

Philadelphia 6, Cincinnati 5.
Cincinnati 8, Philadelphia 2.
All other games postponed.

Only two clubs saw action in the National League yesterday, Philadelphia and Cincinnati dividing a double-header. The Phillies won the opener, 6 to 5, while the second contest went to the Reds, 5 to 2. All other games in the senior circuit were postponed.

Three runs in the ninth inning gave the Phillies a victory in the first game. They touched Owen Carroll for five hits in this inning. Chuck Klein put the Phillies ahead in the seventh inning by hitting his sixteenth home run of the season with two men on. Ernie Lombardi hit a homer for the Reds and batted in two runs. Burt Shotton used three pitchers, Flint Rhem, former Cardinal, getting the victory. The Reds pounded Jim Elliott for six hits and four runs in the first inning of the second game. Bob Ogden worked for the winners and kept out of trouble most of the time. Eddie Delker's homer accounted for the two Phillie runs. The scores:

AT PHILADELPHIA

First Game

Innings—	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R	H	E
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	3	—	6	15	3
Cincinnati	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	2	1	—	5	8	2

Batteries—Hansen, Dudley, Rhem and McCurdy, Davis; Carroll and Lombardi. Winning pitcher—Rhem. Umpires—Stark and Klem. Time—2h. 3m.

Second Game

Innings—	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R	H	E
Cincinnati	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—	5	16	0
Philadelphia	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—	2	7	0

Batteries—Ogden and Manion; J. Elliott, H. Elliott and Davis. Losing pitcher—J. Elliott. Umpires—Klem and Stark. Time—1h. 42m.

ITALY ENTERS SEMIFINALS

MONTREAUX, Switz., June 15 (AP)—The Italian Davis Cup team yesterday defeated Switzerland 3 matches to 2, entering the semifinal round of the European zone. After splitting the first two singles matches and winning the doubles, the Italians clinched the series when Palmieri defeated C. F. Aeschliman, 6

HARRIMAN URGES ANTI-TRUST LAW MODIFICATION

Change Proposed to Permit Business to Establish Own Regulation

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

RYE, N. Y., June 15—Modification of the anti-trust laws, balancing of all governmental budgets and strengthening the banking system of the United States were among recommendations for restoring economic prosperity made by Mr. Henry I. Harriman, president of the United States Chamber of Commerce, in an address here last night.

"Amend the administrative features of our anti-trust laws, establish a sound banking system in place of the 49 heterogeneous systems which we now have and give assurance to depositors that their money will be safe in the banks," Mr. Harriman said, "and the present depression of fear will soon be replaced by confidence and prosperity."

The anti-trust laws should be amended to permit making of contracts between corporations for the purpose of balancing production and consumption, such contracts to become effective when approved and found by some public body to be in the public interest, he said.

The trade slump of 1929 was caused primarily by "a loss of moral perspective and a collapse of common honesty," Mr. Harriman declared. "The Sermon on the Mount and Ten Commandments will always be the true guide to real and lasting prosperity," he held.

Mr. George V. McLaughlin, president of the Brooklyn Trust Company, has been chosen by the nominating committee to head the New York State Bankers' Association in 1933, according to reports in reliable quarters.

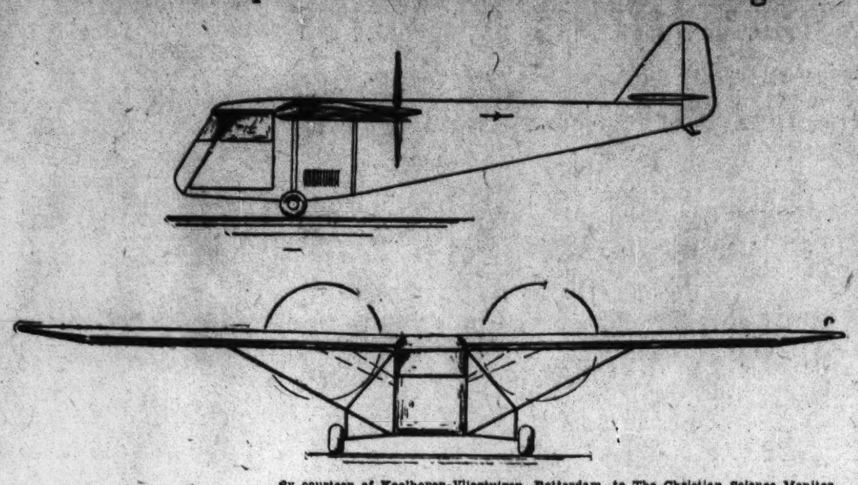
Mr. J. Stewart Baker, president of the organization for 1932, has announced that he will retire, following the close of the annual meeting this week. It was reported that Mr. Herman H. Griswold, president of the First National Bank & Trust Company, of Elmira, N. Y., who was formerly a treasurer of the association, would succeed Mr. Baker as president for the rest of the year.

CHICOPEE TEACHERS GIVE TOWN $13,000

CHICOPEE, Mass., June 15 (AP)—The school department today received $13,000 as a voluntary contribution toward the city's expenses from the city teachers. The sum represents the equivalent of one week's pay.

A second similar contribution will be made in the fall. The school board refused to sanction a pay reduction for the teachers at the time when cuts for employees of other departments were made, and this voluntary action of the teachers is a substitute.

New Dutch Sports Plane Uses Automobile Engine



By courtesy of Koolhoven-Vliegtuigen, Rotterdam, to The Christian Science Monitor

MOTOR EXPENSE PROBLEM SOLVED

With High-Cost Motors a Big Aviation Problem, a Solution by Using Low-Cost, Mass-Produced Motorcar Engines Has Been Worked Out in Holland With the Above Ship Design.

Motorcar Engines for Flying

★ ★ ★

Holland's Koolhoven Designs Two-Place Ship, Using New Ford Automobile Motors

★ ★ ★

By VOLNEY D. HURD

LONG have aviation enthusiasts dreamed of an air "flivver," a plane to sell for the price of an inexpensive automoblie. Marked steps toward this goal have been taken but still the price is around $1200 to $1500 for a workable two-passenger plane. Expensive engines are the main problem since the rest of the plane can be made at relatively low cost even without mass production.

Since the engine is the stumbling block, the natural thought is, "Why not use the mass-produced and highly efficient modern automobile motor?" In the past automobile motors have been far too heavy for their power to put in a plane. But two things are making their future use possible. One is that motors of a given weight are much more powerful than they used to be. The other is that better knowledge of aerodynamics make it possible to produce machines of a given size having more lift and therefore capable of carrying the extra weight of the motorcar engine.

In the United States but little work has been done in this direction. From our Dutch correspondent, M. F. Cante, comes word, however, that in Holland there has been completed the design of a very neat two-passenger plane which can be powered with an ordinary Ford motor of the new four-cylinder variety and that even greater performance may be expected by putting in one of the new eights.

The designer of this new ship is none other than Mr. Frederick Koolhoven, well-known aeronautical engineer who recently announced the building of a ship twice the size of the DO-X. He states that the new ship is 25 feet long with a wingspread of 31½ feet. A monoplane, it carries its motor in the fuselage behind the cockpit. This placement cuts down dirt and noise and leaves the front of the machine available for big windows and therefore good visibility ahead, a most desirable feature.

Two propellers are used, driven from the motor by chains, much as in the original Wright machines. This permits a very efficient propeller design, for gearing down is easy and slow turning, big pitch and efficient propellers can therefore be used, the gain obtained this way probably offsetting to quite a degree the loss incurred in the double-chain drive.

Mr. Koolhoven has worked out unique hydraulic drive for airplane propellers for his new large ship which we discussed in the columns of this newspaper recently, and it is intended to reduce this system to a small enough size to use in this new sport plane which will eliminate the chains and make for quieter flying.

The only "out" about the machine from an American viewpoint is that its top speed is only 55 miles an hour, and the American public has been educated to think that at least 85 miles an hour is necessary for good flying. If long trips against heavy head winds were the object, this objection might hold, but this Dutch machine is for sport flying and 55 miles an hour with good stability can give a pilot a lot of fun. After all, the World War training machines seldom did over 60 miles an hour and much useful flying was done with the old "Jennies."

One of the marked advantages of this ship is that with its low top speed, its landing speed is brought down to 25 miles an hour, which should make it a safe and usable ship for even an inexperienced pilot. In Holland the ship costs $1600, but that means that in the United States its cost should be reduced to about half that. It will be interesting to see if American airplane manufacturers will adopt the Ford eight motor to a sport plane of the Koolhoven type.

Radio Tonight

DAYLIGHT SAVING TIME

WEEI, Boston (590kc-508m)

5:00 p. m.—"What's Going On Around Us."
5:15 NBC, "Skippy"; sketch.
5:30 Adele Braham, coloratura soprano.
5:45 "Facts for the Public."
6:00 Sketch, "Strange Allies."
6:15 NBC, Waldorf-Astoria Orchestra.
6:29 Studio announcements; news.
6:45 Organ and piano recital.
7:00 Popular vocal program.
7:15 "Tessie the Typist"; sketch.
7:30 Frances Foskette, soprano.
7:45 NBC, "Rise of the Goldbergs."
8:00 NBC, "Big Time"; sketch; music.
8:30 NBC, "Old Counsellor"; orchestra.
9:00 NBC, Goodyear Orchestra; Grace Hayes, soprano; Revelers Quartet.
9:30 NBC, Mobiloil Orchestra; soloists.
10:00 NBC, Barnyard Music; quartet.
10:30 WEEI Organist, Del Castillo.
10:45 NBC, "Women's Activities at the Convention," Mrs. E. A. Yost.
11:00 E. B. Rideout's news.
11:15 NBC, Convention Highlights, William Hard.
11:30 Joe Rines and his orchestra.

WBZ and WBZA, Boston and Springfield (990kc-303m)

5:00 p. m.—Agricultural markets talk.
5:15 "Toe Ticklers"; soloist; orchestra.
5:30 NBC, "Singing Lady."
5:50 NBC, "Little Orphan Annie."
6:00 Studio announcements.
6:02 Sport Review, Bill Williams.
6:10 Bradford organ, Louis Weir.
6:15 "The Monitor Views the News."
6:30 Dutch Band.
6:45 NBC, "Today's News," Lowell Thomas.
7:00 Time; NBC, "Amos 'n' Andy."
7:15 NBC, Royal Vagabonds: impersonations.
7:30 NBC, Stebbins Boys.
7:45 NBC, Billy Jones and Ernie Hare.
8:00 Commencement Exercises of Suffolk Law School.
8:30 Winston Sharples's Orchestra.
8:45 Balalaika Orchestra: soloists.
9:00 NBC, Adventures of Sherlock Holmes.
9:30 NBC, George Olsen's Music; Jack Benny; Ethel Shutta.
10:00 "Down to the Sea in Ships."
10:15 NBC, Johnson Orchestra; Whispering Jack Smith; female trio.
10:30 NBC, Arden Orchestra; soloist.
10:45 NBC, Same as WEEI.
11:02 Sport Review, Bill Williams.
11:15 Republican news flashes.
11:30 Louis Weir, organist.

WNAC, Boston (1230kc-244m)

5:00 p. m.—"The Puzzle Man."
5:05 "The Dance Parade"; orchestra.
5:30 Shepard Mirror of Fashion.
5:45 "Show World"; orchestra; soloist.
6:00 Studio announcements; news.
6:15 Short subjects.
6:30 Big Brother's Spelling Bee.
6:45 "Chandu"; transcription.
7:00 CBS, Morton Downey; orchestra.
7:15 CBS, Maxwell Orchestra; soloist.
7:30 CBS, Comedy sketch.
7:45 CBS, "Bing" Crosby, baritone.
8:00 CBS, Linit Orchestra; soloists.
8:15 CBS, "Singin' Sam," baritone.
8:30 Salon Ensemble.
8:45 CBS, "Col. Stoopnagle and Budd."
9:00 CBS, Guy Lombardo's Orchestra; Burns and Allen.
9:30 CBS, Edgar Wallace story.
10:00 CBS, Ruth Etting; orchestra.
10:15 Program from Boston Arena.
11:00 Studio announcements; news.
11:15 Organ recital, Francis J. Cronin.
11:30 to 1:00 a. m.—Dance music.

WAAB, Boston (1410kc-213m)

5:00 p. m.—CBS, Republican national convention and summary.
7:00 Studio announcements; news.
7:15 Leo Litwin, pianist.
7:30 Big Brother Bob Emery.
7:45 Concert ensemble.
8:00 The Gossipers.
8:15 "Kay, Kris and Bennie," trio.
8:30 CBS, Dictators' Orchestra; soloist.
8:45 Talk, "Current Events."
9:00 Petite Symphonie.
9:30 Francis Cronin; Edward Jardon.
10:00 Studio announcements; news.
10:15 CBS, Talk series.
10:30 CBS, Columbia Symphony Orchestra.
11:00 CBS, Republican convention reports.
11:15 to 12:00 CBS dance music.

Tomorrow's Features

WBSO, Babson Park, Mass. (920kc-326m)

7:00 a. m.—Studio and musical programs.
12:00 noon—Stocks; music; talk.
12:45 p. m.—Studio soloists.
1:35 p. m.—Parents Question Box.
2:05 p. m.—Studio soloists
3:30 p. m.—Good cheer service, Massachusetts Federation of Churches.
4:00 p. m.—Studio and musical programs.

WEEI

8:00 a. m.—NBC, Gene and Glenn.
8:15 a. m.—E. B. Rideout; news.
8:30 a. m.—NBC, Cheerio.
9:15 a. m.—NBC, "Overnight Developments," William Hard.
11:30 a. m.—WEEI organist.
12:00 noon—NBC, Home Circle.
12:15 p. m.—News; stocks; produce.
12:45 p. m.—Organist.
1:00 p. m.—The Daily Tattler.
2:00 p. m.—Gretchen McMullen.
3:00 p. m.—NBC, male trio.
3:30 p. m.—WEEI Reading Circle.
4:15 p. m.—Silver Lining Hour.

WBZ

7:00 a. m.—Musical programs.
8:00 a. m.—NBC programs.
8:30 a. m.—Studio and musical programs.
9:30 a. m.—NBC, Beautiful Thoughts.
9:45 a. m.—Greater Boston Federation of Churches program.
10:15 a. m.—NBC programs.
11:45 a. m.—NBC, Republican Convention.
12:00 noon—"The Monitor Views the News."
12:15 p. m.—NBC, Pat Barnes.
12:45 p. m.—NBC, Convention Highlights, William Hard.
1:30 p. m.—NBC, Farm and Home Hour.
2:30 p. m.—Matinée Revue.
3:00 p. m.—Chickering Hour.
3:30 p. m.—Home Forum Cooking School.
4:00 p. m.—NBC, "Silhouettes."

WNAC

6:30 a. m.—Studio and musical.
11:00 a. m.—CBS programs.
11:45 a. m.—Studio period; news.
12:00 Noon—CBS, Republican Convention.
2:00 p. m.—CBS programs.
2:30 p. m.—Boston Information Service.
3:15 p. m.—Talk, "Artificial Refrigeration."
3:30 p. m.—Boston Popular Revue.
4:00 p. m.—School Committee talk.
4:15 p. m.—CBS, United States Army Band.
4:45 p.m.—Organ recital, Francis Cronin.

WAAB

7:45 a. m.—Time; news; weather.
8:00 a. m.—CBS programs.
9:30 a. m.—CBS, Convention report.
9:45 a. m.—CBS programs.
11:00 a. m.—Studio and musical.
1:00 p. m.—Musical and studio programs.
3:15 p. m.—Braves-Pittsburgh Pirates, Fred Hoey, reporting.

Forthcoming Lectures On Christian Science

By Members of The Christian Science Board of Lectureship

United States

MAINE

Calais: Church Edifice, 8 p. m., June 24.

MASSACHUSETTS

Worcester (First Church): North High School Auditorium, Salisbury Street, 8 p. m., June 13 (Note change of auspices)

NEW YORK

Liberty: Liberty Theater, 3:15 p. m., June 19.

Ripley (auspices Societies of Westfield, New York, and North East, Pennsylvania): High School Auditorium, North State Street, 3 p. m., June 19.

PENNSYLVANIA

Upper Darby: Upper Darby Junior High School, Garrett Road and Sherbrook Boulevard, 3:30 p. m., June 19.

VIRGINIA

Portsmouth (First Church): Colony Theater, High Street, 3:30 p. m., June 19.

WORK SOON TO START

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

CHARLOTTE, N. C.—The Johnson C. Smith University's $600,000 building program will be ready for bids at an early date and work will start by the end of the summer, celebration of the bicentennial anniversary of George Washington.

Said to be the oldest of American state universities, the University of Georgia was chartered in 1785—two years before the Constitutional Convention was to meet in Philadelphia, and four years before George Washington was to become first President of the United States. The Georgia institution's participation in the bicentennial celebration is in the form of a series of radio addresses on various aspects of the life of Washington.

Cotton Dominates Georgia Style Show

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

ATHENS, Ga.—As a part of the commencement activities at Georgia State Teachers' College, and in conjunction with National Cotton Week, 125 clothing students were presented recently in the annual style show, which was the yearly open meeting of the Home Economics club of the college.

These students, who displayed around 275 different models, all a part of their college work, were presented by Mrs. Margaret Harris Blair, adjunct professor in the department of household arts. Mrs. Blair is responsible for the instruction in intermediary clothing, costume design, and advanced clothing. Most of the models demonstrated the varied usages of cotton fabrics, which, according to Mrs. Blair, are easily adopted to personality and occasion, take dyes well, and are economical.

In addition to the cotton models, there were those in linen, wool, and silk. Radio and television were utilized. As the various models were presented, descriptions of the problems involved and explanations of the courses in which the models were prepared were broadcast.

Drawing Books Teach Safety in Richmond

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

RICHMOND, Va. — Safety first drawing books, which contain cautionary pictures and captions warning Richmond children to beware of walking behind street cars, "hooking," playing in streets and skating on highways, have been distributed among pupils in the first two grades of the Richmond schools.

These drawing books were distributed through the Richmond Safety Council. More than 15,000 of the books, which are to be colored with crayons, went out early this week.

AKRON ON LAST LAP OF TRIP

PARIS ISLAND, S. C., June 15 (AP)—The navy dirigible Akron headed away from its mooring mast here shortly after 10 a. m. today on the last lap of its trip from Sunnyvale, Calif., to Lakehurst, N. J.

CO-OPERATION AIDS POULTRY DEALERS

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

COLUMBIA, S. C.—More than 1,100,000 pounds of poultry were marketed between Dec. 1 and March 15 in South Carolina through the coöperative carlot schedules sponsored by the Clemson College extension service, according to a statement made by Mr. George E. Price, chief of the division of markets, who added that the total of 68 cars was slightly in excess of the 960,000 pounds marketed during the entire 1931 season.

South Carolina producers realized approximately $160,000 from the sale of this poultry, Mr. Price said. Some 22,000 poultrymen participated in the sales.

IDLE MEN WANTED FARM AND GOT IT

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

ATLANTA, Ga.—When two men presented themselves at the office of the Atlanta Community Employment Service saying they were out of work and wanted to do farming, Miss Irene Colwell, secretary, determined to find a way to meet this new demand. With the aid of the staff, she found a farm whose owner coöperated in offering it for the purpose desired and the two applicants promptly had their needs met. The little tract of land of about 35 acres is in Cobb County and the two men with the little money they have on hand are ready to start operations.

NORTH CAROLINA CUTS DEBT $24,025,522

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

RALEIGH, N. C.—North Carolina's counties, cities and towns have reduced their local indebtedness by $24,025,522 since March 8, 1931, the date on which the operation of the Local Government Commission, under state supervision, became effective. Announcement to this effect was made here by Gov. O. Max Gardner.

During this period the State paid off $15,000,000 of its bonded indebtedness. Taxes have been materially reduced in many of the counties.

GEORGIA UNIVERSITY HONORS WASHINGTON

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

ATHENS, Ga.—The University of Georgia has joined the nation in the

General Classified

HELP WANTED—WOMEN

PERMANENT, PROFITABLE OPPORTUNITY for women of vision and culture with Book Trails, the new collection of literature for children; college or equivalent; home or business experience. For such person seeking real future, not just temporary job, we offer an interesting commission income. See or write nearest office, SHEPARD & LAWRENCE, Publishers, 180 N. Michigan Ave., Chicago; 585 Fifth Ave., New York; 536 Western Ave., Waterloo, Iowa; 626 Hearst Bldg., San Francisco; 3757 Wilshire Blvd., Los Angeles.

UNEMPLOYED—We will supply you on memo a fast selling line of jewelry which will pay you a liberal commission. Write G. H. ROBERTS CO., 75 Westminster St., Providence, R. I.

REPRESENTATIVES WANTED

FAIRWAY-BILTMORE HOSIERY desire men and women to sell silk hosiery that wears; substantial income assured; commission. 434 Madison Ave., New York City.

WEARING APPEL

FOR THE BABY
An exclusive line of exquisite Dresses, Rompers, Sweaters, etc., sizes up to three years. Prices $1.50 and up. Money refunded if merchandise unsatisfactory, if returned in good condition.
THE HOUSE OF PRISCILLA
MEDFORD, MASS.

Local Classified

United States and Canada

ADVERTISING AGENCIES

DOES your advertising properly interpret your business and produce results? DOUGLAS ALLAN ASSOCIATES, 845 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

APARTMENTS—FURNISHED

BOSTON, Marlboro St.—Large sunny 3-room apartment, 4 doors from Public Garden. Comm. 1819 or Milton 4716 after June 15.

FURNISHED or not, 7 rooms, bath, large front piazza, awnings, oil burner, upper apartment in 2-apartment stucco house; also lower apartment, furnished, 6 rooms, bath, oil burner, piazza. Owner, C. F. COBB, 77 Stetson St., Brookline, Mass. Asp. 1606.

JACKSON HEIGHTS, N. Y., Cedar Court, Apt. D-21—Charming 3-room apartment, piano, radio; available for summer; reasonable. Newtown 9-8638.

N. Y. C., West End Ave. 640 (91 St.)—Attractive 3-room apartments; kitchen, kitchenette refrigeration radio Schuyler 4-8943 mornings.

WINTHROP, MASS.—To let, July and Aug., furnished lower apartment, 6 rooms, facing water. 55 Cliff Ave. Ocean 3023-M.

APARTMENTS—UNFURNISHED

NEW YORK CITY, 720 WEST 170TH STREET
Corner, near Broadway, Riverside Drive; school
24-hour elevator service
3-4 ROOMS; refrigeration
LOW RENTALS

APARTMENTS TO LET

BACK BAY
1 TO 3-ROOM SUITES with all modern improvements, conveniences, locations. Apply COLEMAN-GILBERT ASSOCIATES, 338 Huntington Ave., Boston. Tel. Commonwealth 2312.

BEACON HILL, NEAR STATE HOUSE, BOSTON—1 and 2-room suites, quiet, cool, furnished or unfurnished, open fireplaces; very attractive and convenient. 60-64 Pemberton Sq., Boston.

BOSTON, 114 Fenway—3-room suite, top floor, east, west and north exposures; cool in hottest weather; beautiful view; available July 1st. Tel. Commonwealth 5449.

BOSTON, Back Bay, 148-11-19 Peterboro St.—1 and 2-room kitchenette apts., modern improvements, Frigidaire. Tel. Ken. 7382, Comm. 6758.

BOSTON, Back Bay, opposite Art Museum—1-room suites, $30 to $35 and 3 rooms, $45 to $50; references. 464 Huntington Ave.

CAMBRIDGE MASS.—Unusual 2-room apartment with fireplace and free electric refrigeration in restricted building; charming residential section near Harvard College; unfurnished or furnished until Sept. 1st at considerably reduced rental. MRS. HANCOCK, MISS GORDON 1359 Beacon St., Brookline. Regent 3181

ROOMS, all modern improvements, large pantry, good closet room, screened piazza; must be seen to be appreciated; near church. Tel. Melrose 3475-W, or apply 624 Main Street, Melrose, Mass.

87 ST. STEPHEN ST.

Suites 1, 2 and 3 rooms, kitchenette and bath. Electric refrigeration. Rents reasonable. Apply on premises or

CHAS. E. CUSHING
309 Washington St., Boston Tel. Laf. 7040

WINTHROP CENTER, MASS. — Attractive apartment; best location; easily heated; near yacht club, station, bathing beach. Tel. OWNER, Ocean 1126-W.

APARTMENTS TO SHARE

NEW YORK CITY, 160 West 72nd (Apt. 2 B)—Gentleman will rent 2 rooms in studio apartment; business men preferred; piano available. FOLTZ.

AUTOMOBILES FOR HIRE

PACKARD limousines for all occasions; trips arranged. J. A. JOHNSON, 130 University Rd., Brookline, Mass. Asp. 5683.

BEAUTY SHOPS

BRUNO'S BEAUTY SALON
Formerly with Filene's
Permanent Wave, $4.95; Marcel 50c
Finger Wave 50c
276 HUNTINGTON AVE., BOSTON
Next to Repertory Theatre Tel. Ken. 9036

BOARD FOR CHILDREN

BOARD, either permanent with schooling or for summer, for small children, in Northern New Jersey; Christian Scientists preferred. Temporary telephone Teaneck 7-3241, Teaneck, N. J.

CHILDREN taken in loving home, permanent or for summer; girls 5-10, boys 6-13. MRS. SEE P. O. Box 294, Lake Placid, N. Y.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

BOSTON—Rooming house to rent on Marlboro St., completely furnished, in good renting locality; good opportunity for man and wife; 15 rooms. 116 Huntington Avenue.

WILL sell or rent to responsible, experienced party established and one of the finest tea houses around Boston. A-28, The Christian Science Monitor, Boston.

CAMPS AND COTTAGES

CAMP ON LAKE OSSIPEE, Center Ossipee, New Hampshire; good condition; for rent by week, month or season; favorable terms. M-25, 1058 McCormick Bldg., Chicago.

For Rent
JUSTAMERE KAMP, AT ALTON BAY, N. H. Electric lights, screened porch. Write MRS. VELMA E. NASON, 11 Second St., Dover, N. H.

TO LET ON CAPE COD
Water front cottages, all modern improvements, 7 rooms, sun porches, shower baths; good bathing; reasonable rents. Apply J. MAKEL, Crescent Beach, Mattapoisett, Mass.

TO RENT for season, cottage on waterfront at Moody Beach in Wells, Maine—Bathroom, gas stove, fireplace and piano. For particulars write N. J. PRESCOTT, Sanford, Maine. Telephone 134-R.

TWO Cape Cod cottages for rent, half price, at Dennis Beach. R. H. HEFLER, Dennis, Mass.

COUNTRY BOARD

POCONO MOUNTAINS — Attractive farm, excellent food; many beautiful spots for quiet study in woodland or by shady brook; refined American adults desired; $16 to $21 a week. MRS. C. E. PALMER, Locust Lodge, Cresco, Pa.

EMPLOYMENT AGENCIES

CENTRAL EMPLOYMENT AGENCY
Newark, N. J., 21 Marshall Street
Superior male and female help, all nationalities—chauffeurs, cooks, etc.—furnished free to employers. MRS. GERTRUDE DIXON, Mu. 3-4118.

HOMES WITH ATTENTION

COLLINGSWOOD, N. J.—Permanent or temporary home for elderly people or those needing rest or attention; experienced nurse; convenient to Camden or Philadelphia. Pa.; N. J. State License. MRS SARAH J DAUBMAN, Colgswd. 603

LEGAL NOTICES

(D. P. U. 4430)
THE COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS
★ ★ ★ ★
In Department of Public Utilities
★ ★ ★ ★
Boston, June 11, 1932

On the petition of the Boston Consolidated Gas Company for approval of a contract for the purchase of gas from The New England Fuel and Transportation Company, the Commission of the Department of Public Utilities will give a public hearing to all parties interested at its hearing-room, 166 State House, Boston, on Wednesday, the twenty-second day of June current, at ten-thirty o'clock in the forenoon.

And the petitioner is required to give notice of said hearing by serving a copy hereof upon the respective mayors of Boston, Chelsea, Newton, Quincy, Somerville and Waltham and upon the respective chairmen of the selectmen of Acton, Ayer, Bedford, Brookline, Concord, Groton, Lincoln, Littleton, Milton, Sudbury, Watertown, Wayland, Wellesley and Weston seven days at least prior to the date of said hearing, to publish a copy hereof in the Boston American, Boston Post, Boston Globe, Boston Herald, Boston Transcript, Christian Science Monitor, Newton Graphic, Quincy Patriot Ledger and Waltham News Tribune, in each of said papers once at least prior to the date of said hearing, and to make return of service and publication at the time of hearing.

By order of the Department,
(Sgd) ALLAN BROOKS,
Administrative Secretary.

MISCELLANEOUS

WINDOWS OF DISTINCTION
for Churches and Public Buildings
W J. LONG, Scranton, Pa.

MOVING AND STORAGE

I SHALL deem it a privilege to serve readers of The Christian Science Monitor in their local and long distance piano and furniture moving. NOBLE R. STEVES, 184 Harvard Street, Dorchester District, Boston, Mass. Tel. Talbot 2400.

LONG distance moving, house to house moving, packing, shipping, storage; work guaranteed; 30 years' experience. N. E. AUTO VAN CO., N. Stacey, Mgr.; 559 Huntington Ave., Boston. Asp. 2907, Unt. 3795-W.

WARNER CO.
MOVING—PACKING—SHIPPING—STORING of household effects. Local or long distance.
"Who moves you is fast as important as where you move."
10 HAWLEY PLACE, BOSTON LIBERTY 8878

OFFICE FURNITURE

LARGE selection of new and used furniture for office or studio. DRIVER DESK COMPANY, 8 East 33d, New York City.

OFFICES TO LET

N. Y. C., 11 West 42nd (Room 1038)—Practitioner's beautiful office facing park; part time; reasonable. Ch. 4-2826, University 4-5344.

PAYING GUESTS

CEDAR NOOK COTTAGE, Crow Point, Hingham, 15 miles from Boston, Nantasket Shore Road—Accommodations for 6 paying guests at reasonable rates; beautiful scenery, bathing. Phone Hingham 1307-W.

HARVARD, MASS.—Should like to offer room and board to one or two people in my home; reasonable rates. LEMANNA FARM, Tel. 184.

OCEAN CITY, N. J.—The Phoenix, American Plan, running water in rooms, bathing privileges, home cooking, fresh vegetables; moderate rates. MRS. C. M. ZIMMERMANN, 822 Park Place.

REAL ESTATE

BELLEVILLE, N. J.—House for sale, 7 rooms, excellent condition, newly painted, new insulated range, fireplace, open attic, screens, enclosed porches; large lot, garage; $6500. 81 Adelaid Belleville 2-4300-W.

IDEAL for practitioner; Cape Cod colonial, Wellesley Hills; quiet, exclusive; close to Christian Science church; 6 rooms, long living room, fireplace, sun room, a shady, large screened piazza; near station. REED, 29 Colburn Rd., Wellesley Hills, Mass. Wellesley 1322-M.

REAL ESTATE (Continued)

TO SETTLE ESTATE, NEWTONVILLE—Dutch colonial, 7 rooms, bath, sun porch, 3 open porches, 1-car garage; beautiful location opposite Bullough Pond, Commonwealth Ave. and Walnut St., No. 100 Berkshire Rd. Apply to D. F. COBB, Adm., 27 Stetson St., Brookline, Mass., Asp. 1604.

REST HOMES

HOMESTEAD FARM—Quiet, restful country home for study; modern conveniences; reasonable rates. MRS. ELIAS D. BOYD.

ROOMS AND BOARD

BOSTON, MASS., 320 Commonwealth Ave.—Attractive rooms, excellent table, low rates; convenient location; permanent and transient guests.

ROOMS FOR TOURISTS

CAPE ANN, ROCKPORT—Nicely furnished, sunny rooms; ocean view, near beach; by day or week; reasonable. MRS. ALICE WORDEN, Fish House, Bearskin Neck, Rockport, Mass.

ROOMS TO LET

BOSTON—Attractively furnished room in private apartment near church; available about June 25 to one appreciating home. PEASE, Com. 4330 or 0107.

BOSTON — Comfortable, cool rooms near church; reasonable rates. 187 Huntington Ave., Suite 6, MRS. PRENTICE, Comm. 9151,

BOSTON—Desirable rooms at 95 Gainsboro St.; transients accommodated; very reasonable. Ken. 1022. MRS. CHARLES COSMAN.

BROOKLINE, near Coolidge Corner—Delightful sunny rooms in private house, available with board at reasonable rates; unusual opportunity. Box B-36, The Christian Science Monitor, Boston.

BROOKLINE, MASS.—Large room with 4 windows, kitchenette; beautiful surroundings. Reg. 1332.

EAST ORANGE, N. J., 32 Prospect Terrace—Airy rooms, furnished, unfurnished; housekeeping; near Brick Church depot. Call after 6.

ESSEX FALLS, N. J.—Desirable room in private home, 1 or 2 business people preferred; near park and Erie Station. MRS. JAMES H. CONE, 4 Manheim Road.

MAGNOLIA—For rent, attractive suites or single rooms, with or without private bath, by week, month or season; exclusive section; homelike; water view; always cool. E. P. BROWN, Magnolia, Mass. Phone 1557-R.

NEW YORK CITY, 611 W. 137th, Apt. 62—Subway, church; large, inexpensive room, next bath, closet, opportunity studying French gratuitously.

N. Y. C., 324 West 82rd—Large, clean, well furnished front room; suitable studio; inexpensive; quiet, refined family; elevator. (4-E.)

N. Y. C., 539 W. 112, 3 D—Splendid, cool, studio room or 2-room suite; Columbia; church, river. Cath. 8-3696.

QUIET, refined, educated woman desires position as companion to lady for summer or permanently; references exchanged. Phone University 8894.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MEN

ACTIVE man wants place in country, care lawns, gardens, chickens, odd jobs; salary no consideration. Write Box A-18, Room 1804, 270 Madison Ave., New York City.

CHAUFFEUR, good mechanic, handy with tools, understands gardening; go anywhere. D-37, The Christian Science Monitor, Boston.

CHAUFFEUR, Filipino, expert, careful valet or butler; highly recommended; reasonable wages. D-35, The Christian Science Monitor, Boston.

ELECTRICIAN, age 35, desires any kind of work electrical or otherwise; has a license. M. BERKOWITZ, 24 Quincy St., Boston.

MARRIED man wants work, capable chauffeur, licensed fireman; general handyman; references. Phone Waltham 0025 (Mass.).

SITUATIONS WANTED—WOMEN

CAPABLE woman desires position as companion; experienced in managing a home and in traveling; free to go anywhere. Tel. Asp. 1270 or write Box A-31, The Christian Science Monitor, Boston.

COLLEGE graduate wishes position governess, nurse-governess, companion; experienced. Write Box B-21, Room 1804, 270 Madison Ave., New York City.

EFFICIENT, practical attendant for elderly person or one needing special attention; middle aged, experienced; language; highest references. WINIFRED LAIRD, 151 W. 74th, N. Y. C.

LADY would like to place her colored maid to do cooking or general work. Call Jam. 0281 (Jamaica Plain, Mass.).

YOUNG colored woman and child; housework; reliable, experienced, cook; references. REBA FRANCIS, 145 E. 74th (Apt. 3 A), N. Y. C.

SUMMER BOARD

OWL'S HEAD INN, Owl's Head, Me.—Ideal for vacationists; excellent table; sea food, vegetables, milk and cream; home cooked food. MRS. TRABOUTT.

SCITUATE HARBOR, MASS.
Merry Mount House | Scituate Arms
By the Sea | Otis Place
Moderate rates—Ideal location

YOU NEED A CHANGE—Beauty, pleasure, renewed courage at Mt. Pleasant, Colebrook, N. H.; moderate terms; booklet. Tel. 98.

SUMMER HOMES

FOR RENT—Modern 7-room house, Warner, N. H.; 4 bedrooms, bath, steam heat, large living room, dining room, completely furnished, Frigidaire, continuous hot water, large screened piazza, garage for 2 cars with 3 sleeping rooms above. MRS. F. RAY SLADE, 121 St. Botolph St., Boston. Tel. Comm. 7964.

FOR RENT, old Cape Cod house, overlooking ocean; attractively furnished 10 rooms, 3 baths, garage; rent reasonable. ROLAND B. SNOW, agent, Chatham, Mass. Tel. 181.

LONG ISLAND—8-room house, gas, electricity; 2-car garage; garden and fruit trees; 15 minutes' drive to Jones Beach. Write Box D-16, Room 1804, 270 Madison Avenue, New York City.

PEMAQUID BEACH, ME.—2 and 5-room furnished apartments by season or month. ADDIE B. PARTRIDGE, 43 Irving Pl., Passaic, N. J.

RENT—Twenty-minute sail from Portland, at Great Diamond Island; at attractive, well-equipped cottage, previously occupied by owner; electric appliances; grounds cared for; price $500. Address M. S., 740 Stevens Ave., Portland, Maine.

ROCKPORT, MASS.—Beach property, 6 rooms furnished, all improvements, attractive, clean, cool; near R. R. station and stores; reasonable to adult family. E. W. RUSSELL, 15 Bellevue Ave., Cambridge. Univ. 5699-R.

SEVEN rooms, furnished, baths, shower, porches, fireplace, garage; restricted ocean beach. 71 Queens Ave., Atlantic Beach, Long Island.

SUMMER PROPERTY

SEASHORE house, 5 bedrooms, bath, 3 large screened porches, furnished or unfurnished; double garage, flowers, lawn, shrubbery; on new Atlantic City Boulevard; attractive price. 605 Laurel Road, Ocean City Gardens, N. J.

TEACHERS AND TUTORS

PRIVATE lessons in public speaking and reading; art lessons given in oil, water colors and pastel. ELIZABETH RUSSELL, 1248 Beacon St., Brookline, Mass. Asp. 2672.

TO LET

JERSEY CITY HEIGHTS, N. J.—Three light, airy rooms, newly decorated; completely furnished for housekeeping, all conveniences; private home; references. Telephone Journal Square 2-0524-J.

TO LET—FURNISHED

UNUSUALLY attractive furnished apartment; private country place; ocean bathing; 13 miles from Boston; particulars furnished. Hingham 1472, D-36, The Christian Science Monitor, Boston.

WINTHROP, MASS.—To let, attractive all year round furnished house; beautiful location near bathing beach; write for particulars, Box D-39, The Christian Science Monitor, Boston.

WEATHER STRIPPING

AND SCREENS; rewiring; wood, metal and roll; Trojtine shades. Norge electric refrigerators. HOME SPECIALTIES CO., Newton Centre 1114 (Mass.)

NEW JERSEY

ATLANTIC CITY (Continued)

A Convenient Stand

Holds three books open before you. Mahogany or Walnut Finish. An excellent value at $9.50, packed for shipment.

Olive Gillette Co.
1036 BOARDWALK
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
Please cut out and mail to a friend.

More Variety and Greater Values

BECKER'S PURE FOOD STORE
New Jersey and Atlantic Avenues
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
QUALITY Dial 5-0164 SERVICE

Guarantee Trust Company
Finely Equipped
for the Settlement of Estates
Consult Our Trust Offices
Capital and Surplus—$1,400,000

CAMDEN

The Store That Serves You Best by Saving You Most
BAKER FLICK CO.
South Jersey's Great Department Store
MARKET STREET, NEAR THIRD
CAMDEN, NEW JERSEY

CRANFORD

TUTTLE BROS
CRANFORD N.J. WESTFIELD N.J.
PHONE 1492

COAL—LUMBER—MILLWORK
MASON MATERIALS

EAST ORANGE

MONITOR ADVERTISING INFORMATION BUREAU
If the service you wish is not advertised in this issue, call The Christian Science Monitor Advertising Information Bureau, where a record of local and national advertisers is maintained
Telephone Orange 4-2104
44 VERNON TERRACE
9-12 a. m. daily

SCOTT-RIDDLE INN
LUNCHEON 50c DINNER 85c to $1.25
SUNDAY DINNER 12:30 to 4 P. M.
$1.00 to $1.25 *We welcome all to visit our*
ANTIQUE SHOP
JEWELRY, GLASS and FURNITURE
426 MAIN STREET Orange 5-6169

FOUNTAIN OF BEAUTY
Incorporated
HAIR DRESSING
"Where Soft Water Is Used"
Pedicures for the Beauty and Comfort of the Feet
380 MAIN STREET Or. 3-5566

PERMANENT WAVES
FREDERIC EUGENIE FRENCH $4.50
Call Orange 3-6722, Bigelow 3-3377
DEL SORDO SALONS
393 Main St. 360 Springfield Ave.
EAST ORANGE NEWARK

BUD BEAUTY SHOPPE
25c
Competent, Courteous Operators
Genuine Frigidine Permanents $3.50
383 MAIN STREET Or. 3-9880

Henry Hornecker

NEW JERSEY

MONTCLAIR (Continued)

Harper Method
Expert Care of the Scalp and Facials
ELIZABETH JAMES
300 BLOOMFIELD AVENUE
Tel. Montclair 2-0692

Phone 2-4011
GROCERIES
THE HUB, 718 Bloomfield Ave.
W. W. MYERS, Prop.
Free Delivery Fine Quality Low Prices
Vegetables and Fruits
Large Assortment of Heinz Products

HENKE'S *Inc.*
JEWELERS Established 1889
MONTCLAIR, N. J.

C. JOHNSON & CO.
Incorporated
WINDOW SHADES and AWNINGS
345 Bloomfield Ave., Montclair, N. J.
Telephone 2-6208

KURT'S PASTRY SHOP and DINING ROOM
HOME-COOKED MEALS
Breakfasts, Luncheons, 50 cents
Dinners, 75 cents
335 BLOOMFIELD AVE., MONTCLAIR, N. J.
Tel. Montclair 2-9950

Stanley M. Crowell Co.
Full line of
TYCOS THERMOMETERS
26 South Park St., Montclair, N. J.
Near Church Street

BOGART & HANSEN, Inc.
Electrical Contractors and Dealers
568 BLOOMFIELD AVENUE
MONTCLAIR, N. J. Phone Mtclr. 2-6870

BUY FROM
KNIERING BROS. INC.
FUEL
COAL, OIL, COKE, WOOD

Miss FRANCES SHOP
470 BLOOMFIELD AVE., MONTCLAIR
Short Sleeved Print and Pastel Silk Frocks for Afternoons and Dinners at Home $3.95

Heating and Furnace Oils
A COMPLETE FUEL SERVICE
Authorized "blue coal" distributor
R. H. See Coal Company
131 BLOOMFIELD AVENUE
Telephone Montclair 2-0019

THE FRENCH SHOP
Women's Wearing Apparel
Frocks, Gowns and Sportwear
493 Bloomfield Avenue, Montclair, N. J.
Phone Montclair 2-1972

NEWARK

SWANSON & STELHI
One of Newark's Foremost Electrical Stores
A REAL GIFT SHOP
Special Graduation and Wedding Gifts

The Best in ELECTRIC REFRIGERATION Sold on convient Terms
RADIOS
of Leading Makes,
Westinghouse, G. M., Philco, Atwater Kent
R. C. A. Tubes
Manning-Bowman Electrical Appliances, including GIFTS suitable for all occasions.
General Electrical Contractors
Motor repairs of all kinds 710 Springfield Ave. Wa 2-8973

The Crescent Laundry
387 NORTH FIFTH STREET
Branch Brook 3-7200

INSURANCE
A. C. BERTHOLON
INCORPORATED
KINNEY BUILDING Mi 2-2246

NEW BRUNSWICK

VAN DYK FOOD STORES
Food Specialists Since 1760
Beverages, Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Extracts, Spices, Smoked Meats.
111 CHURCH STREET

SHINGLE, the Florist
FLORAL ARTISTS
399 GEORGE STREET
Opposite Post Office Phone 1895

ORANGE

MONITOR ADVERTISING INFORMATION BUREAU
If the service you wish is not advertised in this issue, call The Christian Science Monitor Advertising Information Bureau, where a record of local and national advertisers is maintained.
Telephone: Orange 5-7873
37 Orange Heights Avenue, West Orange
9-11 a. m. daily.

Est. 1856 Phone Orange 363
Albert Horton Williams Inc.
Granite—Marble—Bronze
Memorials
Washington and Cleveland Streets

"You need no longer be told you have an expensive foot."
$5 ENNA JETTICK $6
SHOES FOR WOMEN
Sold exclusively in Orange by
B. Grossman & Co.
235 MAIN STREET Opp. Public Service

VAN DYK FOOD STORES
Food Specialists Since 1760
Beverages, Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Extracts, Spices, Smoked Meats.
389 Main Street

ENGELS
DEPARTMENT STORE
Daily Deliveries Throughout Essex County
239-241 MAIN STREET Or. 3-2343
"The House of Complete Satisfaction"

NEW JERSEY

ORANGE (Continued)

Books Stationery
Office Equipment
Globe-Wernicke Bookcases
Greeting Cards for All Occasions
Henry F. Schmidt & Co.
350 MAIN STREET Or. 3-0787

WALK-OVER
Florsheim and Johnston & Murphy Shoes for Men
SONNENSCHEIN'S, 230 Main St.
"BETTER SHOES"

FRED'S MARKET
High Grade Meats
Fancy Fruits and Vegetables
Sea Foods, etc.
Phone 3-7055 183 Main St., Orange

PATERSON

Specializing in
Flower and Vegetable Seeds
Wilson S. Brower Co., Inc.
Successors to MUZZY BROTHERS
89 VAN HOUTEN STREET Sher. 1388

"Say It with Flowers"
YOUNG & WALDERS
90 VAN HOUTEN STREET
Tel Sherwood 8677 PATERSON, N. J.

VAN DYK FOOD STORES
Food Specialists Since 1760
Beverages, Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Extracts, Spices, Smoked Meats.
65 Broadway

R. Williams Borden & Co.
(Established over 50 years)
Real Estate - Insurance
Room 223, Romaine Bldg.
Phone Sher. 8475

FLORIST
Flowers, Evergreens, Fruits and Shade Trees
Garden and Flower Seeds
CHARLES MILLER
Island Market, West Broadway Bridge
Phone SHerwood 2-7063

Chas. Moshier, Jr.
Distributor for
Pratt & Lambert and Valspar Paints, and Varnishes
FREE DELIVERY
Sherwood 5221 61 BROADWAY

PLAINFIELD

QUALITY
COAL
N. MEYERS & SONS Tel. 6-1911
303 WEST FOURTH ST., Plainfield, N. J.

Personal Stationery, $1 per box
Best Available Values
Single or Double Sheets—Address Lines or Monograms
Cards for Holiday and All Occasions
Pictures—Framing
SWAIN'S ART STORE
317 WEST FRONT STREET
Telephone 6-1707 PLAINFIELD, N. J.

SAMOSET LAUNDRY
SERVICE, Inc.
Ph. 6-2640 902 North Ave., Plainfield

HARDWARE
GARDEN TOOLS, SEEDS AND FERTILIZERS. FULL LINE OF PAINTS AND ELECTRICAL APPLIANCES.
F. A. KIRCH & CO.
201 Park Avenue Tel. Plfd. 6-0578

Blossom Hill Farms
Grade "A" Raw Milk and Cream
Produced Under Rigid Standards of Cleanliness.
DAILY DELIVERIES IN PLAINFIELD
Visit our farm at Lebanon
M. J. Sheridan Jr. Phone 272 Lebanon, N. J.

TEPPER BROS.
A Safe Place to Shop
WEST FRONT ST. Tel. 6-3100

THE STATE TRUST CO.
EVERY BANKING FACILITY TO MEET YOUR NEED
Plainfield, N. J. Phone 6-5300

RIDGEFIELD PARK

HACK. 2-0067
CARR'S CLEAN COAL
E. S. CARR, Inc. RIDGEFIELD PK.

R. G. RADIO CO.
"STROMBERG-CARLSON"
and All Standard Makes
ELECTRICAL APPLIANCES
175 MAIN STREET Hack. 2-0043

CORSETS
Properly Fitted by Expert Corsetieres.
$1.00 and up, at
"THE STORE THAT PLEASES"
Tresenfeld's Specialty Shop
212 MAIN STREET Hack 2-0940

Florence DeWitt Studio
PIANOFORTE ELOCUTION
2 UNION PLACE HACK 2-2333

Mrs. ANNA TUKEY
Gossard Specialist
GRADUATE CORSETIERRE
231 Main St. Hack 2-0012

Alice Lowe Johnson
BEAUTY SHOPPE
Preston St.-Tranect Rd. Ridgefield Park Tel. Hack. 3-0610
Ridgefield Bank Bldg Ridgefield Tel. Moresmere 8-8533

RIDGEWOOD

E. S. BARRY
GROCER
109 East Ridgewood Avenue
Tel. 63630-3631

NEW JERSEY

RIDGEWOOD (Continued)

Harper Method Shop
PERMANENT WAVING
NESTLE REALISTIC
ANNA H SMITH Tel. 6-1911
14 OAK STREET
Tel. 6-2373

BON-TON CLEANERS & DYERS
2 GODWIN AVE., Ridgewood, N. J.
Tailors and Furriers

Fresh Dressed Poultry
STRICTLY FRESH EGGS
Direct from Local Farms
Welti's O. K. Market
WILSEY SQUARE Tel. 6-0937
SIX DELIVERIES DAILY

TEANECK

Levitin & Unterweiser
Incorporated
REAL ESTATE
Insurance—Mortgages—Investments
510 CEDAR LANE Tel. Teaneck 6-7233

WESTFIELD

AMERICAN SHOE REPAIRING
217 EAST BROAD STREET
Shoe Shines Hot Renovating
All Work Guaranteed . . . 10 Free Shines with 1 Sole Job

FLOWERS FOR ALL OCCASIONS
VANCE—*Florist*
331 SOUTH AVE. Opp. R. R. Station
PHONE 3310

AT ONE TIME
A car owner had to go to different places to get Gas, Tire, Battery, Lubrication, Electrical and Laundry Service. Now he insists on everything in one place.
THIS IS THE PLACE
WESTFIELD STORAGE BATTERY and SUPPLY CO., Inc.
221-223 North Ave. Phone Westfield 2-1020

"You need no longer be told you have an expensive foot"
$5 ENNA JETTICK $6
Shoes for Women
GLASSERS, 109 E. Broad St.

ANDREW KRUP
Merchant Tailor and Furrier
Cleaning, Pressing, Dyeing
REPAIRING
We Call For and Deliver.
227 East Broad St. Phone Westfield 2-3588

BIVONA BROS.
108-10 WEST BROAD STREET
CHOICE SEA FOOD
All orders attended promptly.
QUICK DELIVERY
Tel. Westfield 3042-3
Branch Store Plainfield, 306 Richmond St.
Telephone 2368

RALSTON
THE WHOLE WHEAT CEREAL

HARRY KLINGER
254-256 EAST BROAD ST.
Tel. Westfield 2-3640—3941

PENNSYLVANIA

ALLENTOWN

"FAMOUS" SHOES
Peacock *Walk-Over*
Vitality *Bilt-Rite*
Antioch *Red Cross*
Arch-Preserver
Nettleton
Florsheim
WETHERHOLD & METZGER
719 HAMILTON STREET
ALLENTOWN, PENN.

Hess Brothers
Allentown, Pa.
A Progressive Pennsylvania Department Store

ERROLL F. HOOK
If You Want Good Work Done
"GET THE HOOK"
PAPERHANGING, PAINTING, DECORATING
Dial 6864 717 N. SEVENTH ST.
ALLENTOWN, PA.

BETHLEHEM

See the
Majestic Electric Refrigerator
Prices $99.50 and up
GOODENOUGH'S
534 MAIN STREET

CHESTER

D. SPRUANCE HALL
UPHOLSTERING
REPAIRING OF FURNITURE
MADE-TO-ORDER WINDOW SHADES
AWNINGS
RUGS, CARPETS AND LINOLEUM
22ND and UPLAND STS. Bell Phone 6615

ERIE

MONITOR ADVERTISING INFORMATION BUREAU
If the service you wish is not advertised in this issue of The Christian Science Monitor, call 24-657, where a bureau of local and national advertisers is maintained daily from 11 a. m. until 1:30 p. m.
1012 WESCHLER AVENUE

Frederics Permanent Wave

SPECIAL $7.00
For a limited time only
Read Beauty Studio
918 PEACH STREET
Open Friday Evenings
Phone 89-116

CARL H. MEISER
MEAT MARKET
POULTRY
FRUIT VEGETABLES
Mutual 23-637 29 West 7th St.
Erie, Pa.

TRASK PRESCOTT & RICHARDSON CO.
DEPARTMENT STORE
Elizabeth Arden's Preparations for your summer make up

PENNSYLVANIA

ERIE (Continued)

Buy That Extra
SUIT
or
COAT
now at
1/2 price
Furred or plain early spring garments greatly reduced to clear.
The Halle Bros. Co.
118-124 W. 10th Street

H. OPPENHEIMER
663 WEST 11TH STREET
Quality Meats
Fancy Groceries
Fresh Vegetables
We deliver. PHONE 24-291

Tub Dresses at $9.95
Sizes from 13-20 and 20-44
Complete Line GOTHAM GOLD STRIPE HOSIERY
Trost AND Lacey
828 STATE STREET

B. F. Sieger
The Only Jeweler on the Pike
35 Years of Dependable Service
May We Serve You?
14TH AND TURNPIKE STREETS

Distributor—
Pittsburgh Proof Products
New Wallhide Wall Paint
ERIE WALL PAPER and PAINTING CO.
1002 Parade Street at 10th, ERIE, PA.

HARRISBURG

"Creme Lilas"
Our Own Vanishing Cream
GORGAS DRUG STORES
16 NORTH THIRD STREET
WALNUT AND COURT STREETS and
1306 N. THIRD STREET

CRAVER'S
206 N. SECOND STREET
Home Cooked Meals
DINNERS 11:30 to 2 P. M. LUNCHEONS 8 to 7 P. M.

MILLER'S
MATRIX AGENCY
Shoes and Hosiery for Women and Children
12 NO. THIRD STREET

For Your Summer Outfit Come to
Feller's
The Store for Women and Children at
THIRD and MARKET STREETS

GEORGE N. BARNES
Finest Table Supplies
Second Street at State

MAIN LINE—Ardmore

ST. MARY'S LAUNDRY
Phone Ardmore 175
Exclusive Launderers and Dry Cleaners
Dry Cleaning by the Zoric System

NORRISTOWN

Groceries and Meats
"Montco Pure Foods"
FRED W. WOERNER
PLYMOUTH MEETING, PA.
Call Consho 173-J
Delivery in NORRISTOWN—Thursdays

Homelike Cooking
FREELAND HOUSE
COLLEGEVILLE, PA.
DINNERS, 50c and 75c
MRS. ALICE SPRAGUE, Proprietor

PHILADELPHIA

DELICIOUS WAFFLES
Served with Creamed Dried Beef, Melted Cheese, Honey Maple Syrup.
THE WAFFLE AND COFFEE SHOP
1837 CHESTNUT STREET
Second Floor
MINERVA JUSTICE CANDIES

PITTSBURGH

MONITOR ADVERTISING INFORMATION BUREAU
If the service you wish is not advertised in this issue, call The Christian Science Monitor Advertising Information Bureau, where a record of local and national advertisers is maintained.
TELEPHONE CARRICK 1627
9-12 a. m. daily, except Saturdays.

KUHN-RENSHAW INC.
6026 BROAD STREET
7 SHERIDAN
"Everything Good to Eat"
MEATS—FRUITS
VEGETABLES
Phone Hiland 3000

NICHOLSON
Printing & Bookbinding Company
General Printers
Specializing on Lecture Invitations
343 BOULEVARD OF ALLIES
Phone Court 3600 PITTSBURGH, PA

MRS. R. S. RITZ
3401 Bartlett Street, Sq. Hill
representing the
HARTZ *FOUNDATION GARMENTS*
Phone Hazel 3810-R for appointments.

PENNSYLVANIA

PITTSBURGH (Continued)

REINHOLD'S ICE CREAM
is made of the best dairy products obtainable. Visit our factory store. There is a dealer in your neighborhood. *Ask for Reinhold's.*
Special fancy moulds for social affairs.
6170 Penn Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Montrose 8373

PITTSBURGH—Bellevue

Otto's Suburban Dairy
On the Camp Horne Road
BELLEVUE P. O. PITTSBURGH, PA.
"The Dairy for the Convenience of the North Boroughs and Vicinity"

BELLEVUE MARKET
No farther away than your telephone
Linden 6100
Lincoln and Sprague Ave., Bellevue

READING

B. & J. Saylor
Groceries, Meats Vegetables
Tel. 6255
FOURTH and PENN STREETS

The Famous
CRYSTAL RESTAURANT
Twenty Years on the Square
The Home Is the Only Competitor.
545-547 Penn Street Reading, Pa.

DISTINCTIVE SERVICE
THE ONLY
Cleaners of Wearing Apparel
M. P. LORISH & SON
Dial 4-8393
308 NORTH FIFTH STREET

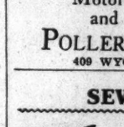
Girls' Dresses and Clothing
1 to 12 Years
Boys' Suits and Coats, 1 to 6 Years
M. B. FRITZ, *Children's Shop*
15 NORTH FIFTH STREET

SCRANTON

Only the Best Known
TOILETRIES!
We carry only Toiletries of proven worth, national reputation, and wide popularity. Primrose—Arden—Quinlan—Marly—R. Louis—Yardleys. Sold by experienced salesgirls who are qualified by experience to advise and assist you.
THE HEINZ STORE

SAMTERS
feature famous "San Juan" and "Portorican"
Linen Suits
Cool, comfortable white linen suits for men . . . tailored in Porto Rico from finest Belfast linens. Guaranteed not to shrink. $12.95 . . . 2 for $25.00.
Samters

ROSWELL PHILLIPS
"Insurance With Service"
Agency now includes
Travel Bureau Department
In Charge of Mary D. McLean
1923 N. MAIN AVENUE
506-7 BROOKS BUILDING


WALL PAPER
Paints, Brushes, Sponges
Chamberlain's Own Products lessen labor in cleaning house or car.
Chamberlain Paint Co.
334-336 ADAMS AVENUE

BODY REPAIRS
Motor Overhauling and Rebuilding
POLLER MOTOR CO.
409 WYOMING AVENUE

SEWICKLEY

PEEK FREAN'S BISCUITS
CAMPNEY'S GROCERY
"The best place to market after all."
Tel. Sewickley 1404-05-06-07

Sewickley Market
Meats, Butter, Cheese, Eggs, Poultry
Groceries
Fresh Fruits and Vegetables
438 BEAVER ST. Tel. Sewickley 1227—1228

KNAPP'S
Sewickley
Broadway Pharmacy
Coraopolis

Myers Sandwich Shop
MOTTO
"Service and Quality"

SPECIAL NOON LUNCHES
Sandwiches made to please the individual's taste.

SEWICKLEY—Coraopolis

ROSELLE SHOPPE
Smart HATS *and* DRESSES
for Spring and Summer Wear
GOSSARD Foundation Garments
933 FIFTH AVENUE Tel. Coraopolis 1565

SWARTHMORE

Complete Beauty Service
VOGUE BEAUTY SHOP
Phone Swarthmore 1297
Chester Pike and Park Ave.

UPPER DARBY

Bell Phone Boulevard 197
Gerber's Shoe Service
69th Street Theatre Building
Rear of Theatre
Shoes Called For and Delivered

PENNSYLVANIA

UPPER DARBY (Continued)

BY ORDER
HOME-MADE OATMEAL BREAD
LUELA N. MOWRY
38 OVERHILL ROAD

When it is "a matter of choice"
VOGEL'S FLOWERS
The Telegraph Florist of Del. Co.
BLVD. 45 W. Garret Road

UPPER DARBY Lansdowne

Phone Madison 530
INTERBORO LAUNDRY
Offer their different plans of service for each family budget.
Stewart Ave. East of Union Ave.
Lansdowne, West Philadelphia, and Suburban collection and delivery.

WILKINSBURG

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK *of* WILKINSBURG
Penn Avenue at Wood Street
"A STRONG, SECURE AND DEPENDABLE BANK"

YORK

"Hershey's Milk Biscuits are pleasing the most discriminating housewife. *Try them.*"
HERSHEY BAKING CO.

C. W. DIETZ
16-18 NORTH SHERIDAN STREET
MILK—CREAM
Dietz's Sweet Cream Butter
Whitman's Chocolate Syrup

NEW STYLES—NEW COLORS
MEN'S, WOMEN'S AND CHILDREN'S
BATHING SUITS
and ACCESSORIES
Our stocks are large and complete. The prices are the lowest possible.
STILLMAN'S, York, Pa.

Quality with Service
at
LESHER'S SILK SHOP
120 W. MARKET STREET
SILKS, SCARFS, HOSIERY
NEGLIGEE, PAJAMAS

Local Classified

Other Than United States and Canada

Advertisements under this heading appear in this edition only. Rate 1/3 a line. Minimum space three lines, minimum order four lines. (An advertisement measuring three lines must call for at least two insertions.) An application blank and two letters of reference are required from those who advertise under a Rooms To Let or a Post Wanted heading

AUTOMOBILE TRIPS

TOUR Britain comfortably in Vauxhall Saloon; experienced owner-driver; very moderate terms. F. S., The Grammar School, Lewes, Sussex.

BOARD AND RESIDENCE

BEXHILL-ON-SEA. Digby House, Egerton Road—Homely comforts, hot and cold water in bedrooms, separate tables, excellent cooking; sea 2 minutes. Phone Bexhill 1222.

FOWEY, CORNWALL—Board residence; wonderful view; newly furnished. Write for tariff. CROWLEY, Seaview.

LONDON BRAUMONT, 19 PRINCES SQ. BAYSWATER, W 2—Good table, every comfort, bridge constant hot water; single from 45/-, double 4 gns. Resident proprietor.

TEDDINGTON—Comfortable board residence; suit business gentlemen; near river, park, station, bus; terms moderate. 61 Busby Park Rd.

SWANAGE, DORSET
Highly recommended Boarding House overlooking sea bowling green & tennis courts; garage Phone 145. MR. & MRS KENT "Westbury." 10 Rempstone Rd.

WESTON-SUPER-MARE — Board residence; Christian Scientists preferred. MRS. F. C. REYNOLDS SMITH, Vilette 77, Clifton Road.

WORTHING—Small homely boarding house facing sea; good table; permanent visitors received; winter terms, M. HARTLEY, 247 Brighton Road.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE HOUSES

ROCKROSE, TONGDEAN AVENUE, HOVE, SUSSEX Extension now complete. Stations: Brighton or Hove. Tel. Preston 3321.

DRESSMAKING

MRS. COX
High Class Dressmaking
Carnifol, Baron Road, Penarth

EMPLOYMENT AGENCIES

BRIGHTON—MRS. ERWIN, Domestic and Apartment Agency, highly recommended. 26 Spring Street.

FLATS TO LET

SUSSEX COAST—OLD ITALIAN HOUSE; exceptionally attractive, commodious, self-contained flat; artistically furnished; beautiful views, sheltered, secluded garden, central heating; electric light modern conveniences; 2 reception, lounge, 4 bedrooms, bath, kitchen, offices; garage. TOWERS, Belmont, Hastings.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS

HOME-MADE CHOCOLATES for sale, delicious and wholesome; 2/- and 4/- box. MRS. CASELEY, Myrtles, Brownlow Rd., Ellesmere, Salop.

HOUSES FOR SALE

GLOUCESTERSHIRE—Small, well-built house (3 miles from Gloucester, 6 from Cheltenham, just off main road), casement windows throughout; 2 sittingrooms, 3 bedrooms, bathroom (hot and cold), kitchen and usual offices; standing on 1 acre of ground (more available if needed); beautiful soil, suitable market gardening or greenhouse cultivation; S. W. aspect. Apply MRS. STUART Merecombe, Kemerton, Tewkesbury.

PAIGNTON, DEVON—Semi-bungalow, modern, detached, 4 bedrooms, 3 reception rooms, lounge, hall, kitchen, scullery, usual offices, outhouse; uninterrupted sea view; 5 minutes trams, buses, sea front; large garden; freehold, £1800 or offer. FUCHSIA LODGE, Preston Paignton.

WORTHING, SUSSEX—Well built pre-war house, redecorated throughout; south aspect; near sea and busses; 2 reception, 6 bedrooms, bath and usual offices; best residential part. WALLACE, 10 Parncombe Road, Worthing.

PAYING GUESTS RECEIVED

KEYSOE MANOR, Bedfordshire, welcomes anyone needing peaceful country life in old Cromwellian cottage; all modern conveniences; riding; beautiful country; thousand-acre farm adjoining offering opportunity for farm pupils; expert dressmaking lessons also available nearby. Apply MRS. BIRD.

ORPINGTON, KENT.—Comfortable home for 2 paying guests. Christian Scientists preferred; terms moderate. Write Box M-1093, 2 Adelphi Terrace, London, W. C. 2.

OXFORD—Sitting room and 2 bedrooms to let in lady's small house; beautiful country at foot of the Chilterns; 1 hour London; telephone; excellent accommodation; good cooking. "Cobwebs," Chinnor.

SOUTH COAST—Paying guests wanted, private house, moderate terms. G. C. G., 73 Pavilion Road, Worthing, Sussex.

SUSSEX, SEMPSTEAD, EWHURST — Lovely farmhouse; cream, butter, eggs, etc.; own produce; bath, hot and cold; electric light; 3½ guineas. BOWERMAN.

SUSSEX DOWNS—Guests received, modern conveniences, from 2 guineas. MISS CLARKE Feversell, High Salvington, Worthing.

WALES—Guests received in comfortable country home, near lovely coast and historical old castles. MRS. ANSON, Narberth, Pembrokeshire.

WORTHING-SUSSEX — A few guests welcomed in comfortable home on sea front; moderate and inclusive terms. Proprietress, 163 Brighton Road.

POST VACANT

WORCESTERSHIRE. — Help or general, man or maid; ordinary household duties, plain cooking. MRS. PAYNE, Pebsal, Bromsgrove.

Local Classified

Other Than United States and Canada

POST WANTED

BUSINESS man with 20 years sales experience desires change; good references. Box M-1076, 2 Adelphi Terrace, London, W. C. 2.

COOK, college trained, age 20, seeks post as second or improver. R. JORDAN, 96 Regent Street, Cambridge.

GENTLEMAN seeks employment any useful capacity; act as estate agent, secretary-chauffeur, games supervisor or either to schools, firms or privately; former rugby international; Christian Scientists preferred. Box M-377, 2 Adelphi Terrace London, W. C. 2.

GENTLEWOMAN desires post as companion, housekeeper or position of trust. MRS. H. at 9 The Drive, Sevenoaks.

MANAGERESS, matron or housekeeper; experienced all branches, catering, accounts; where child not objected; no rough work. Box M-1094, 2 Adelphi Terrace, London, W. C. 2.

YOUNG lady requires post, COMPANION HELP to lady; experienced all duties. MRS. MASHFORD, 24 Reddenhill Rd., Babbacombe, Torquay.

TEACHERS

LILIAN M. A. JAMES, L.R.A.M., A.R.C.M., Member Royal Society of Teachers—Pianoforte lessons at Steinway & Co.'s Conduit Street, and at Plas Gwyn, Preston Road, near Harrow. Accompanist and Coach.

UNIVERSITY graduate (woman) wishes to meet another teacher with a view to buying or opening a school. Box M-1096, 2 Adelphi Terrace, London, W. C. 2.

TEACHER'S POST VACANT

RESIDENT mistress for drill and dancing; some other subjects desirable. Box M-339, 2 Adelphi Terrace, London, W. C. 2.

TO LET

SUMMERTIME ON BREDON, GLOS.—Book your holidays at the Caravan; ideal camping for two; £1 weekly. Apply CARLESS, 11 Vyvyan Terrace, Clifton, Bristol.

TOWN & COUNTRY PROPERTY

CLACTON-ON-SEA.—To sell or let with option, fine commanding corner premises with flower borders and lawns; suitable for any public or private purpose. Particulars from W. THORNE, Ipswich Road, Holland-on-Sea, Essex.

ENGLAND

DEVONSHIRE

EXETER

See GLORIOUS DEVON on
SILENT GUIDE GREENSLADES TOURS
Head Office, 10 Queen Street, Exeter
Phone: 3405

W. J. TOUT
COAL AND COKE MERCHANT
BAMPFYLDE HOUSE, EXETER.
Sole Agent Phurnod Smokeless Coals, for use in Anthracite Stoves and Hot Water Boilers. Phone 2916

PAIGNTON

LADIES' OUTFITTER and GOWN MAKER
V. L. COX
28 VICTORIA STREET PAIGNTON

EVANS & SONS
CONFECTIONERS
TORBAY ROAD. Phone 5048
One of the nicest Cafés in the district.

N. BRAUND & SON
Drapers & Milliners
Specialists in Ready-to-Wear
22-24 VICTORIA STREET
Est. 1883 Tel. 5619

PLYMOUTH

WHEN
you want anything to wear that is new and fashionable or anything for your home that is reliable and artistic
GET IT AT
POPHAM'S
Bedford Street, Plymouth
Phone 803

"THE POPULAR SHOP"
McCRACKEN & SON
Ladies' Outfitters and Milliners
KNITWEAR SPECIALISTS
34 MUTLEY PLAIN

TORQUAY

T. OLIVER & SONS Ltd.
HOUSE AND ESTATE AGENTS
House Hunters' Guide to Torquay free on application
COMPLETE HOUSE FURNISHERS. CARPET WAREHOUSEMEN.
Established 1805 Telephone 3211
16 STRAND, TORQUAY

J. TAYLOR & SON
Phone 3233 16 TOR HILL ROAD
GENERAL IRONMONGERS
Electrical & Sanitary Engineers
Plumbers & Gas Fitters
Radio Engineers. Builders & Decorators.
"Promptness with Cheapness"

GOODEVE & SON
Home Furnishers
Cabinet Makers, Polishers, Upholsterers, Linos & Carpets
39 Abbey Rd., Torquay Phone 2061
50 Victoria St. Paignton Phone 5097

WILLIAMS & COX
SUMMER SALE THROUGHOUT JULY
4a, 5 and 6 STRAND

MAISON STEPHENS et CIE Ltd.
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Hairdressers
66 UNION ST., TORQUAY Phone 2609
77 FORE ST., BRIXHAM Phone 99

RUSSELL & BROMLEY Ltd.
(Late T. Phillips)
FOOTWEAR SPECIALISTS
68 & 69 FLEET STREET Phone 2337
Shoe fitting by X-RAYS
Agent for JAEGER All-Wool Clothing

Wellswood Laundry
WELLSWOOD TORQUAY
Vans collect and deliver in Torquay, Paignton, Newton Abbot.
Phone 3818

H. E. LUNT
Radio Engineer
Min-Avon, Oxlea Road
Phone 3880 for an appointment.

Tel 4080
CASTLE GARAGE (TORQUAY, Ltd.)
Next to NEW TOWN HALL
CASTLE CIRCUS
Any make NEW CAR supplied
Part Exchanges. Deferred Terms.
EFFICIENCY & SERVICE

DEVONSHIRE

TORQUAY (Continued)

Edward Henry Sermon
High Class Gem Work
JEWELLER and SILVERSMITH
EMBLEM JEWELLERY
10—VICTORIA PARADE—10

DORSET

PARKSTONE

WALTERS' GARAGE
All makes of cars supplied.
Repairs by expert mechanics.
Car Painting and Renovating
Exide Batteries for Cars and Wireless
BOURNEMOUTH RD. Tel. Parkstone 705

B. & E. P. (Direct Supplies) Ltd.
British and Empire Produce
FRUITERERS and FLORISTS
1 Richmond Buildings, Bournemouth Rd. Parkstone. Christchurch Rd. Boscombe. Hants.
Tel. Parkstone 933 Boscombe 139
Fresh Fruit and Vegetables Daily

HEWETT & HEWETT
From Grieve, Bond Street, W.
Specialists in the Production of Genuine Tailor-Made Garments
Burberry Agents Tel. Parkstone 829

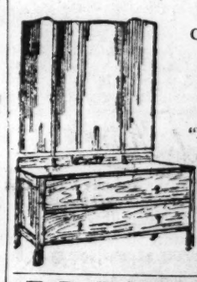
ESSEX

CHELMSFORD

QUALITY SHOES FOR FAIRWAY OR BROADWAY
GOSLINGS
TELEPHONE 212 X-RAYS
LOTUS "K" MASCOT
DELTA CLARKS TOR
STARTRITE (JUVENILE DEPARTMENT)

GLOUCESTERSHIRE

BRISTOL

CHARLES Ltd.
44, 45, 46 BROADMEAD
Est. 1860 Phone 25670 BRISTOL

for Guaranteed Furniture, Carpets, Rugs, Linoleums, "Buoyant" Upholstery, "Staples" Mattresses, "Lloyd Loom" Products "Divanette" Bed-Settees
Complete House Furnishers

F. R. DONAGHUE
Builder and Decorator
Heating, Lighting and Sanitary Engineers, House Repairs and Renovations. Shop Front Alterations. Personal Supervision.
14 WEST ST., BEDMINSTER
Bristol

TRY MORGAN'S FIRST
The Fashion Center of Bristol North
for
Boys' and Girls' School Outfits
Drapery, Furnishings, Etc.
W. MORGAN (Bristol) Ltd.
11-13 GLOUCESTER RD., BRISTOL

GET YOUR KODAK NOW
Be Ready for the Holidays
STRODE COSH & PENFOLD
Lower Union Street 210 Cheltenham Rd.
128 Ashley Rd. 29 East St., Bedminster
118 Stapleton Rd. 42 Redcliff Hill
BRISTOL

THE
Cantilever Shoe
The Massingham Shoe Stores
Tel.: 33148
63 QUEEN'S ROAD, CLIFTON
40 REGENT STREET
94 WHITELADIES ROAD, REDLAND

TAYLOR'S
COLLEGE GREEN, BRISTOL.
For FURNISHING FABRICS of greater charm than ever.
A visit would be appreciated.
CAFE: Second Floor. Tel. 20225

Brooks of Bristol
DYERS & DRY CLEANERS

PRINCES RESTAURANT
High Stret, Bristol
Entrance Marylport Street
EFFICIENCY & ECONOMY
Open on Sundays 9 a. m. to 9 p. m.

MARSH'S
CIVIL, MILITARY and LADIES' TAILORS
Every Garment Made on These Premises
86, 90, 92 Whiteladies Rd., Clifton

Ladies' Hairdressers
29 GROVE ROAD, REDLAND
MRS. STEPHENSON
Late Davis & Company
Needlework Depot on ground floor
Phone 33163

CHELTENHAM

Cavendish House
CHELTENHAM
for
Fashions and Furniture

SEE NEXT PAGE

GLOUCESTERSHIRE

CHELTENHAM (Continued)

TRY
SHREDDED WHEAT
WITH
"CARNATION MILK"
Extensive range of nationally advertised products
W. Vale & Co., Ltd.
93/4 WINCHCOMBE ST. Phone 3733

HAMPSHIRE

BOURNEMOUTH

Beales Sons
Late O'KEYS
38 DEPARTMENTS FOR
FURNISHING DRAPERY & OUTFITTING
Commercial Rd. (Ph. 5000) Avenue Rd.

COLLENET & CO.
13 & 2A THE ARCADE
Ladies' & Gentlemen's Hairdressers & Perfumers
Permanent Waving a Speciality
Tel. 2016

ALFRED CAVE
High-Class Family Grocer and Provision Merchant
Motor Delivery All Districts Daily
PEEK FREAN'S, CARR'S and JACOB'S BISCUITS, CHIVERS' and CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S PRODUCTS.
Post Office, Moordown. Tel. Winton 213

PORTSMOUTH AND SOUTHSEA

SHOP AT—
HANDLEYS
EVERYTHING that is useful for the home and everything that is fashionable to wear all under one roof.
Handleys is a place of interest, of cheerfulness and wonderful values.

ROEDA
TAILORS and Outfitters
for particular men and women.
Rowe & Edmonds Ltd.
55 PALMERSTON RD., SOUTHSEA

56a, LONDON RD., PORTSMOUTH
Dress
Jeane et Cie.,
Specialists

Mabel Harris
HOSIERY & LINGERIE SPECIALIST
169, ELM GROVE, SOUTHSEA

HERTFORDSHIRE

RICKMANSWORTH

HERBERT RESCORLA
2, STATION ROAD, RICKMANSWORTH
Tailor to Ladies and Gentlemen
Ladies—Coats and Skirts, Frocks, Coats. Gentlemen—Business, Sports and Dress Wear. Habit and Breeches Maker.
Agents for Achille Serre Ltd., Cleaners and Dyers
Phone 176

KENT

BROMLEY

Medhurst's have got it get it at—
Medhurst's of BROMLEY
E. MEDHURST LTD
BROMLEY, KENT, ENGLAND
The House for fashions & furnishings

Tel. Ravensbourne 0528, 0529, 0530
URIDGE'S STORES
27 & 29 Widmore Rd.
25 Masons Hill, Bromley
QUALITY VALUE SERVICE

DECORATIONS, Window Cleaning
Builders and Contractors
E. A. VICKERS & SON Ltd.
16 London Lane, Bromley
Telephone Ravensbourne 1264

Telephone Ravensbourne 1622
R. WHEADON
Meat Purveyor
3 The Parade, Widmore Road, Bromley

RUSSELL & BROMLEY Ltd.
Exclusive Shoes for All Occasions
7 RAVENSFELL PARADE
HIGH STREET, BROMLEY
Phone Ravensbourne 3121 and 3122

BOYS' CLOTHING
of high-grade manufacture throughout and complete school outfits at
ALFRED PARSONS
18 and 20 HIGH ST., BROMLEY, KENT
Telephone Ravensbourne 0302

For Reliable Watches, Clocks and Jewellery
E. W. PAYNE (Bromley) Ltd.
GOLD AND SILVERSMITHS
132 and 133 High Street, Bromley
Phone 502, Ravensbourne
Agents for
WALTHAM, ROLEX AND BURREN WATCHES

CANTERBURY

Antique Furniture
SOFA TABLES, SIDEBOARDS, CHAIRS, PEDESTAL DINING TABLES.
F.A. Matthews
Fine old Staircase at 9, St. Margaret's St.
9 ST. MARGARET'S ST.

KENT

SEVENOAKS

Jewellery, Watches, Clocks, Plate, or any Repairs—You can get just what you require at
STEVENSON & CO.
3 LONDON RD. and 32B DORSET ST.
PHONE 944

REAL ESTATE AGENTS
for Properties in West Kent and Surrey Borders
F. D. IBBETT & CO.
125 HIGH STREET Phone 147
(Branch Office, Oxted, Surrey)

BLUE BIRD CAFE
78a HIGH STREET
Refreshments
Cream Ices and Bricks

WHYNTIE & Co.
Phone 89
DRAPERS, CLOTHIERS MILLINERS
114-118 HIGH ST., SEVENOAKS

TONBRIDGE

'PHONE 171 TONBRIDGE
ANNE
202 High Street, Tonbridge
MODEL HATS GOWNS, COATS

TUNBRIDGE WELLS

MOTOR ENGINEERS
AND COACHBUILDERS
R.A.C. Special All Repairs Certificate.
SERVICE GARAGE
Accommodation for 200 Cars. Lock Ups. Open Day and Night

Rock-Thorpe & Watson
GROSVENOR RD. TUNBRIDGE WELLS
Established 1822 Phone 1085

ALBERT BREEDS
Sheffield Cutlery and Scissor Expert
Scissors & Stainless Knives Re-sharpened
10 High St. Est. Over 100 Yrs. Ph. 768

ANTIQUES
Large stock at reasonable prices.
G. H. GRABHAM & SON
38 MT. EPHRAIM, TUNBRIDGE WELLS
Established 26 Years

FREDK. HAYDEN Ltd.
35, HIGH ST., TUNBRIDGE WELLS
ARE HIGH CLASS GENERAL FURNISHING IRONMONGERS and CENTRAL HEATING SPECIALISTS

A. F. SAWYER
33 VALE ROAD Phone 477
All kinds of fresh fruit for preserving and dessert

PAYNE & SON
OLD ESTABLISHED GOLDSMITHS and SILVERSMITHS
An Interesting Shop
37 HIGH STREET, Tunbridge Wells
131 HIGH STREET, Oxford

MAISON MADENBERG
Always First with the Newest Modes
Day & Evening Gowns, Suits, Coats, Millinery, etc.
43 HIGH STREET Phone 584

The Summer Sale at R. W. Weeke's, Ltd.
Will commence on Monday, 4th July. Costumes, Millinery—House Linens, Carpets, Furnishings.
Opposite Central Station Phone 388

WESTERHAM

JAMES OUTRAM
BOOT STORES
Lotus, Delta, K Footwear

LEICESTERSHIRE

LEICESTER

In Their 114th Year
H. RAIMENT & CO.
are continuing their policy of quality, service and development, which adds to their reputation year by year.
SHOP AT RAIMENT'S
GRANBY STREET & RUTLAND STREET
LEICESTER

GEE NEPHEW & CO
MARKET PLACE & GALLOWTREE GATE
LEICESTER
Everything Ready to Wear Household Drapery Furnishings

The OUTFITTERS
For Gentlemen of Taste
Knight's under Grand Hotel LEICESTER
Agent for Burberrys & Jaegers

ROBERTS & CO.
Grocers, Provision Merchants, Bakers and Confectioners.
Give highest possible value and will serve you well.
WATERLOO CORNER
62 and 64 WATERLOO STREET
Motor Deliveries PHONE 60354

C. E. GAUNT Phone 58949
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Hairdresser
6 BELVOIR STREET
Diploma awarded for Eugene Permanent Waving. Marcel and Water Waving, etc. Potter & Moore toilet requisites stocked.

MIDDLESEX

PINNER

GILLIANS
50A Bridge St., Pinner Ph. 1446
OUR AIM is SERVICE
Afternoon Teas, Light Luncheons, Home-made Cakes, Jams, Chocolates, Sweets, Birthday Cakes a Speciality.

NORFOLK

NORWICH

KATE LADDIMAN
Drapery—Hosiery
Viyella Knitting Yarn
37, PLUMSTEAD ROAD

NORFOLK

NORWICH (Continued)

Printing of every description
NOBBS & GOATE
Smallgate, Beccles, Suffolk (Tel. 56)
And LODDON, Norfolk (Tel. 21)

OXFORDSHIRE

OXFORD

Elliston & Cavell
OXFORD
Oxford's Modern Store

LILIAN ROSE
GOWNS AND MILLINERY
for All Occasions:
Coats, Costumes, Blouses
Knitwear and Hose
THE ARCADE, Cornmarket
Tel. Oxford 2328

SHROPSHIRE

OSWESTRY

DUTTONS
SIGARO STORES
For High Class Groceries and Provisions
TEL. 120

SOMERSET

WESTON-SUPER-MARE

Over's Noted Brown Peppermint Dumps
Chocolates Made Daily
NOVELTIES
36 HIGH ST. MAIL ORDERS FILLED

For All Hairdressing
THE HOUSE of GIBBS
PHONE 722 7, WEST STREET

JACOB'S CREAM CRACKERS the most famous biscuits in the world
BETTY'S
Grocery and Provisions
17 WHITECROSS ROAD
PHONE 1127

SURREY

COBHAM

The COBHAM HYGIENIC LAUNDRY Ltd.
COBHAM, SURREY Phone 63
THE COBHAM HYGIENIC LAUNDRY Ltd
A choice country laundry serving the West End.

CROYDON AND PURLEY

Practical Patriotism—Trade Locally
Specialists in the Sale and Service of
Armstrong Siddeley Cars
MARSHALL & SHARMAN
124 George St., Croydon Phone 2915—0255
CAR PARK

SELECT SUMMER SUITINGS
SAMPLES FREE ON REQUEST
W. H. Cotterill Ltd.
TEL. CROYDON 0380
113 NORTH END CROYDON

OUR REPUTATION:—
"The Best Meat in Croydon"
G. L. RAYMOND
42, Surrey Street, CROYDON, ENGLAND.

For better COAL VALUE order HOUSEHOLD CUBES from
T. S. & C. PARRY
Coal and Coke Merchant
6 STATION APPROACH, EAST CROYDON
Deliveries to all London Districts. Readers of this paper receive special attention.
"Our Ideal Boiler Fuel Is the Best and Cheapest Boiler Fuel on Offer."

The House of SAVAAGE
GEORGE ST., CROYDON
for
FURNITURE, CARPETS, CURTAINS and INTERIOR PAINTING and DECORATING

LEACH BROS.
HIGH CLASS FISH, POULTRY and GAME SALESMEN
104 George Street, Croydon
Phone: Croydon 0325

A. SMITH & SON
5 HIGH STREET, CROYDON
Diamond Merchants, Jewellers & Silversmiths
Every description of REPAIRS.
Telephone Croydon 0038

W. WILLIAMS & CO.
(Propr. W. W. Knights)
Tel. Purley 1277—1399
DRAPERS and MILLINERS
123 Brighton Road, Coulsdon, and Tram Terminus, Purley
Specialities: Jaeger Wear, Twilfit Corsets, Hosiery, Celanese, Fadeless Fabrics, Household Linens.

High Grade Tailoring for Ladies and Gentlemen
JORDAN BROS.
139a, NORTH END, CROYDON (1st floor)
Test the experience of three generations.

CROYDON AND PURLEY (Continued)

MADAME BLANCHE
COSTUMES & GOWNS MILLINERY
74 LONDON ROAD, WEST CROYDON
PHONE CROYDON 2334
(Oxford Street, W. 1)

SMITH & WILSON
15 George Street Tel. Croydon 0228
Men's Outfitters
Jaeger & Burberry Agents etc.

GUILDFORD

ASTOLAT TEA ROOMS
GUILDFORD, ENGLAND
Famed for Home-made Cakes. American recipes a speciality.
Delicious Luncheons and Afternoon Teas. Delightful Old-World Surroundings.
Telephone Guildford 382

KINGSTON and SURBITON

Bentalls
KINGSTON-ON-THAMES
Home Builders and Furnishers
NO DEPOSIT TERMS
Kingston 1001

NEW LAID EGGS
Direct from Farm to Home
C. H. LUNN
182B ELM ROAD
KINGSTON ON THAMES
FREQUENT DELIVERIES
Personal attention to your requirements
Telephones: Kimbridge 2194, Kimbridge 2158
Telephones: Cobham 177, Leatherhead 327
Established 1784
H. M. WILCOX & SON
Family Butcher
Ewell Road & Victoria Road, Surbiton and branches
Head Office: 86 Ewell Road, Surbiton

RICHMOND and DISTRICT

Wright Bros. Ltd.
RICHMOND.
Everything for Ladies' and Children's Wear
Also for Furnishing the Home

ANN SUFFOLK
Gowns and Sportswear
37 HILL RISE, RICHMOND
SURREY

BURGESS LAUNDRY
103 Walmer Rd., N. Kensington, W. 10
Phone Park 7211
DYERS & CLEANERS
M. B. REPTON, Manageress

HORNBY & CLARKE'S DAIRIES
Head Office, 12 The Quadrant, Richmond
High-Grade Milk and Dairy Produce
Local Farm, Petersham Meadows, Richmond.
Licensed Producers of Certified Milk.

SUTTON

A West End Store at Your Front Door.
DUGANS
Quality Clothes for Fathers and Sons School and College Outfitters
Agent for Braemar Wool Wear
HIGH ST. and COURT RD. Sutton 606

J. R. TRIBE
"PURE FOOD STORES"
Groceries and Provisions
131 HIGH STREET, SUTTON
Established over half century Tel. 388

Print Seller—Picture Framer
O. W. ANNETTS
139, HIGH STREET
Telephone Sutton 990 Est. 1867
Artist Materials

SUSSEX

BEXHILL-ON-SEA

Exclusive Gowns and Millinery
EVELYN DAVIS
Paris House, Bexhill-on-Sea

MERRITT & TRURAN
Bootmakers & Repairers
All Work Done on the Premises
35 SACKVILLE ROAD

LONGLEY BROS. Ltd.
Drapers
NOTED for HOUSEHOLD LINENS
Agent for Aquatite Raincoats
Devonshire Road

MR. HAROLD WEBBER
Modern and Period Furniture
Works of Art
"The Galleries" 3 Wilton Road Bexhill-on-Sea
16 Years' local experience Tel. 977

BRIGHTON AND HOVE

The Wattle Lounge
Breakfasts, Morning Chocolate, etc.
Afternoon Teas Light Suppers
Highest Grade Confectionery, Chocolates
Specialty 3/- Luncheon
FULLER AND KUNZLE CHOCOLATES
Large Assortment of Fancy Boxes and Chocolate Novelties
PRESTON STREET, BRIGHTON

SUPERIOR & DISTINCTIVE SHOE REPAIRS
CORSETS, CORSELETTES and BELTS of all kinds
ELASTIC and SPORTS WEAR
Also old-fashioned styles a speciality
Experienced & Reliable Service
Fitting Room
"ALL PRICES MODERATE"
Mrs. M. Rudledge
12 Western Rd., Brighton

"PLUMMER ROGERS"
SHOREHAM'S FASHION SHOE SHOP
26 & 28 BRUNSWICK ROAD
SHOREHAM-BY-SEA
(Exactly Opposite G. P. O.)
"Perfect Repairs"—Equal to New.

SUSSEX

BRIGHTON AND HOVE (Continued)

FROWD
for FRESH MILK
Hove Hastings
Seaford Tunbridge Wells

PALMEIRA STORES
Brighton & Hove Supply Association, Ltd.
Phone 2383 Telegrams Stores B'ton
LARGEST DEPARTMENTAL STORE ON SOUTH COAST
ALL DEPARTMENTS
Highest Quality—Lowest Prices
HOVE

HETHERINGTON'S
—LTD.—
Drapery & Outfitting
Millinery
China & Hardware
WESTERN ROAD, BRIGHTON

HASTINGS

GEO. H. HALL & SON
Shoe Makers & Fitters
HALL'S For Good Shoes
Agents for Arch-Moulded Lotus & Delta Norvic & Mascot "K" Jaeger, Etc.
28 ROBERTSON STREET

MAURICE BASSETT
31, CAMBRIDGE ROAD Phone 1272
For Casement Cloth, Cretonnes, Curtain Netts, Bedspreads, Down Quilts, Household Lines.

Potter & Moore's MITCHAM LAVENDER POWDER CREAM
H. Franklin Baird
Chemist, 2 Cambridge Gardens
(One minute from Post Office)

WORTHING

V. G. READ
36 & NEWLAND ROAD, WORTHING
Finest Quality Grocery and Provision Supplies
Personal Supervision—Daily Deliveries
ALSO HARDWARE

ESTABLISHED 1817 PHONE 324
HIGH-CLASS BAKERS
Knowles & Son Ltd
7 CHAPEL ROAD
Branches:
Broadwater, Worthing and West Worthing

BRAY & SON
BUTCHERS
Established 1834
90 Warwick Street Telephone 329

WISTOW'S LIBRARY
STATIONERY
Cards for All Occasions
Useful and Inexpensive Novelties
7 THE BROADWAY, WORTHING
(Opp. Steyne Gardens)

IVENS KELLETTS & CHILDS, Ltd.
Grocers and Provision Merchants
English Bacon and Sullington Cheddar a Speciality
RETAIL STORES:—
6-9 BROADWAY WORTHING
78 MONTAGUE STREET WORTHING
81 ROWLANDS ROAD WORTHING
THE SQUARE STORRINGTON

Lilian Ash
MILLINERY SPECIALIST
One, The Broadway, Worthing
Telephone 1316

WARWICKSHIRE

BIRMINGHAM

Agents for BEAR BRAND HOSE
ORTON'S
for
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Outfitting and Household Linens
113-115 Stratford Road, SPARKBROOK

EDGAR TURNER
PHOTOGRAPHER
COPIES, ENLARGES
MAKES LANTERN SLIDES
48 Francis Road, EDGBASTON
TELEPHONE CENTRAL 1737

The LINGERIE SHOP
(N. Williams)
17 LOWER PRIORY BIRMINGHAM
Trousseaux
Dainty and Exclusive Designs

S. CHILD
10 BULL STREET, BIRMINGHAM
Specialist in
WATCHES, CLOCKS & DIAMOND RINGS

HENRI LEDURRE
HAIR SPECIALIST
PERMANENT WAVING
68 HIGH STREET Tel. Midland 5213
Proprietor, SYDNEY A. CHILD

LEAMINGTON SPA

BEATRICE ANNE Ltd.
AN EXCLUSIVE *and* INEXPENSIVE HOUSE *for*
GOWNS, JUMPERS, HATS *for* LADIES
37 WARWICK ST., LEAMINGTON SPA

P. H. Woodward & Co.
The House for Drapery Goods of Every Description
PHONE 346 LEAMINGTON SPA

WALES

CARDIFF

Samuel Hall Ltd
Aristoc PURE SILK STOCKINGS
Full Fashioned
NEW CUBAN HEEL
Plain and Lace Clox
4/11 PER PAIR
HIGH ST. & ARCADES CARDIFF

DAILY FEATURES

PATHFINDERS

Simon Cameron
(1799—1889)

Prepared for The Christian Science Monitor

Born at Donegal, Penna. At the age of 9 he was adopted by a physician, who intended to bring him up in his own profession—but Simon had different ideas. He early developed a desire for political power, and, feeling that the newspaper influence was a step in that direction, he purchased the Harrisburg (Penna.) Republican.

He became a close friend of Andrew Jackson and John C. Calhoun, President and Vice-President, respectively. Jackson had agreed to serve but one term. Calhoun was serving his second term as Vice-President, and was considered the logical man to succeed to the Presidency. But friction arose between them and Jackson, being petitioned to run again and seeking one more in harmony with him for a vice-presidential candidate, appealed to Cameron.

Cameron suggested that a different method be used to select a candidate, and the records would indicate that it was due to him that in Baltimore the **first national political convention was held just 100 years ago.**

Cameron was four times elected to the United States Senate, and he preceded Edwin M. Stanton as Lincoln's Secretary of War.

A Word a Day

Notes and Queries

Prepared for The Christian Science Monitor

On, upon (M. C.)—No, not *awn* and *uh-pawn'*. The *o* is short as in odd, the words having the approximate sound of *ahn* and *uh-pahn'* (*u* as in circus).

Siloam (E. M. B., who says she is somewhat perplexed because the Word a Day, quoting Webster's, recommended a short *i* as in it, whereas her pronouncing Bible shows it with a long *i* as in ice)—Both pronunciations, no doubt, have earnest supporters. It is a fact, however, that those who rely upon so-called "pronouncing Bibles" for Biblical names must have another authority for common words. Having satisfied itself with the scholarliness of Webster's New International Dictionary, which contains the pronunciations of Biblical names as well as ordinary words, this department has simplified its task by accepting the one standard for both.

God (a number of readers who inquire if *Gawd* would not sound more reverent than the pronunciation with the short *o*, as preferred by Webster's)—It is the thought behind the pronunciation, not necessarily the vowel value, which can make either pronunciation sound reverent or profane. With the loving and merciful attributes of the All-wise held in thought and motivating the utterance—a tender modulation resulting—we feel sure *God* can meet the most exacting requirements of reverence.

Note: First choice in Webster's New International Dictionary is accepted as authority for pronunciation.—Ed.

Brevities

Boston Herald: There have been in the past many silly jibes about those Swiss bellringers, but you'll have to admit that there's one nice thing about them—they aren't waiting for an overdue installment or trying to sell a brush or something, as ours are.

Philadelphia Bulletin: "Who's Who in Government" lists 231 Smiths as officeholders, and some effort may be afoot to bring the total to 232.

Montreal Star: People say that they often find it difficult to tell the difference between weeds and young plants. The sure way, of course, is to pull them all out. If they come up again they're weeds.

In Lighter Vein

The Coupon Collector

Jones: "Well, how are you getting on in your new eight-room house?"

Smith: "Oh, not so badly. We furnished one of the bedrooms by collecting soap coupons."

Jones: "Did you furnish the other seven rooms?"

Smith: "We can't. They're full of soap."—*Montreal Star.*

Never Idle

"I am annoyed by idle gossip."

"There's no such thing as idle gossip," said Miss Cayenne. "Gossip is always most industrious."—*Washington Star.*

Method of Verification

"Who was it that said no two people think alike?"

"Whoever it was never received any wedding presents!"

Guaranteeing Supply

Baby (holding out her plate for her favorite pudding): "Too much, please, Mummy!"—*London Evening News.*

What's the Difference?

Teacher: "If you subtract 14 from 116, what's the difference?"

Johnny: "Yeah, I think it's a lot of foolishness, too."—*American Boy.*

The Christian Science Monitor's

Quotation for Today

WHEN a man opposes me, he awakes my attention, not my anger. . . . The cause of truth ought to be the common cause of both of us.

—MONTAIGNE

Friends in Need

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

Butte, Mont.

TRUE neighborliness was expressed in a small town in Montana, when a family was placed under quarantine. During this time their income was completely cut off, for the father's business shop had to remain closed.

Neighbors continually brought to their doorstep food and other supplies, but this did not sufficiently express the desire to help in this time of extremity.

Then someone conceived a better way to be of assistance. At the top of a sheet of paper were written words somewhat to this effect: "Since you are deprived of the opportunity of carrying on your business in order that protection may be maintained for the entire community, we, your neighbors and friends, wish you to accept this offering as an expression of appreciation for what you are doing in our behalf." Below were names of friends in the community who had contributed to a fund, and a sum of about $300 was presented to the family.

Although most of these people were themselves struggling financially, and were barely making ends meet, everyone was glad to share in this gift, and the gratitude of the little family knew no bounds.

The Children's Corner

Mr. Scroggins Discovers Ginger

Written for The Christian Science Monitor

MR. SCROGGINS stepped briskly over the asphalt of Holmes Walk, Boston Common, shadowed from the morning sun, cool and yet bright. His little cane swung, also briskly, clickety-click. In full career the old squirrel stopped walking. The cane stopped swinging. The Scroggins coat-tails flicked in surprise and the Scroggins eyebrows went up. A strange sight indeed, this. A yellow cloth doll dressed in a pink dress landed head foremost against the trunk of a maple tree. The dress flared out and the doll's legs were planted stiffly on her small feet.

"Dear me," said Scroggins, "an extraordinary position for anyone to choose on a morning like this." He hurried over to the doll as though something should be done about the matter without waste of time. But as he drew nearer he hurried less and hesitated. For it wasn't entirely clear to Scroggins what should be said to a doll who chooses such a position on an early morning in full sight of Holmes Walk. There really was no reason why he should stay perplexed, for the doll was the first to speak.

"Dear, Dear!" Said Scroggins, Removing His Hat and Starting to Bow.

"I know you. You're Mister Scroggins," said the doll in a sweet but small voice.

"Dear, dear!" said Scroggins, removing his hat and starting to bow.

"Don't bow yet," said the doll. "Wait until I've finished thinking."

Scroggins folded his arms and turned aside. "Where have I heard that voice before," he said to himself. "Ah, now I know." He turned to the thoughtful doll. "You're Ginger," he said, "little Weeda's favorite doll."

The doll twirled to her feet and faced Mr. Scroggins with a bashful smile. "How did you guess?"

"I knew your voice," said Scroggins.

"Did you really?" said the doll. She caught sight of someone across the Common and whirled around. "I see my mistress coming. And she told me to stay here and think until she came back," she said.

Weeda skipped up. She smiled and laughed and danced to see Mister Scroggins. He was so delighted to see his little friend again that he balanced his cane on his nose and twirled his high hat end over end, catching it skillfully each time it completed a twirl.

"I saw Ginger first," said Mr. Scroggins, pointing to the doll.

"Sh!" said Weeda, "she's thinking." Pressing her fingers to her lips, Weeda led Mr. Scroggins away on tiptoe for a chat where they wouldn't disturb the doll. By and by they came back. The doll looked placid and smiling. She and Weeda went home and Mr. Scroggins hurried off to find Fib and Florrie and tell them the story.

Rime-O-Grams

No. 2

Historic Places

Prepared by Anne Lowell for The Christian Science Monitor

Each correct answer counts twenty. What is your score?

1.
Within these round walls
By an emperor reared,
Were held brutal games,
While the populace cheered.

2.
A needle enormous
Left home—what a pity!
Sailed across the Atlantic
And parked in a city.

3.
For marvelous beauty
One tomb stands alone;
An exquisite gem,
A poem in stone.

4.
What rampart was built
A nation to guard,
Which kept savage hordes
In their northern backyard?

5.
Where monarchs held Court
In ancient French halls,
Now paintings of masters
Embellish the walls.

The names of all readers submitting perfect score will be published four weeks from today.

Send your lists to the Feature Editor. Be sure to give the number: "Rime-O-Grams No. 2."

Key to Puzzle

Answer to Hard to Easy Puzzle: Hard, hart, hast, east, easy.

Let's Collect Our State Flags

By FRANCES CARPENTER

Oklahoma

Directions: Cut out and paste on a piece of stiff paper or in a scrapbook. Color with water color paints or with crayons. The flag has a red field, upon which is a white star edged with blue. The figures "46" in the center of the star are also blue. The border, eagle, staff and cord are gold."

Prepared for The Christian Science Monitor

The name Oklahoma comes from an Indian word which means "Red people," thus the name of the State means the "Land of the Red Men." A popular nickname of Oklahoma is the "Boomer State," because in its earlier times towns grew up in a few days.

The motto of Oklahoma is "Labor Omnia Vincit," which is translated, "Labor Conquers All Things." The mistletoe with its evergreen leaves, its tiny yellow blossoms, and its pearl-like white berries is the state flower.

Beginning at the upper left corner and reading each row from left to right, the forty-sixth star in the American flag stands for Oklahoma.

(This series is appearing each Wednesday

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

BOSTON, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 15, 1932 — *"First the blade, then the ear, then the full grain in the ear"* — PUBLISHED BY THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE PUBLISHING SOCIETY

Editorial Board of The Christian Science Monitor

The Editorial Board as constituted by The Christian Science Board of Directors for The Christian Science Monitor is composed of Mr. Willis J. Abbot, Contributing Editor; Mr. Roland R. Harrison, Manager of The Christian Science Publishing Society, and Mr. Frank L. Perrin, Executive Editor. It is the duty of the Editorial Board to consider and determine all questions within the Editorial Department of The Christian Science Monitor, and also to carry out the stated policy of The Christian Science Board of Directors relative to the entire news and editorial content of the paper. Each member of said Editorial Board shall have equal responsibility.

All communications regarding the conduct of this newspaper, articles and illustrations for publication should be addressed to the Editorial Board of The Christian Science Monitor.

EDITORIALS

The Franco-German Kaleidoscope

IT IS unfortunate that, as France turns to the Left, Germany should turn to the Right. Although it has become the fashion to deprecate the efforts at rapprochement made by M. Briand and Herr Stresemann, and to lay stress on the national motives that they doubtless preserved even while striving for international understandings, it is certain that the moderating influence of these two men brought permanent peace nearer in Europe.

The influence of M. Briand was especially exerted over his own countrymen. Those who depict him as in opposition to his own chiefs, notably M. Poincaré and M. Tardieu, state the case badly. He contrived to work with them, and they were persuaded that his policy should be followed. Whether reluctantly or not, they moved along the lines he traced.

The recent elections in France proved that the influence of M. Briand continues. The French masses showed themselves ready for a still more progressive policy, and they believed this policy could be best carried out by the parties of the Left. Thus there came to the Radicals and the Socialists an opportunity of reducing French armaments, of settling once and for all the vexed question of reparations, and of coöperating with Germany in constructive and reconstructive work.

In Germany, however, great as Herr Stresemann's influence had been, the conditions were such as to breed discontent, and to help those who counseled a more aggressive expression of German demands. The Hitlerite victories did not seriously alarm France. Its mood was relatively reasonable, and although the presidential and state elections in Germany preceded the French elections, the French people voted unperturbedly for those parties which were considered most conciliatory in foreign policy.

Nevertheless, it was seen immediately after the French elections that the accelerated movement toward the Right in Germany would make the policy of the French Government much more difficult. The menace, whether real or imaginary, to Danzig and the Polish Corridor, the dismissal of General Groener, and, a little later, of Dr. Bruening, the undisguised growth of nationalism, and the emphatic affirmation of Germany's aims, perplexed the French Ministers. They pride themselves on being pacifist, but they likewise pride themselves on being patriotic. If they could have pointed to a solid republican and pacific movement in Germany, their task would have been easy. They could have availed themselves of the French tendency which had triumphed at the polls. They would almost certainly have taken a great forward step.

But this hope was dimmed when the events in Germany were employed to impress upon them the desirability of vigilance. The old propaganda against Germany was renewed and redoubled. Germany, it was asserted, was less than ever to be trusted. It was not the moment to make concessions, it was not the moment to disarm. If France gave way, it would be interpreted as a sign of weakness, and so far from satisfying Germany would be the starting point for new claims. Sooner or later there would have to be a French refusal, and it would be better to begin by taking up a firm attitude. These were the arguments which were urged upon M. Herriot, and it appeared that he might ironically be forced to show himself less accommodating than M. Tardieu had been.

It is to be trusted that he will not allow himself thus to be put in a false position, and that he will not play into the hands of the extremists in Germany. His recent statements indicate that he will not. There is an immense need for forbearance. If intransigence is to be answered by intransigence, there will be little hope of an amelioration of Franco-German relations. More than ever is it necessary for France to practice the policy of conciliation which the past of M. Herriot would lead us to expect and for which the French people voted at the polls.

The Drink Problem Faces Britain

AMID all the earnest attention which the English press today is devoting to the problem of increasing crime, there seems to be an almost studied avoidance of one of the principal factors. That factor is the direct and indisputable relation between drink and the commission of crime.

It is easy to throw criticisms at Scotland Yard. It is valuable to recognize that the rise in crime in Great Britain has paralleled in many ways the rise in unemployment. But to pass over the manifest evils of the drink trade, whether from a fear of offending a vested interest or because of the difficulty of coping with the problem, is to neglect the larger welfare of the nation.

Drink is a double cause of crime. It not only creates criminals, but it spreads the very poverty which encourages crime and which the police and press already admit is responsible for much of its recent increase.

An impartial investigation lately, completed by a distinguished committee of British citizens, whose report received but scant attention in the English newspapers disclosed that drink is responsible for fully 40 per cent of all common criminal cases, that it is a factor in 25 per cent of violent crime, and nearly 50 per cent of all cases of assault and willful damage.

Can such a cause of crime be ignored?

This same investigation disclosed that in large sections of Great Britain in which the earnings of families are insufficient to obtain the barest necessities, drink is responsible for 25 per cent of this poverty. It also disclosed that in 85 per cent of the cases wherein the earnings of families would otherwise be sufficient at least for physical efficiency, drink drags this poverty below the subsistence level.

Poverty parallels crime. Can such a cause of crime be ignored?

"The time has come," declares Time and Tide, an English weekly whose views rightly carry weight, "for the Government to institute an inquiry, by royal commission or otherwise, into the whole question of crime in relation to present conditions. It is important that the public should know more about the influences that are at work."

Such an inquiry would be most definitely useful if its terms of reference are sufficiently broad. While it is true that the liquor evil is but one of numerous influences behind the present rise of crime, there can be no full understanding of the problem and no adequate measures to cope with the problem until drink is clearly recognized as a social evil demanding effective control.

The Señora Wins Her Rights

AT THE age of seventy-nine, after sixty-three years of public service—she began teaching when she was thirteen—Doña Ana Roque de Duprey receives, though belatedly, a recognition heretofore granted only to men.

Doña Ana of Puerto Rico, suffragist, author, natural scientist and educator, is the first woman on the island to receive an honorary degree from the University of Puerto Rico. Her fruitful career has been a long struggle to emancipate her fellow-women from a culture stage where women were looked upon merely as beautiful butterflies. Things have changed in Latin America. Doña Ana is now a Doctor of Letters and has taken her rightful place among men whose accomplishments only rarely exceed her own.

Under the Spanish régime she knew that leadership in social, intellectual and political affairs was a masculine monopoly. She realized full well that in the field of politics any effort to prove woman's ability would prove futile, so Doña Ana resorted to strategy. She became a natural scientist. Her work in astronomy attracted the attention of Flammarion and others, but the prejudice against woman was so great that the funds necessary for carrying on her researches were denied her. Thereupon Doña Ana turned to botany to seek therein the wherewithal to prosecute her astronomical investigations.

When the island changed hands Dr. Roque de Duprey turned her efforts to politics and became the island's first suffragist. She has lived to vote. In order to carry on her propaganda for political rights for women she established newspapers and magazines, and also became a publisher. Typical of her energy is the fact that soon after she began teaching she wrote a geography in Spanish, various Spanish grammars and other books to fill a deficiency in the textbook field.

It is not only the butterflies who are achieving recognition. From Brazil comes word that women workers are to receive the same pay when they perform the same work as men. Not only that, but the Minister of Labor has issued further decrees to ameliorate the lot of the working woman in Brazil. This indicates that Brazil is joining the other Latin-American republics which have vastly improved the lot of their womankind in the last twenty years.

Politically there is still room for progress, but the number of localities in Latin America where women can vote in municipal and state elections is impressive. Feminist organizations with capable leaders have already caused the national congresses of some countries to consider the granting of full economic, political and legal privileges to women.

An army is following where Doña Ana and others like her have led.

Page the French Academy

THE news that, in a single day, recently, more than eight thousand voyagers sailed out of New York Harbor for ports in Europe, doubtless spread broad grins on the faces of the Swiss—hotel keepers to the world; swelled the song of Venetian gondoliers and caused considerable flutter in the bosoms of proprietors of souvenir shops along the Rue de Rivoli.

But apart from these favored ones, surely the harrowed feelings of the many hapless citizens of those countries should be given some consideration. At any rate, those into whose pockets no dollars directly fall. Picture the plight of harmless stay-at-homes who, all defenseless, must steel themselves to meet the berserk shock of this annual foreign invasion. Each summer they have to spend their vacations standing up, more or less successfully, under fifty-seven sorts of linguistic bombardment, and smile, smile, smile amid the devastating barrage of weird and comic mispronunciations of their native idioms.

Consider the case of France. Probably more people outside its borders speak French than do in France itself. That is to say, what they innocently believe to be French. No one seems ever to have compiled statistics of the number of ways in which a French word—any French word—may be effectively disguised and camouflaged by the unsuspecting foreigner.

The boarding school brand of French is very ancient. Before ever the House of Cook started driving up and down the grands boulevards with their eager, happy loads bound for Versailles and Saint-Cloud, the courteous inhabitants of Gaul were forced patiently to strive to comprehend the Anglo-Saxon at his worst. Did not the gentle Chaucer take a sly dig at the pious Prioresse in his Canterbury Tales:

> And Frensh she spak ful faire and fetisly,
> After the scole of Stratford atte Bowe,
> For Frensh of Paris was to hir unknowe.

When it comes to the meaning of words, one rather feels the English-speaking person has some cause to cavil. Why do the French have so many words that *look* like English? One's sympathy readily goes out to the British fourth form boy who, hopelessly muddled in an examination paper, came at last to the expression *hors de combat*. That was easy. Joyfully, and instanter, he stuck down "war horse" in obvious though somewhat free translation.

Perhaps the Académie Française could do something about such grave defects in an otherwise charming language and so halt, or at least diminish, the barrage of alien verbal volleys now directed at a long-suffering and uncomplaining *bourgeoisie*.

Mr. Hughes on the Constitution

THE next generation of the United States may count itself fortunate that in this period of the country's history the Supreme Court was headed by Mr. Charles E. Hughes. For if a planned society is to be developed, as most economic thinkers feel it must, then the nation will have need of that liberalism in interpreting the great generalities of the Constitution to which the Chief Justice adhered in his speech at Asheville, N. C., before the federal judges.

To dub a Justice of the Supreme Court liberal or conservative is one of those facile classifications which may mean nothing. Mr. Hughes disowned the labels. The dividing line, if there is one, is between those who interpret the Constitution literally and those who interpret it liberally. Mr. Hughes belongs to the second school of thought, and in this sense has come to be described as a liberal. For he says:

> We should be faithless to our supreme obligation if we interpreted the great generalities of the Constitution so as to forbid flexibility in making adaptations to meet new conditions and to prevent the correction of new abuses incident to the complexity of our life or as crystallizing our own notions of policy, our personal views of economics and our theories of moral or social improvement.

John Marshall was the first "liberal" on the Supreme Court. When he became Chief Justice, in 1801, the authority of the Constitution, incredible as it may sound today, seemed doomed to be swallowed up in the political squabbles of the youthful Republic. For thirty years Marshall breathed into the document a new vigor and vitality which made it the fountainhead of American development. He did so by invoking what he called its "implied power," by reading not only its noble lines, but what was between them. If the end of a contemplated course of action be legitimate, and within the scope of the Constitution, he said, any appropriate means toward its attainment is constitutional.

So the Constitution has grown from strength to strength, the fulcrum of human liberties, instead of the straitjacket that it was threatening to become prior to Marshall's time. Mr. Hughes seems bent on devoting his vote and his influence to that same high service for the "organizing man" who, according to Mr. George Soule, in his book, "A Planned Society," will soon take the place of that famous creature of the economists, the "economic man."

No Insurance Against Opportunity

Somewhere back of a counter in Iowa or Idaho is a "little man" now who before he is fifty will have a chain of 500 stores.—*Nation's Business.*

OF COURSE, it may not be Iowa, or even the state that grows potatoes worthy of individual wrappers; it may be New York, or Texas, or Rhode Island which will produce that "little man." The important fact is that this person can—that he will—emerge from his present pocket of obscure activity into a field of far wider opportunities for service.

There are many such "little men" among us today. The history of business and of statesmanship supports the conviction that not all the great industrialists of tomorrow will be made from the sons of today's corporation presidents; not all the national leaders will rise from the well-schooled classes. Back of a counter in Iowa, back of a plow in New Hampshire, back of a bank teller's cage in Arkansas, stands a builder of the future.

All too often goes up the plaint: "The big fellows have gobbled up all the opportunity. There's no room for the little fellow. There's no chance for men like me." Yet every decade brings to light a new crop of "big fellows"—men whose background may hardly be distinguished from that of the now famous "forgotten man," but who somehow managed to find opportunity where others whimpered.

"Getting ahead" is going to mean something different in the next decade from what it has in the last. Opportunity will be less and less synonymous with a chance to grab more money than someone else can grab. But it is going to knock oftener and louder. What number of those "little men" serving the present in small ways will be found serving the future in big ways depends largely on how many refuse to regard opportunity as obsolete or as beckoning only to the other fellow.

Abraham Lincoln was once "back of a counter" in a frontier settlement. He served in numerous other humble ways. But his position did not deter him from acting upon the thought, "I will prepare myself and maybe my chance will come." No more need the clerk, the bookkeeper, the manual laborer of today be deterred from preparing himself for his opportunity. Why should he say that, of all the "little men" who will have to increase their stature of service in the next few years, he is not one?

Editorial Notes

There are, no doubt, many people who think their children could do better than that device in the Bureau of Standards which tests rugs by giving them several years of wear in a few minutes.

The city of Cleveland has reduced the fines for minor traffic violations from $2 to 50 cents. But not, it is to be hoped, for the purpose of stimulating business or securing a larger turnover.

A St. Louis (Mo.) Jury Commission's decision to give intelligence tests to prospective jurors doubtless will be upheld by the high court of public opinion—if the tests are intelligent.

And the style notes of 1929 show what many a well-dressed man will wear this summer

Watching the World Go By

By WILLIS J. ABBOT

Counting Repeal Signs—Who Said Tyranny?

WHEN one drives from Boston to Chicago one passes through portions of several of the chief industrial states of the Union. Taking a boat, as I did, from Buffalo to Detroit, one misses Ohio. But Massachusetts, New York, Indiana, Michigan and Illinois were all on my route. Here in the milling mobs about convention headquarters I find delegates and unofficial visitors from these states. Most of them—especially the unofficial ones—are noisily denouncing prohibition and demanding repeal of the Eighteenth Amendment. Their states are all largely industrial, dominated by big cities and furnishing precisely the environment in which repeal is supposed to flourish. Yet my trip through them furnished a curious, and I think, significant, piece of evidence as to the extent to which that sentiment is, in fact, prevalent.

Just as we were rolling out of Boston, I noticed one of those "Repeal the Eighteenth Amendment" signs with which certain of our people seem to like to decorate their automobiles. "Let's count those signs all the way to the Chicago city limits," I suggested to my companion, who agreed heartily. Perhaps our observation of the scenery suffered in consequence of the earnestness with which we scanned the bumpers of the passing cars in pursuit of this resolution. Very few escaped our vigilant eyes and I should suppose that in a drive which consumed the better part of four days we must have passed 10,000 cars. The outcome was astonishing.

Seated in a Chicago hotel the night of our arrival I asked a friend—an earnest and unshakable prohibitionist—how many repeal signs he thought we had seen. With a sigh of resignation he offered 2000 as his guess. When I told him that the number totaled exactly thirty-three he could hardly credit it. Others whom I asked to guess put their estimates at from 600 up to thousands. A striking and significant fact is that of the thirty-three signs counted the majority were seen on the streets of Buffalo and Detroit, big cities the wetness of which no one questions.

* * *

Now anyone in Chicago nowadays, reading the headlines in the papers, noting the posters and dodgers in the streets, and observing the wet parade pulled off for the edification (and perhaps the terrifying) of the delegates, could dream that anything short of an overwhelming majority of the convention was demanding repeal. But I wonder how true that is. We have noticed how far the votes in Congress fall short of registering any dominant repeal sentiment in the country. My count of repeal auto signs is not without meaning. The leaders of the wet campaign are shrewd, well-financed and evidently thoroughly educated in the tremendous power of mental suggestion. Some of the things they have done are surpassingly clever.

Take, for example, the trip of "Diogenes," the bus duly labeled and carrying a crew supposed to be seeking for one man saved from degradation and despair by prohibition. Of course they will report failure—indeed they have been reporting it in every town through which they passed big enough to support a newspaper with an "art department." A joy ride through the country with their pictures printed in every considerable city has been the reward of these particular Crusaders. Had they sought evidence of the beneficent effect of prohibition with half the zest they used seeking publicity they would have had a real story to tell.

But why quarrel with political strategy? This particular device was a shrewd one and forms part of a general strategy of attack by the wets which has put some of their opponents in a panic and misled the public into enormously overestimating the real voting strength of the anti-prohibition forces. Nobody can estimate that strength. It has become so involved with claims and propaganda that probably most estimates are overestimates. Personally, I believe that the nation is still dry, that a dry enforcement plank in the Republican platform would insure success, that a repeal plank will assure defeat, and that if, as a result of a straddle plank a new vote on prohibition shall be taken, the nation will uphold the Eighteenth Amendment.

* * *

One phase of the antis' argument is peculiarly irritating. They insist that a greater measure of political freedom is assured those who now support the wet cause. They talk of the tyranny and arrogance of the drys in the past—hitting, of course, at the methods of the Anti-Saloon League. How many of them remember the crack of the whip of the saloon power when it controlled politics? Never was there a more coherent political tyranny. And are those who talk of this variety of new freedom cognizant of the methods by which the wets are terrifying Congress? "Join us or we'll put a wet candidate in the field against you," is their clinching argument to representatives. And as for the argument of the purse, everyone in politics knows how the national committees are being threatened with subscriptions withheld unless the party declares for repeal.

Tyranny? Whether of the hapless individual slave to the liquor habit, or of the political party which surrenders to it, there was never tyranny equal to that of the liquor power in America.

Books of Current Interest

"Civilizers" in Central America

Banana Gold, by Carleton Beals. Philadelphia: Lippincott. $3.

MR. CARLETON BEALS, the author of "Mexican Maze," and many articles on Mexican and Central American affairs, and long a resident of the countries he writes about, has been able, in "Banana Gold," to weave together in a rather ingenious fashion, with glittering and colorful phrase, several stories unrelated in time, but all pertaining to one locale—Central America. With deft, artistic touches he paints a realistic picture of Central America. The moods and fancies of its peoples are brought into a tropically glaring sun and the behavior of intruding human and economic forces is set forth, objectively at times and at other times with sympathy for the peoples whose life and history he depicts in modernistic strokes. Mr. Beals makes no attempt to complete his canvas at any point. He is content to indicate how the outline may be filled out. All the hints and facts pyramid, to leave the reader with a "feeling" for Central America and its many-hued peoples. And that is effective writing. Though the author has made no attempt to write history of a conventional nature, he has written a true history of some of the Central American republics. He has made the past live and the present alive.

The author begins with and describes throughout the volume his travels to and in Central America. These descriptions serve to set the stage. The ugly, the beautiful, the sordid and dirty, the kindly and inspired are there. Arrived at a given republic, he may, in a flashback, describe briefly the high lights of the political history of its people since the days when they broke away from Spain. If there was a civilization of note in pre-Spanish days Mr. Beals introduces a scene from its history. Later he may skip over a century or two into the very heart of the colonial period to present a single episode centering about a colonial governor or bishop or some other personage or event. Such backward glances revive the atmosphere of colonial times and give the background of the present. Incidentally, these stories are often based on documents generally unknown. In themselves they are illuminating, but they indicate that Mr. Beals, who is primarily a journalist, is also something of a scholar.

The climax of "Banana Gold," which treats of Kaiser Koffee as well, is the author's epic journey to interview Sandino. General Sandino, the bandit, according to marine officers, is called a "bandit" only in the technical sense of the word. At least, Mr. Beals was so informed by a high marine officer, who explained that the term referred to Sandino only as a member of a "band." The story of the trip itself is thrilling. The interview with Sandino is illuminating, though much of this is already known.

But the culminating achievement of the author is his exposé of the motives, technique and preparation of "the great civilizers"—the khaki-clad missionaries of voting and order—who after a long reign can boast of little done, for, according to Mr. Beals, "Nicaragua, under our paternal tutelage for so many years, had become the most backward and miserable of all Central American Republics." If Mr. Beals had painted the Central Americans themselves as above criticism, his testimony in regard to the marines might have to be discounted. In his realism and objectivity, however, he spares neither side, and his opinion comes to deserve in general a consideration that cannot be vouchsafed many writers on the same subject. He lacerates impartially Central American politicians and American interventionists, and presents data to support his assertions.

PAUL VANORDEN SHAW.

Letters to The Christian Science Monitor

Brief communications are welcomed, but the Editorial Board of The Christian Science Monitor must remain sole judge of their suitability, and this Board does not hold itself or this newspaper responsible for the facts or opinions presented. Anonymous letters are destroyed unread

From a Chicago Pedestrian

TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR:

Pedestrians, in crossing the streets of Chicago where there are no traffic police or stop signals, have a very difficult time. Often I have walked to the middle of the street when I had finally seen my way clear to do so, and a car one block or one-half block away would come tearing wildly along, furiously honking the horn.

It would seem easier for the drivers to slow up than for the pedestrians—sometimes carrying babies or heavy packages—to be compelled to run to avoid being hit.

No one should be allowed to monopolize the highways. It seems to me the opportunity for practicing the Golden Rule could be exercised most advantageously on the public highways. MRS. SYLVIA P. WOLFE.

Chicago, Ill.

Who Is Responsible?

TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR:

Much is heard in these days about the asserted terrible results of prohibition, usually referred to as the activities of bootleggers, racketeers, and general lawlessness and crime. But can these wrong conditions be honestly regarded as a result of prohibition? Are they not rather the result of violating the prohibition law, the same as violating the law against murder or theft results in crime; and yet there is no demand for the repeal of the law against murder or theft as a remedy for that kind of criminality.

But who is really responsible for the bootleggers, racketeers and crime that seem to exist in connection with the liquor traffic? Is it not very largely the so-called "good citizens" who insist on having their liquor and patronize the bootleggers, thus setting an example that others follow and which encourages and perpetuates this criminal activity. How long would the bootleggers last if the so-called "good citizens" were law-abiding and refused to buy their liquor?

The real remedy for this situation is compliance with the rule laid down by Mary Baker Eddy in her Miscellaneous Writings, page 289: "Strong drink is unquestionably an evil, and evil cannot be used temperately: its slightest use is abuse; hence the only temperance is total abstinence." FRANK W. GALE.

San Francisco, Calif.

Aiding Art Appreciation

TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR:

I want you to know of a probably unsuspected valuable use that is being made of your splendid articles on painters which are appearing on the Home Forum page of the Monitor.

In our efforts at the State Reformatory for Women, in addition to teaching our inmates the value of honest work, we try to stimulate their interest in worth-while activities to occupy their recreation hours. One of the subjects which seems to make a very surprisingly universal appeal is instruction in "Appreciation of Paintings." The women have very little material available which they may keep for themselves, and as they are painstakingly making notebooks which include outlines of the lives of artists, descriptions of paintings, etc., they search eagerly for any pictures in current magazines. The Home Forum page of the Monitor, with its concise articles on painters, has been a "gold mine" to a large group of readers here. These clipped articles on "old masters" they are allowed to take with them in their notebooks when their sentence here is finished.

So these stories are contributing in a very definite, real way in helping lead a group of women away from shoddiness into a realization of some of the beauty of living. I do want to voice my sincere appreciation for this material, which really is tremendously appreciated as carefully read by a good-sized group.

Framingham, Mass HELEN M. COOK.